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YEARLY SUBSCRIPTION \$4.50



GREATER VALUE INTO FINER FOUNTAIN PENS!

Sheaffer's "TRIUMPH"—the first and only DUAL-PURPOSE pen point—invented by Sheaffer for the greater writing service and satisfaction of Americal This triumphant gem of precision pen-maker's art achieves the highest peak of pen point utility through the use of more gold!

First, the all-gold cylindrical shape utilizes a proved engineering principle for maximum strength. Second, this stronger construction is thinner than a plastic hood—thus providing more room to self-enclose a fluid feeding mechanism with tremendously increased capacity . . . the greatest safety factor found in any pen! Exclusive, too, is the Feather-touch glazed fluid trail. And—though the design is better, stronger, more beautiful, this point has the tension, spring and temper your personal writing habits demand. No need to change your writing touch to suit the pen—a Sheaffer is fitted to your hand!

The part of the "TRIUMPH" point that rides the paper is

rare Osmalloy—a substance so hard that it resists wear longer than any other material. Skilled Sheaffer craftsmen hand-grind it to its superlative smoothness!

operations on the point and fluid feeding mechanism making the "TRIUMPH" point the acme of precision! It's the visible per point with magnificent features you can see—and of infinite precision which, though unseen, makes for Sheaffer's superior performance! And—the greater value of Sheaffer is something you can experience by making the conclusive test of comparison! Compare—and you'll find that in a Sheaffer you get THE MOST FOR YOUR MONEY! W. A. Sheaffer Pen Company, Ft. Madison, lowa; Toronto, Ont., Can.

"TRUMPH" Lifetime" per, with clip, \$12,50; pencil, \$5 -- "TRIUMPH" TUCKAWAY, without clip, for men or women, carries safely in all positions—pen, \$12.50; pencil, \$4.

"All Lifetime pens, identified by the White Dat, are unconditionally guaranteed for the first mer except against loss and wilful damage—when serviced, if complete pen is returned, subject only to insurance, pastage, handling charge—35c if you send it to the factory yourself; slightly more if you request the dealer to do it for you.

SHEAFFERS

(C)

Lides to SHEAFFIR'S PARADE with UPTON CLOSE—AIC Complete Network—Sundays, 3 to 3:30 P.M. E.W.T.; 2 to 2:30 P.M. C.W.T.; 1 to 1:30 P.M. M.W.T.; 12 to 12:30 P.M. P.W.T.

A child models in Clay,
Pliant as her Young and Eager mind.
So will her Character be Shaped
To face the Challenge of Tomorrow!



We see her then—a Woman whose Warmth of Heart shows in her Smile— a Smile that owes much to Ipana and Massage!

How fortunate she is, this little American girl! How rich is her dowry of freedom and health and education. For her and millions of our youngsters every effort is made so they can inherit a better, more hopeful world tomorrow.

Devoted parents and teachers are helping to shape that world—are preparing our children to face their future serene and confident and smiling!

Yes, smiling. For even the smiles of America's children have the best of care. Today, in thousands of classrooms our youth is being taught a lesson in dental health that many grown-ups have yet to learn—the importance of firm, healthy gums to bright teeth and sparkling smiles.

These youngsters know that today's soft foods

rob our gums of needed work and exercise. They know that sensitive gums often signal their distress with a tinge of "pink" on the tooth brush.

Don't Ignore "Pink Tooth Brush!"

If you notice a tinge of "pink" on your tooth brush —see your dentist. He may simply tell you that your gums have become tender and sensitive because of today's soft foods. And like many modern dentists, he may quite validly suggest "the helpful stimulation of Ipana and massage."

For Ipana Tooth Paste is designed not only to clean the teeth but, with massage, to aid the health of the gums. Every time you brush your teeth, massage a little extra Ipana onto your gums. Notice the tingle as circulation quickens in the tissues helping your gums to healthier firmness—helping you to brighter teeth, and a more appealing, more sparkling smile!



JZ8L-LJN-OLSQ

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Far and away the best of the new synthetic tooth brush bristles, being marketed under various trade names. are those made by duPont.

"Prolon" is our trade name for the very finest grade of this duPont synthetic bristle.

PROLON—no finer bristle made

So, when you read or hear competitive tooth brush claims, ask yourself this: How can the same duPont bristle, in another brush under another name, last longer or clean better than under the name "Prolon" in a Pro-phy-lac-tic Tooth Brush? You know the answer ... it can't!

Only PROLON has "round ends"

Pro-phy-lac-tic's big plus is that Prolon is the only synthetic bristle that is rounded at the ends.

It's a fact! Under a special patented process, exclusive with Pro-phy-lac-tic, we smooth and round the end of each and every Prolon bristle in the Bonded Pro-phy-lac-tic Tooth Brush. See for yourself how much gentler these round ends are on tender gums!

And with PROLON these other "extras"

In addition to Round-End Prolon, the Bonded Pro-phy-lac-tic Tooth Brush gives you these three important "extras": 1. The famous Pro-phy-lac-tic end tuft, for ease in reaching hard-toget-at back teeth. 2. Scientific grouping of bristles to permit thorough cleansing of brush after using. 3. A written guarantee for six full months of use.

Next time, get the most for your money . . . get the Bonded Pro-phy-lac-tic Tooth Brush.

PRO-PHY-LAC-TIC BRUSH CO., Florence, Mass.



type compact brush head, only one inch long.

Same price ... same package, marked with yellow band.

BONDED Pro-phylactic IIII

LETTERS TO THE EDITORS

"JOE IS HOME NOW"

Thank you for your remarkably understanding and sympathetic article "Joe Is Home Now" (LIFE, July 3). It seems that this fellow Joe Souczak and I have a lot in common. I, too, am an honorably discharged soldier, veteran of many Pacific campaigns. I lost an arm, too. And I have experienced many of Joe's difficulties on the path to civilian reconversion.

The American public has much to learn about how to treat returning soldiers. They try to do too much for us. They ask too many questions-"Where did you lose your arm?" "How many Japs did you kill?" "What battles were you in?" I know they mean well but it is very oppressive. They should realize that we maimed veterans do not want pity, just an equal chance to get started again. EX-SGT. GEORGE MIDDLETON

Sirs:

New York, N. Y.

More power to LIFE and to John Hersey for helping "Joe" get half the break he deserves when he gets home. Meanwhile, we can never thank Joe adequately for his help in selling war bonds. Of course, it is sometimes hard for Joe to realize why there is any need to drag him out on such a mission. It may be a bit distilusioning for him to come back from some jungle or desert hell to find that men and women safe in their jobs at home have to be urged by boys like him to buy extra bonds. It leaves him wondering about a lot of things. And that sort of wondering isn't doing Joe too much good.

EDWARD M. POWELL Director for Western Massachusetts War Finance Committee Springfield, Mass.

Sire:

Of Joe might not be so scared if he understood about the people at home, About the GI's wife alone with his kids, the day-after-day monotony of household routine when no man comes home at night, the vacancy in the lives of little ones taught to say "dada" to a picture, the terrifying loneliness of sitting at night by a sick baby's crib, the silent battle with longing, fear, dread and hope in the pit of the stomach as she listens to news reports. About the feelings of father and mother, of Joe's 4-F brother, alone with a slur on his manhood and the contempt of his neighbors. And how they all are waiting for just one day—the day when their man comes home.

If Joe knew how much he means to the folks he wouldn't go into a decline over the loss of his arm or leg. He would realize that the mere fact of his presence will mean the end of waiting and the beginning of living again.

ELEANOR STEVENS

Noroton, Conn.

Who has considered Mrs. "Joe"? She has faced many problems as difficult as Joe's, though not so interesting. She has done his job at home as well as her own. Her adjustment has been more difficult because there have been no new experiences to help her. She has fought criticism and indifference. She has faced a loneliness that amounts almost to physical illness, with nothing but time to alleviate her pain, Now she knows that she must face change and why. When Joe comes home she must be a paragon of all the virtues and a paychologist as well.

BEVALIE PRITCHARD

Windsor, Vt.

Sira:

Here is a story about a "Joe" who did not come home and a dog who did. When Sgt. R. K. Bell of Denver, Ind. was stationed overseas he acquired a cocker spaniel, named him Flack and

wrote home about him at length. Sgt. Bell was killed in an air raid over Germany, But Flack was only temporarily orphaned. Through the intercession of



FLACK AND MARIETTA

General "Hap" Arnold, the dog was brought to the U. S. by plane and is now the devoted pet of Sgt. Bell's sister Marietta.

ELLIOTT W. NOLLMAN

Peru, Ind.

COLOR

I am delighted beyond words with your "Color" story (LIFE, July 3), It is a noteworthy contribution toward the diffusion of scientific information and is packed with surprises and thrills. Probably this number of LIFE will be treasured in the laboratories and studies of the world for years to come.

> WALTER R. MILES Professor of Psychology

Yale University School of Medicine New Haven, Conn.

Birn:

. . . A most remarkable presentation, JOZEF COHEN

Research Fellow Department of Psychology Cornell University Ithaca, N. Y.

Birs:

. . . A masterpiece and an outstanding educational contribution.

JULIUS F. NEUMUELLER, O. D. Professor of Optometry

Pennsylvania State College of Optometry Philadelphia, Pa.

... A perfect piece of printing legerdemain.

BENITA ELROD HENRY Houston, Texas

Sirs;

I am writing for 12 boys in my class at the Pensacola School of Navai Photography. We would like to have some extra copies of your interesting articles on color. We feel that it will help us to become better naval photographers.

8 2/C LEO DERLAK

Pensacola, Fla.

Your article is the finest thing on the colors of the spectrum that we have ever seen. We would appreciate receiving additional copies of this issue for distribution among our employes. It would be of help to them in understanding wave lengths of light in conjunction with the work we are doing for the war effort,

P. EBBY

The Ednal Company New York, N. Y.

Of 9,000 tear sheets of the color story, all but about 1,000 are now gone. LIFE regrets that technical problems and paper shortage will prevent any further reprints.—ED,

(continued on p. 4)

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There and then . . . the assembly line was born

Early in 1913, Henry Ford had his technicians try a new production idea which had come to him as he observed a watch factory in operation. The idea was this: instead of having a single group of men make the entire assembly on each flywheel magneto, the unit was to be moved from one worker to another. The experiment resulted in a 50% saving in time!

"Why not apply this idea to the whole chassis?" Mr. Ford next suggested. "We'll test it during the summer." So now, along elevated greased rails, each chassis was being pushed by hand as workers added the various parts in sequence. There and then, the assembly line was born!

A chain-driven line was soon after put into oper-

ation. Under the new system, the 14 hours formerly required for a single chassis assembly were cut to 1 hour and 33 minutes.

Before 1913 was over, more than 100,000 Ford cars had been built. All records for the mass production of automobiles had been broken.

Remarkable as this achievement was, it meant more than just a saving in production time. It meant more than creating new methods for industry everywhere. To Mr. Ford and his associates, this was another step in their endeavor to make life easier for millions.

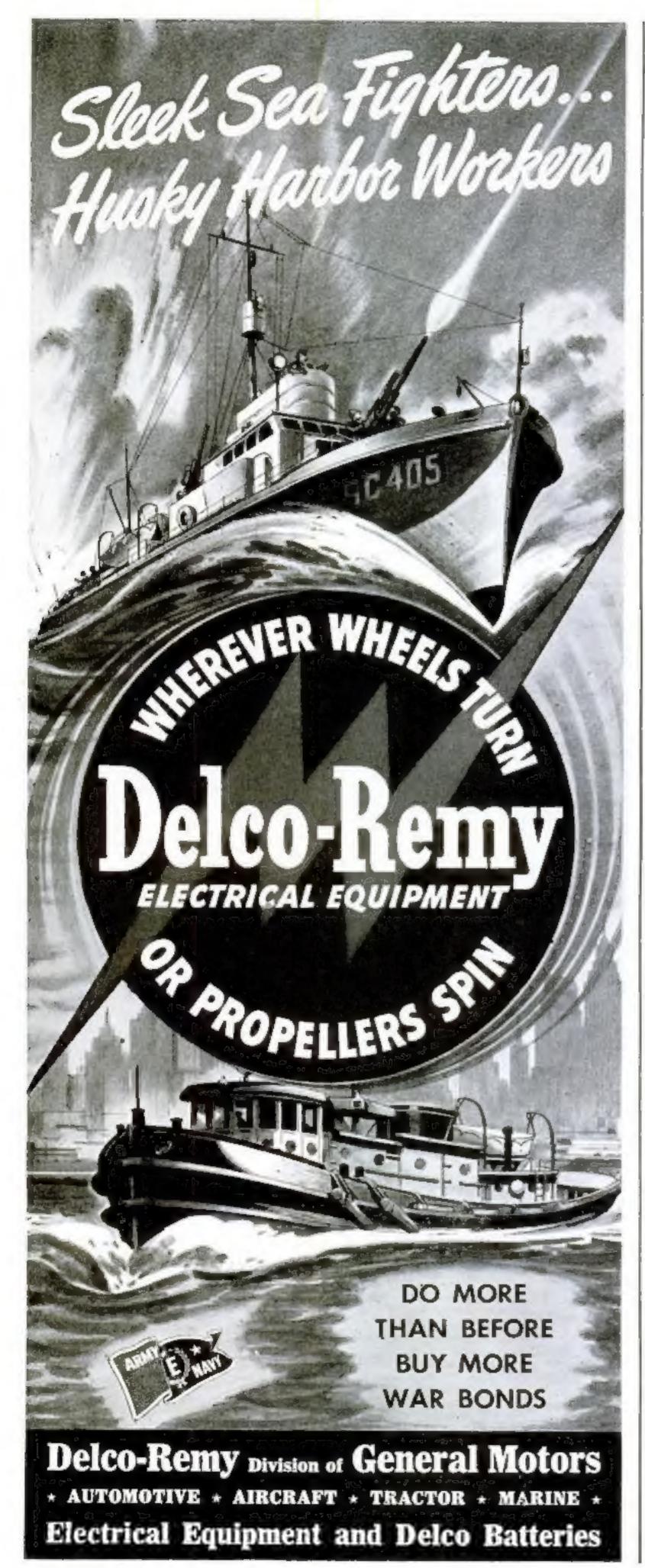
From the first, the assembly line technique of production eased working conditions. Along with other modern advances, it helped to increase the life span of workers. At Ford, it soon made possible the inauguration of the 8-hour day. And with unskilled labor in many places earning as little as \$1 a day, Ford basic pay was raised to \$5.

The assembly line also brought price reductions on Ford cars. This placed the pleasure and convenience of the motor car within the reach of more people than ever. This policy of sharing production savings with the buying public has remained fundamental with Ford.

Today, in the creation of equipment vital to victory, Ford men continue their search for new ideas . . . for better ways of doing things. What they are learning now is bound to be reflected in the improved Ford transportation of tomorrow.

FORD MOTOR COMPANY





TO THE EDITORS

My experience as a painter has shown that the mixture of red and green will never produce any tinge of yellow, much less a spectral yellow. Why does the physical acircure of pigments differ from the mixture of light beams? Does the explanation lie in a phenomenal difference of colors produced by transmitted light and those produced by reflected light"

AMALIE ROTHSCHILD

Baltimore, Md.

• LIFE's "Color" story clearly distinguished between color addition and subtraction. The merging of two colored beams of light is a form of addition. Red and green thus added produce yellow. The mixing of two colored pigments produces a new color by subtraction. Thus a red pigment (which absorbs blue and green) plus a green pigment (which absorbs red and blue) yield black by absorbing all three primaries of light and vision.-ED.

DEANNA DURBIN

After one look at Deanna Durbin in the July 3 issue of LIFE we have unanimously decided to christen our Liberator bomber "The Demi-Durbin." Fully



DOUBLE WALLOP

armed, the B-24 in which we are training for combat packs only half the wallop of Deanna.

LIEUT, PATRICK H. TOLSON Pueblo, Colo.

FAITH HEALERS

Your article on the "Holiness Faith Healers" (LIFE, July 3) was astounding, to say the least. It seems ironical that a nation considered foremost in intellect and progress should have to tolerate such gross ignorance. When such fanatics endanger the lives of innocent children, even religious freedom can be

RICHARD G. SMITH

St. Petersburg, Fla.

If there is no other way to disband the Holiness Faith Healers, there is always the A.S.P.C.A. Even a rattlesmke deserves protection from such treatment!

HELEN LEVI Dallas, Texas

POLYGAMISTS

I protest against calling the Mormons who practice polygamy "Fundamentalists" (LIFE, July 3). A "Fundamentalist" is a Bible-believing Christian (regardless of denomination) who holds to the fundamentals of the faith-one who







FEEL FRESH

The fresh fruit flavor of Orange-CRUSH makes you feel fresh! Ask



ripened Valencia Oranges, orange peel, citric acid from lemon juice, ROBRE SYCOP, his tered carbonated water ... that's Orange-CRUSIII

> Also served from the new Oronge CRUSH mixing dispensers at fountains and refreshment sloads,

AMERICA'S LEADING **BOTTLED ORANGE DRINK**

(continued on p. 6)

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My FRIEND FLICKA and THUNDERHEAD

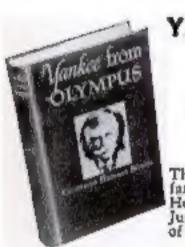
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This magnificent new historical novel, destined to take its place beside The Robe and The Song of Bernadette, brings to life the fascinating beggar-saint Francis of Assisi, and the strangely "modern" upbeavals of his time.



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In New I Lay Me Down to Sleep the "gay" world of Europe takes reluge in New York.

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Last year the retail value of free books given to Club members was over \$7,000,000—given, not sold! These book-dividends could be distributed free because so many subscribers ordinarily want the book-of-the-month that an enormous edition can be printed. The saving on this quantity-production enables the Club to buy the right to print other fine library volumes. These are then manufactured and distributed free among subscribers one for every two books-of-the-month purchased.

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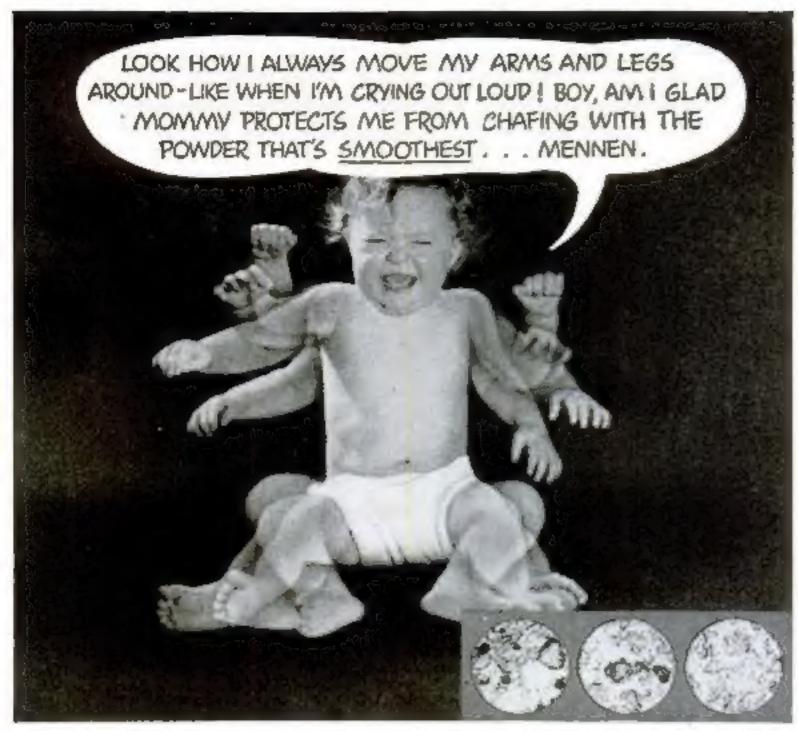
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Which baby powder is smoothest is proved by round photos above; they show 3 leading baby powders seen thru microscope. Mennen (far right) is smoother, finer in texture. That's due to special "hammerizing" process which makes Mennen Baby Powder the best protection against chafing. Delicate new scent keeps baby lovelier.



Gorms often cause common baby skin troubles such as prickly heat, diaper rash. To protect baby, best powder is Mennen. More antiseptic! Round photos above prove it. Centers of plates contain 3 leading baby powders. In gray areas, germs thrive; but in dark band around Mennen powder (far right), germ growth has been prevented!



LETTERS TO THE EDITORS

takes the conservative view as opposed to liberal or modernistic.

CARL J. DREXLER

Pastor South Broad Street Baptist Church Philadelphia, Pa.

● In their own eyes the "Fundamentalists" are the most conservative of Mormons since they do not recognize the reform manifesto of 1890 which, in order to achieve statehood for Utah, rejected the founding fathers' doctrine of polygamy.—ED.

Sien:

Let me commend you for bringing before our decadent world such an exhibition of heroism, devotion to high principle and cleanliness of sex and family relations. Your contribution to eugenics may augur well for the future of a civilization in which more than half of marriageable women never have a chance to become wives and mothers. All the evils that are destroying our race spring from the pagan system of monogamy. If society is to be resuscitated after the holocaust of war, it will only be because enough married women fuifil their responsibility to the race by sharing their clean, honorable husbands with old malds and widows.

GEORGE A. STARTUP

Provo, Utah

Sirs:

. . . Such goings-on.

MISS SYLVIA KARDAS Valley Falls, N. Y.

CAMPAIGNER

Sirs:

Your "Buy War Bonds" cover (LIFE, July 3) with its moving picture of a soldier helping a wounded buddy back from the front lines was an added incentive to the youngest "soldier" in Brookline, Mass.—5-year-old John Starr Craig, who is just completing his



STAR SALESMAN

fifth "campaign" as a star war-bond salesman. He has been active in all the war-loan drives to date, singing, tap dancing and making speeches. He is very proud of his uniform, as you can see from this picture.

SAMUEL COOPER

Brookline, Mass.

GESTAPO Sirs:

Every man, woman and child in America should see the story in LiFE's July 3 issue on the Gestapo in Rome. The savage sadistic senselessness of the Germans is there revealed in its full horror. May this be a lesson to lenient America: do not make a forgiving peace; do not stop until the Allies have overrun all Germany; punish the modern Hun as he deserves to be punished.

MONTGOMERY MULFORD Buffalo, N. Y.

(continued on p. 8)

A bugaboo," Nonh Webster said,
"Is nothing but a spectre."
But flies today have learned to dread
This modern house protector.



Bothered by bugs? Spray 'em right out of this world with fast-working Bug-a-boo. It's safe to use...won't harm furniture, draperies, walls or rugs. Bug-a-boo far exceeds U. S. Department of Commerce minimum requirements for an AA grade insect spray. You'll like its clean, piney fragrance, too. Ask for it by name at your favorite store.

Also: Bug-a-boo Moth Crystals and Bug-a-boo Victory Garden Spray



The Sign the Nation Knows

SOCONY-VACUUM



The Future of the Farmer's Daughter

To the circ on a farm, the war has brought longer hours and harder work.

Help is scarce. The need for crops is greater. There's more and more to be done between sunup and sundown.

The farm girl, like her city cousin, has shouldered her wartime burden willingly. But—more than ever before—her eyes have been opened to the need for electricity and electrical servants in her home.

What is her future to be? The same old drudgery of carrying water and fuel . . . stoking a stove . . . bending over a washboard . . . cleaning lamps . . . pushing a heavy sadiron . . . ?

She dreams of something better. And her dreams can come true, just as they can for the woman in the city. For her home of tomorrow can be a General Electric home:

___ with hot water-scads of it-always on tap

from a G-E automatic electric water heater . . .

- with a G-E electric range that frees her for other things while the meal practically cooks itself...
- ___ with a G-E washer that washes clothes, rinses them, damp-dries them, all by itself . . .
- —with everything electric—from the light on the front porch to the soft, lightweight G-E automatic blanket in the bedroom.

When the war is over, any home within reach of the power line can have these wonders.

General Electric will be making them . . . and developing new and even more wondrous appliances to make your life easier and happier.

FOR VICTORY!

Today General Electric is working full speed to hasten the day of Victory.

You can help, too, by buying War Bonds now



"Everything Electrical for After-Victory Homes"



TUNE IN: "The G-E All-Girl Orchestre," Sunday 10 p.m., E.W.T., NEC.—"The World Today" news, every weekday, 6:45 p.m., E.W.T., CBS.



LETTERS TO THE EDITORS

BED MANNERS

Sirs:

Your leggy layout on the pajama top as the latest in feminine sleeping equipment (LIFE, July 3) makes this press agent turn in his sleep. He, along with the millions of others who saw Bette Davis in her pajama tops in Old Acquaintance, believes that the entire responsibility for the bottoms falling out of the pajama market rests squarely on Bette Davis' shoulders. She was the first woman to have been seen so by others than Sidney Skolsky, syndicated reporter on bed manners, Certainly any woman who advances the cause of feminine equality, whether by introducing bloomers, bobs or pajama tops, should be placed on record for historical DUPPORES.

ALEX EVELOVE

Warner Bros. Burbank, Calif.

CHEERS FOR THE NAVY

After reading about "Navy Morals" in Letters to the Editors (LIFE, July 3) we agree wholeheartedly that too much blame is placed on the Navy for juvealle delinquency. We live in a community where the sallers go out for a nice clean time and have respect for all girls, so we say "Three cheers for the Navy."

LOUISE MASSEY CLEORA LARKEY

Ocean City, Md.

PROSTHETICS

Sometime ago I encountered a Javanese boy who had been taken prisoner by the Japanese and impressed for labor in New Guinea. During the forward push of the Allied forces this lad was wounded so badly that he was abandoned by the Japanese in their retreat. When picked up by American troops a leg wound had become gangrenous and the American doctors had to amputate the left leg above the knee,

Aiready suffering from mainutrition, the boy refused to eat thereafter and was rapidly dying. A medical orderly at a field hospital happened to secure a copy of the issue of LIFE for Jan. 31, containing the article and pictures on "Prosthetics" [the art of replacing lost parts of the body with artificial open]. Immediately upon seeing these pictures the Javanese became excited and happy and ate his first meal.

Nearly a month later I saw the same boy upon a ship being evacuated to an Australian hospital. He was looking quite healthy and was fast asleep when I mw him. Clutched with both hands and lying across his breast was a dirty, ragged copy of LIFE folded back to an almost obliterated page 72,

(OFFICER'S NAME WITHRELD)

% Postmaster San Francisco, Calif.

10 mg, of Niacin, Also 2 additional B Complex vitamins and

3 other minerals, the need for which in human nutrition has not been established, but considered important by many authorities.

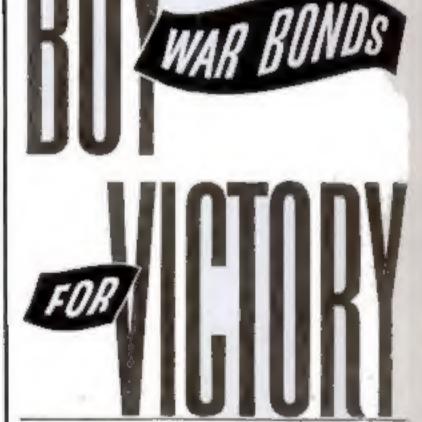
Read the label for full information.

... so, START THE DAY WITH STAMS!

Time, UFE, Fortune and the Architectural Forum have been cooperating with the War Production Board ever since Jan., 1943, on the conservation of paper, During the year 1944 these four publications of the Time group are budgeted to use 73,000,000 pounds (1450 freight carloads) less paper than in 1942. In view of resulting shortages of copies, please share your copy of UFE with your friends,





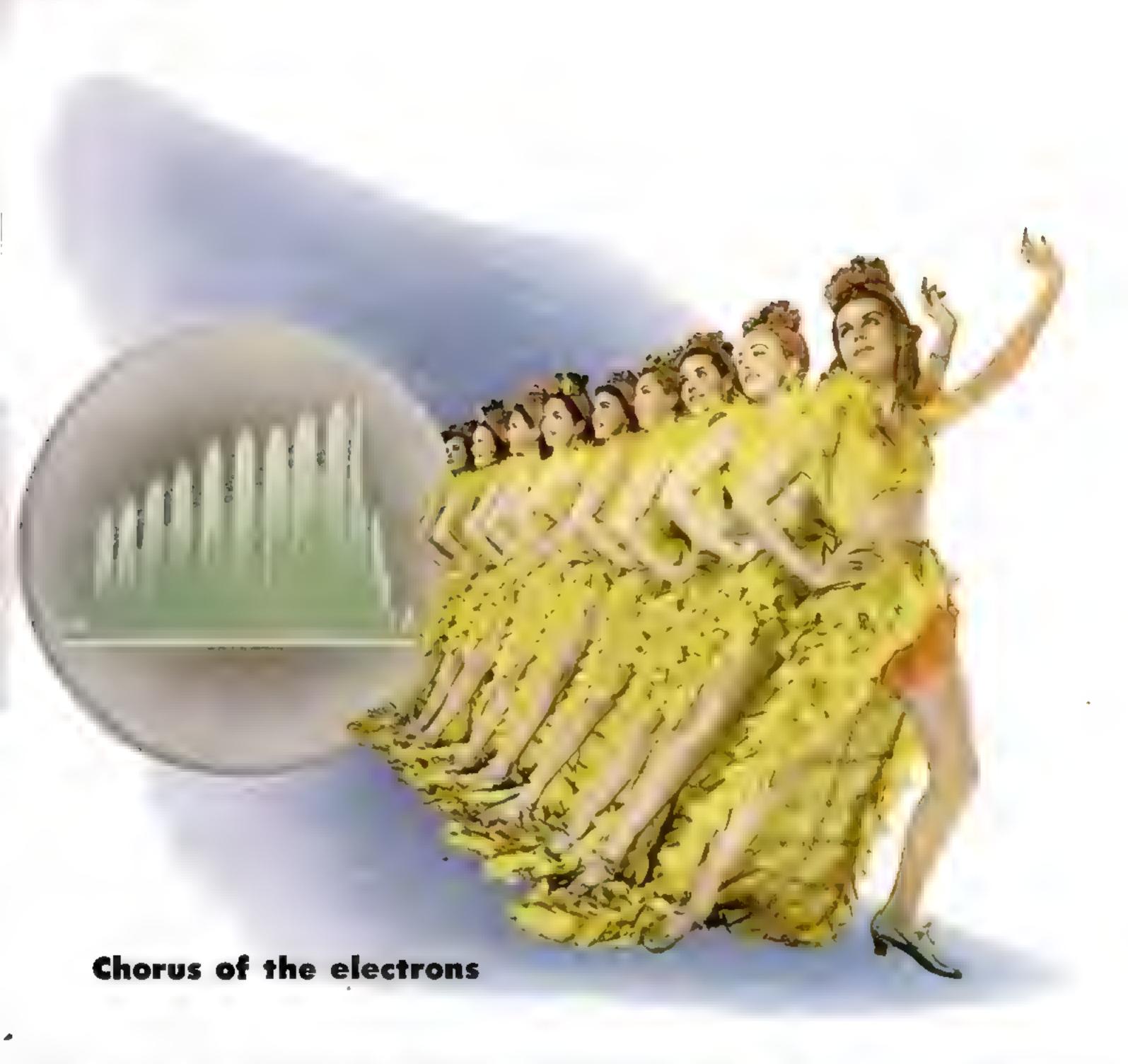


Relieve Pinch And Torture Of Tight Shoes

When burning feet cry out with agony from allday standing - when shoes that pinch nearly drive you crazy - try this wonderful, soothing powder that works like magic to bring blissful foot relief. Just sprinkle Allen's Foot-Ease in your shoes and sing with joy when tired, burning feet lose their sting and pain. For over 50 years, millions of people have found happy relief and real foot comfort with Allen's Foot-Ease. Don't wait! Get a package today. Try this easy, simple way to allday standing and walking comfort. At all druggists,

For quick relief from itching caused by ples, athlete's foot, scales, scables, and other itching troubles, use world-famous, cooling, medicated, liquid D. D. PRESCRIPTION. Greaseless, stainless. Soothes, comforts and checks intense itching speedtly. See trial bottle proves it, or your money back. Ask your druggist today for D. D. D. PRESCRIPTION.

MINERALS!*



'On the stage, it's a chorus dancing. But in the television camera, the color and personality and motion become a pattern of dancing electrons . . . an infinitesimal pattern, but enough for sensitive television equipment to catch, strengthen and fling through space to a receiving set in your home.

Television is only one of the advanced sound and sight instruments for your home that will come, after the war, from the Farnsworth Television & Radio Corporation. New Capeharts and new Farnsworth

radios and phonograph-radios will be made in the plants that today produce Radar and advanced military communications equipment. They'll take advantage of now-restricted wartime discoveries . . . bring you the pleasures of full tone, faithful reception and reproduction-and at a wide range of prices.

You will be able to choose from many styles and sizes . . . interference-free FM radio . . . dependable record-changers . . . cabinets designed for beauty and efficiency. Television, too, eventually will be available in many Farnsworth and Capehart models.

And every Farnsworth or Capehart instrument, from the most modestly priced to the most luxurious, will bring you the highest possible quality at its cost - the fruit of 19 years of outstanding research and manufacturing in the electronics field.

Great things are coming in sound and sight reception and reproduction . . . you'll find the finest built by our engineers. Farnsworth Television & Radio Corporation, Fort Wayne 1, Indiana.

YOUR WAR BONDS BRING PEACE CLOSER. BUY MORE.

THE CAPEHART



FARNSWORTH



617 combat hours for Studebaker-built engine 43-58319

AS great armadas of Flying Fortresses swarm across the war skies, it's in-S great armadas of Flying Fortresses teresting to read what the squadron engineering officer of an Army Air Forces base in England has to say about one remarkable Studebaker-built Wright Cyclone engine.

It's engine four in the Fortress "Miss Carry," in service 617 combat flying hours.

"This engine's performance," said the officer, "exemplifies war-winning co-operation at its best. The workers in the factories back home produce the world's finest equipment. Our ground crews work day and night to keep that equipment in operational trim. Our combat

crews do an outstanding job in blasting enemy targets and knocking out the Luftwaffe."

Studebaker is proud, of course, of its record of building more than 40,000 of the Wright Cyclone engines that power the famous Boeing Flying Fortress.

But this war is being won, not by production statistics, but by men in combat all over the world-on the ground, on the seas and in the air.

It's of those valiant Americans that the workers in the five great Studebaker factories are thinking as they build aircraft engines, multiple-drive military trucks and other units of vital war matériel.



Proud to be of service to her country

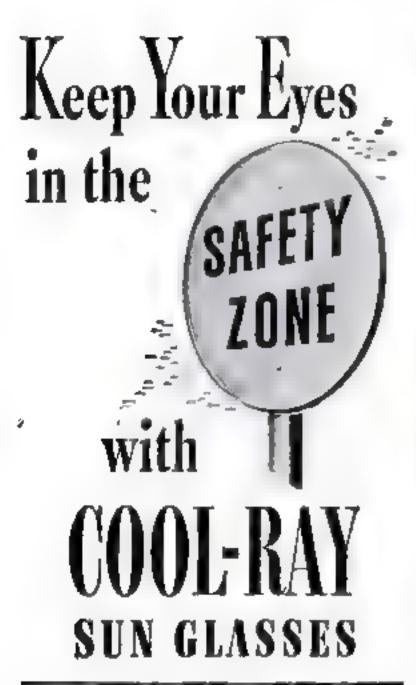
And all America, in turn, is proud of every member of the Worten's Army Corps. General Marshall says the need is critical for many more women from 20 to 49 inclusive. What can you do? Bncourage WAC recruiting in your community. JOIN THE WOMEN'S

* BUY MORE AND MORE U.S. WAR BONDS *

Automotive Division

Awarded Studeboker

BUILDS WRIGHT CYCLONE ENGINES FOR THE BOEING FLYING FORTRESS



Here's what happens when Sun Glasses provide no Zone of Safety

GUARD AGAINST brilliant sunlight. It's hard on your eyes. Ultra-violet "sunburn" rays and infra-red (heat) rays are both annoying and harmful. These rays pass right through some sun glasses, as shown above.

Here's how
Cool-Ray
Sun Glasses
provide the
"Safety Zone"

COOL-RAY SUN GLASSES, made by American Optical Company^a, provide the eyes with a "Safety Zone." These AO sun glasses have lenses of scientifically-compounded glass that absorbs ultra-violet and infra-red rays, and excessive light. Your eyes feel comfortable within the "Safety Zone."

"SEEING RAYS"—plenty of them that let you see clearly and comfortably—are admitted by Cool-Ray Sun Giasses. That's why you'll like them.

Cool-Ruy Sun Glasses have been supplied in great quantity to the armed forces, so the civilian supply is limited. Price \$1.95 and up.



COOL-RAY SUN GLASSES

Provide" The Safety Zone"



COMPANY

*World's largest makers of aphthalmic products

BUY U.S. WAR BONDS AND STAMPS



LIFE'S COVER: Jennifer Jones, a quiet 24-year-old movie newcomer, last March startled Hollywood by winning the Academy Award for her performance in The Song of Bernadette. In her second major movie, Since You Went Away (pp. 53-55), she gives another warm and sensitive performance. She is especially good in scenes with her real-life husband, Robert Walker, from whom she is separated.

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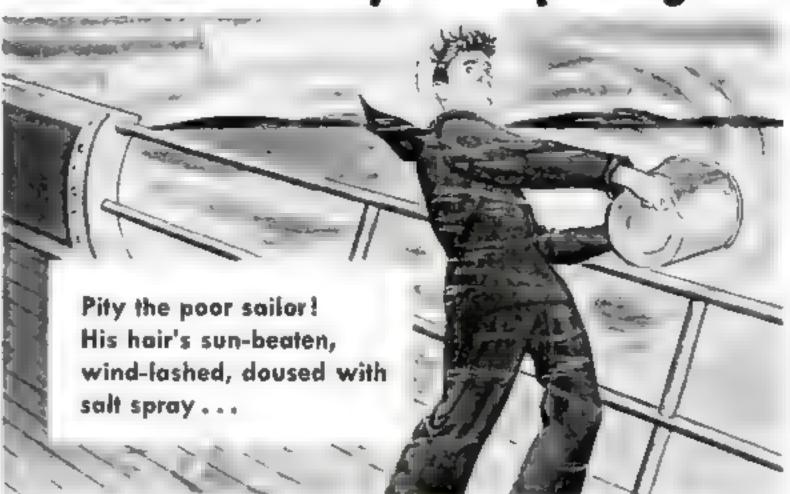
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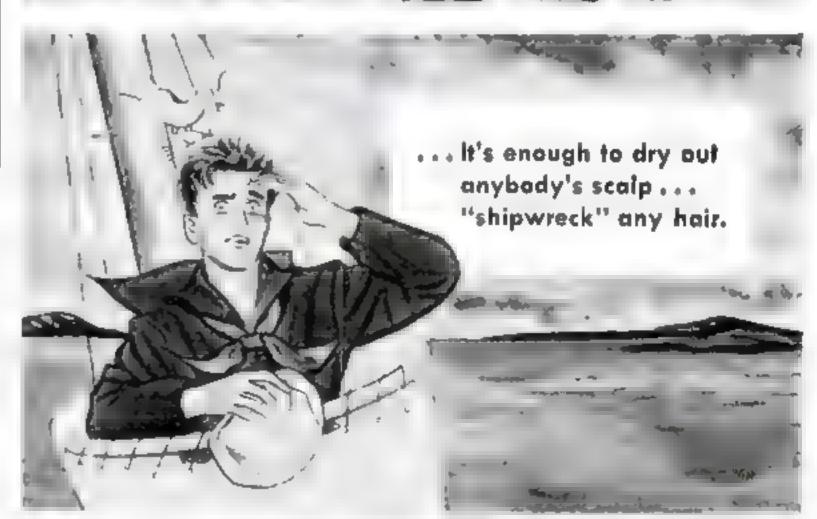
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How smart sailors fight the Dry Scalp blight!





but...5 drops a day keeps DRY SCALP away





It'll make your hair look better, tool

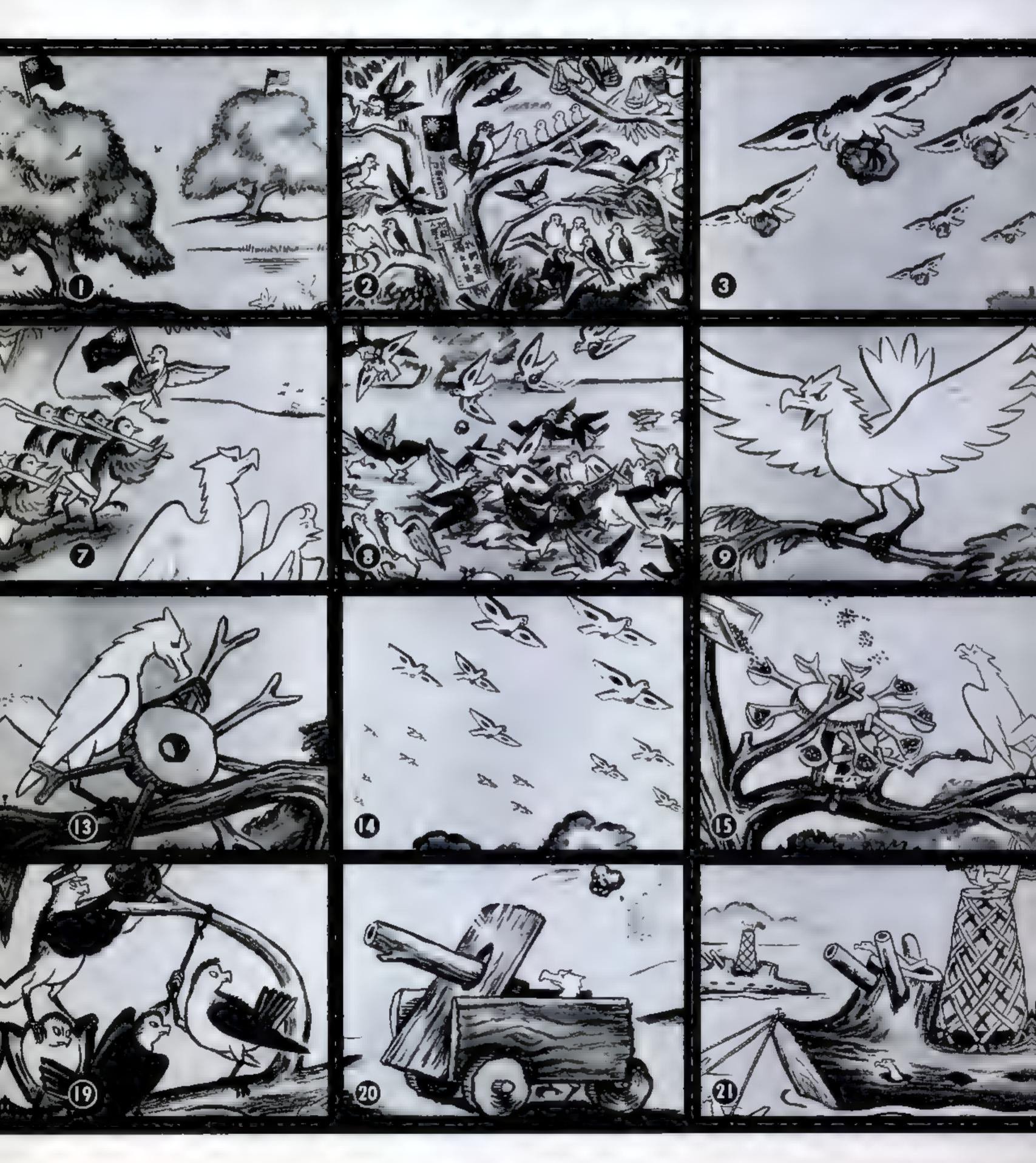
Take a tip from the boys in Service all over America. Use 'Vaseline' Hair Tonic every day! Just a few drops on the comb... or rubbed directly on the scalp... gives you well-groomed, healthy-looking hair all around the clock. It checks Dry Scalp and loose dandruff, too... by supplementing the natural scalp oils. For extra care of scalp and hair—massage with 'Vaseline' Hair Tonic before each shampoo. Buy a bottle today!

DIG DOWN DEEP FOR WAR BONDS

Vaseline HAIR TONIC

SPEAKING OF PICTURES . . .

. . . FABLE OF BIRDS TELLS WAR HISTORY TO CHINESE



In the past two years, cookes in all corners of China have squatted on hillsides to see lantern-slide film strips which dramatize fables based on historical fact. One of these cartoon histories, the Story in the Woods, is related below. It tells how the Japanese blackbirds attacked first the peaceful Chinese sparrows and then the American eagle, and how the eagle stopped its gay.

dancing and humanitarian talk to help the sparrows retaliate. The cartoons are shown to the largely illiterate audiences without captions and there is no oral commentary. But the audiences still understand the narrative the simple drawings tell.

This ingenious method of propagatela is a product of the United Nations Filmstrip Library, formed by

the Chinese Ministry of Education, the OWI and the British Ministry of Information, The UNFL was instigated by Dr. Gerald F. Winfield, 36-year-old Johns Hopkins graduate who taught public health in China for 11 years with pictures like these. These strips have already been seen by over 2,000,000 people and have gone as far into the Asian wilderness as IJ asa, Tibet.





6 A.M...alas, poor Russell



Russell this morning. He feels logy, half-sick because he needs a laxative. But Russ doesn't put

off the relief he needs. He takes a sparkling glass of Sal Hepatica the minute he gets out from nuder the covers.



8 A. M.... see Russell hustle!

Taken first thing in the morning, Sal Hepatica brings fast yet gentle relief — usually within an hour! At the same time, it helps counteract excess gastric acidity, helps turn a sour

stomach sweet again.

Don't forget, 3 out of 5 doctors, interviewed in a survey, recommend this sparking saline laxative.

Next time you need a laxative, try Sal Hepatica.

Whenever you need a laxative —take gentle, speedy SAL HEPATICA

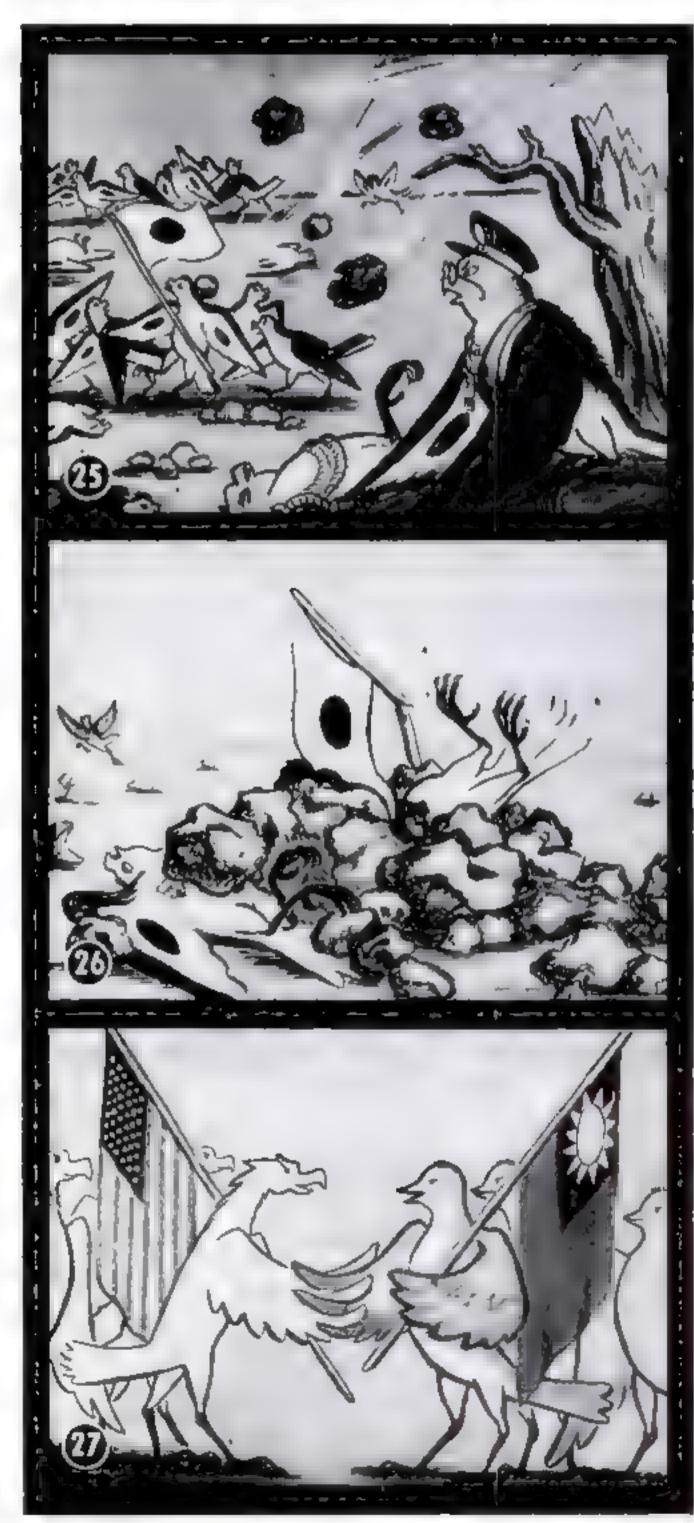
Get a bottle of Sal Hepatica from your druggest today, remembering this. Caution: use only as directed. Sal Hepatica's active ingredients: sodium sulphate, sodium chloride, sodium phosphate, lithium carbonate, sodium bicarbonate, tartaric acid. Ask your doctor about the efficacy of this prescription. Sal Hepatica is a product of Bristol-Myers.

TUNE IN | "ALAN YOUNG"-Wednesdays, NBC, 9:00 P. M., EWT
"NIT WIT COURT"-Tuesdays, Blue Network, 8:30 P. M., EWT

SPEAKING OF PICTURES

This is the story of the birds and the eagle told in the Chinese cartoon strip on the preceding page:

Once China and the United States lived together in a pleasant and friendly world. Suddenly the Japanese war birds came over, dropping their bombs on the busy, peaceful people of China. While hundreds of Chinese homes were wrecked and thousands of civilians killed, the U. S. danced on in happy isolation. But America sent help through the Red Cross and as the few Chinese armies fell back more and more before the Japanese, the U. S. became aroused and angry. Then came the Japanese blow-from-behind at Pearl Harbor. For the Chinese this was the great turning point of the war. With a furious determination, America threw its ingenuity and its full strength into the battle, building all kinds of modern weapons. Guns, tanks, ships and great Flying Fortresses smashed the Japanese with such a power that the Chinese dream of driving back the enemy started to become a reality. At the end of the cartoon (below) this dream really does come true, and the Chinese and Americans, conscious of new strength, pledge hereafter to keep the peace they once lost.



Sand can spoil a lot of things

SAND. Let that hard, sharp stuff get into the wrong places and it spells trouble.

Certainly, what it can do to an automobile is something pretty bad.

That's why General Motors engineers, intent on making more and better things for more people, fought for years to protect moving parts against sand and grit.

One by one, they closed the avenues by which sand worked its way to vital points. They sealed the brakes. They sealed the wheel bearings. They sealed the chassis. And they gave your car a new lease of trouble-free life.

Now, war — a war of machines. The job of protecting the thousands of parts in each of these machines jumped into a number one spot, and that's where the engineers found how useful their work had been.

They were able, right then, to seal vital parts of tanks and trucks against North African sandstorms, coral dust in the South Pacific, cutting silica in European beachbeads. That sealing also kept out mud, water, snow. It cut precious, lifesaving repair time. It helped, in its modest, quiet way, to win our battles.

Those trucks and tanks had the protection



they needed because a direct effort to improve the life of peacetime America built up a fund of experience invaluable in wartime.

Our country is rich in such reserves of useful knowledge simply because in our land, men work for, and get, fair rewards for their enterprise.

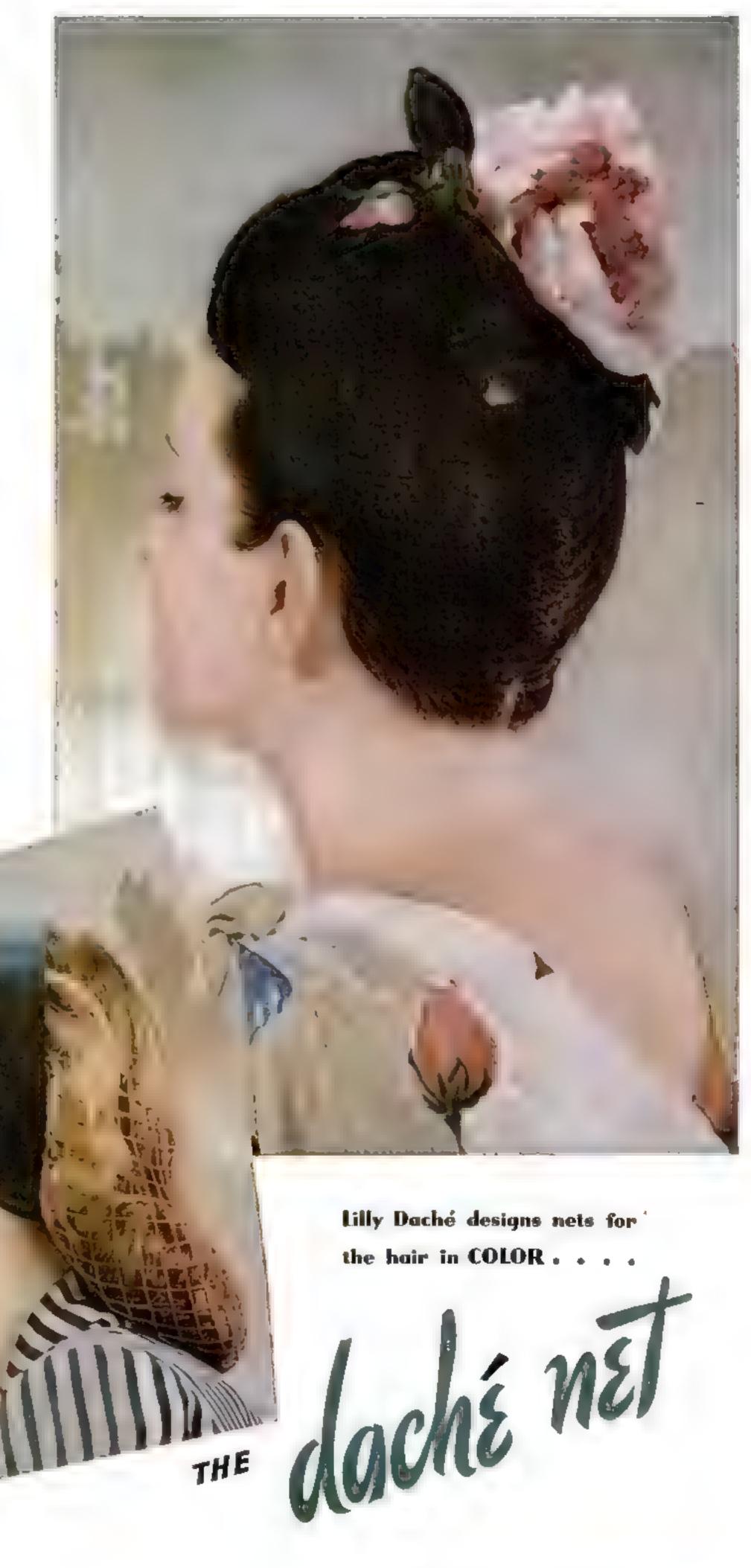
This is the idea that helped make prewar America great. It has proved extremely useful in war, and it will produce more and better things for more people in the greater America to come.



NEW GLAMOUR FOR ANY HAIR-DO

LILLY DACHÉ SAYS

Here is a dash of Daché for you ... the famous Lilly Daché who creates the smartest style trends in hats. Now she has designed a net for the hair . . . an utterly different net . . . in glorious colors. So neat, so chie! And what wonders it works for any hair-do. Combine it with ribbon, flowers, a hat. Wear one net or two. You'll love the Daché Net and want several. Nothing is newer . . . nothing is smarter—the whole fashion world agrees to that. Now at better department stores and drug counters. Fine mesh 35¢, three for \$1. Snood mesh 70¢, three for \$2.



Vol. 17, No. 4

LIFE

July 24, 1944

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ALL MATERIAL, WHICH IN THE OPINION OF THE EDITORS INVOLVES MILITARY SECURITY, HAS BEEN SUBMITTED TO COMPETENT MILITARY OR NAVAL AUTHORITY FOR REVIEW AS TO SECURITY

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Photographing the girls on the Lake Shore Swimming Team (pp. 94-97) was one of Jack Wilkes's first assignments after moving to Chicago to make pictures for LIFE. Formerly a Hollywood free-lance photographer, Wilker found the Lake Shore girls no come-down from Hollywood's. Other recent Wilkes stones published in LIFE were his "reformatory girls follies" (LIFE, May 8) and his call on Baylor University's Browning expert (LiFE, May 29).

The following list, page by page, shows the source from which each picture in this made was gathered. Where a single page is indebted to several sources, credit is recorded picture by picture (left to right, to) to bottom) and one by line (lines informated by dasher) unless otherwise apecined.

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98-RAROLD TRIDBAU - ADRUB YON SECK-ENDOLFF-GUDENT

99-AURIA VON SW KENTORFF-GUITANT

100-RALPH MCHER

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"Tear into it, Honey ____ It's Infectious Dandruff!"



THIS simple, easy, wholly de-I lightful treatment acts as a precaution against the infectious type of dandruff, and as a highly efficient aid against the condition once it has gotten a head-start.

hair-washing.

Listerine Antiseptic treats the infection as infection should be treated . . . with quick germicidal action.

It kills millions of the stubborn "bottle bacillus" (Pityrosporum ovale) which often grows in vast numbers on the scalp. This ugly little invader is held by many a dermatologist to be a causative agent of infectious dandruff which afflicts so many.

Find out how quickly Listerine Antiseptic, used regularly twice a day, helps to get rid of those disturbing excess flakes and scales. How it alleviates itching!

septic and massage with their regular

Your scalp glows and tingles, and your hair feels wonderfully fresh.

Remember, in clinical tests 76% of dandruff sufferers showed marked improvement in or complete disappearance of the symptoms of dandruff after 30 days of this treatment.

Get into the habit of using Listerine Antiseptic systematically. It has helped so many . . . may help you. Remember-Listerine Antiseptic is the same antiseptic that has been famous for more than 60 years in the field of oral hygiene.

> LAMBERT PHARMACAL CO. St. Louis, Mo.

At the first symptom of trouble

LISTERINE ANTISEPTIC-Quick!

"If my mother could see me now!"

"Poor Mom. Always claimed I was born helpless!

"When I married Mac, she even warned him I couldn't boil water or make a bed right. But oh, Mom-look at me now!

"'Can't boil water'? Why-I'm putting up almost my whole winter's supply of food!

"'Can't make a bed'? Mom should see my hospital corners and the expert way I smooth out my lovely Cannon Sheets! What's more, I'll bet I could show Mom tricks about getting extra wear out of sheets!

"Just because Cannon Sheets are naturally wear-wonders doesn't mean I shouldn't give 'em a little help. Especially these days—when Uncle Sam says Make It Do.

"Are you listening, Mom?"

I'm a Whiz on Washday

1-2-3-and my sheets are on the line!

- 1. I soak 'em 15 minutes in clear cool water.
- 2. I whisk 'em through billows of suds. (Two sudsings if they're extra-dirty.)
- 3. I rinse 'em till the last water is super-clear!

I'm Inspired When I Iron!

Inspired—by the thought of getting more wear from my sheets! I don't ever let my iron get a teeny trifle too hot. I never press the folds, just smooth 'em in by hand!,

I Make Pets of My Sheets

Oh, how I pamper 'em! Never use 'em for laundry bags. Always give 'em a rest between usings. Lift 'em respectfully off the bed instead of yanking!

When gals must buy sheets (and they shouldn't buy otherwise)—I tell 'em about Cannon Percale Sheets! These smooth beauties cost just about the same as heavy-duty muslin sheets. And they're so soft and light—though they're woven with 25% more threads per inch than best-grade muslins!



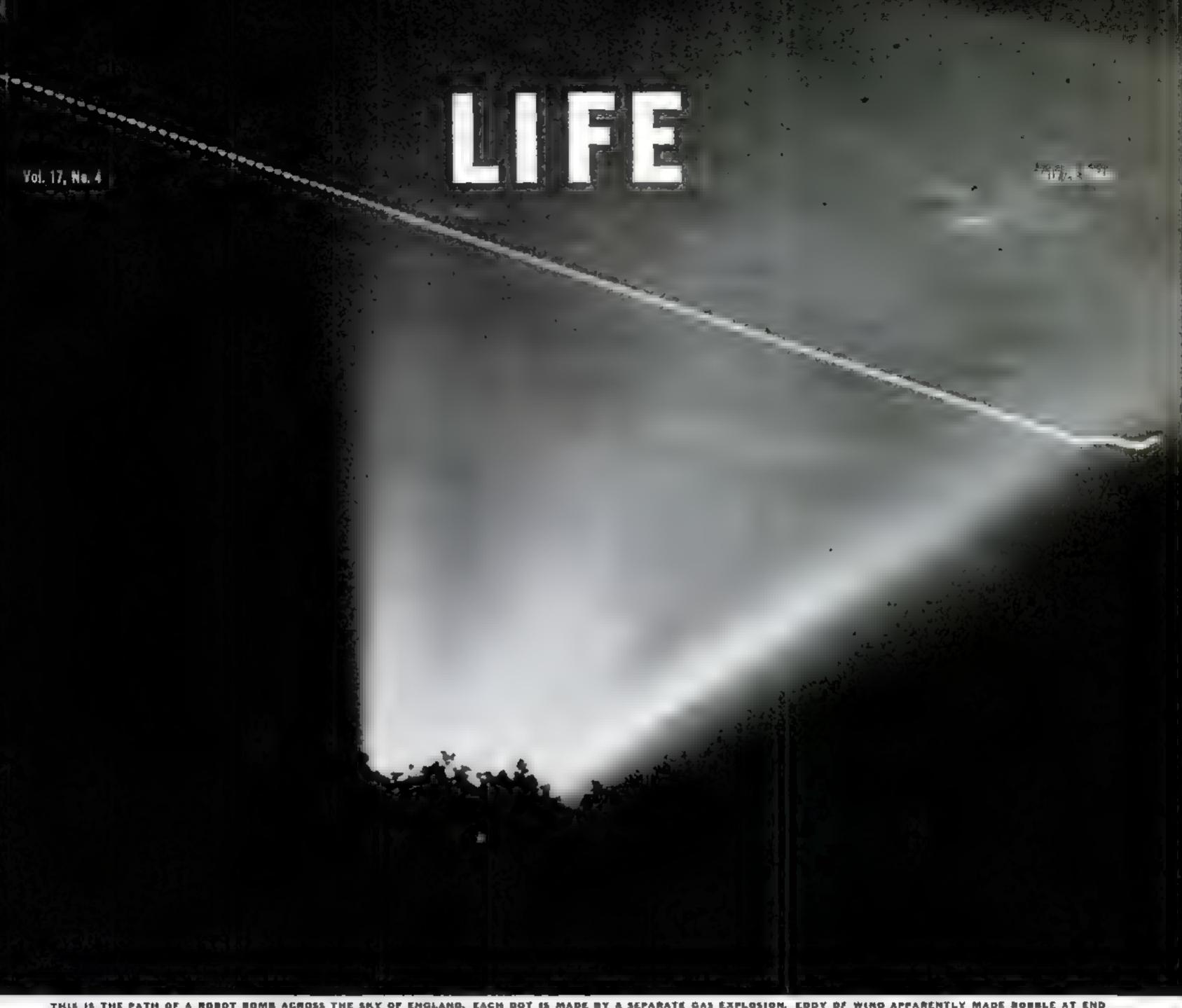
I Give Another Good Steer

If stores are temporarily out of the exact sizes someone wants in Cannon Percales, I say, "Why not ask to see Cannon Muslin Sheets? They're well-constructed—long-wearing—a real value!"

P.S. Do I need to tell you how grand Cannon Towels are?

CANNON MILLS, INC., NEW YORK 13, N. Y.





MEETS ITS SECOND

Dy last week the robot bomb had given the long-D enduring people of England the worst month they have had since the 1940 blitz. To Londoners it was not enough to say that the robot bombs or aerul torpedoes could not win the war for Hitler, or even postpone his inevitable defeat. They were coming over at the rate of 100 a day, sometimes a score at one time. Through last week that meant over \$,000 of them, killing about one person per bomb, of whom a little over half were women. About 100,000 women and children had been evacuated from London in a week. All London was jittery, though it was not losing sleep, because the Germans presently decided to stop sending the robot bombs over at night. They concentrated instead on London's working hours.

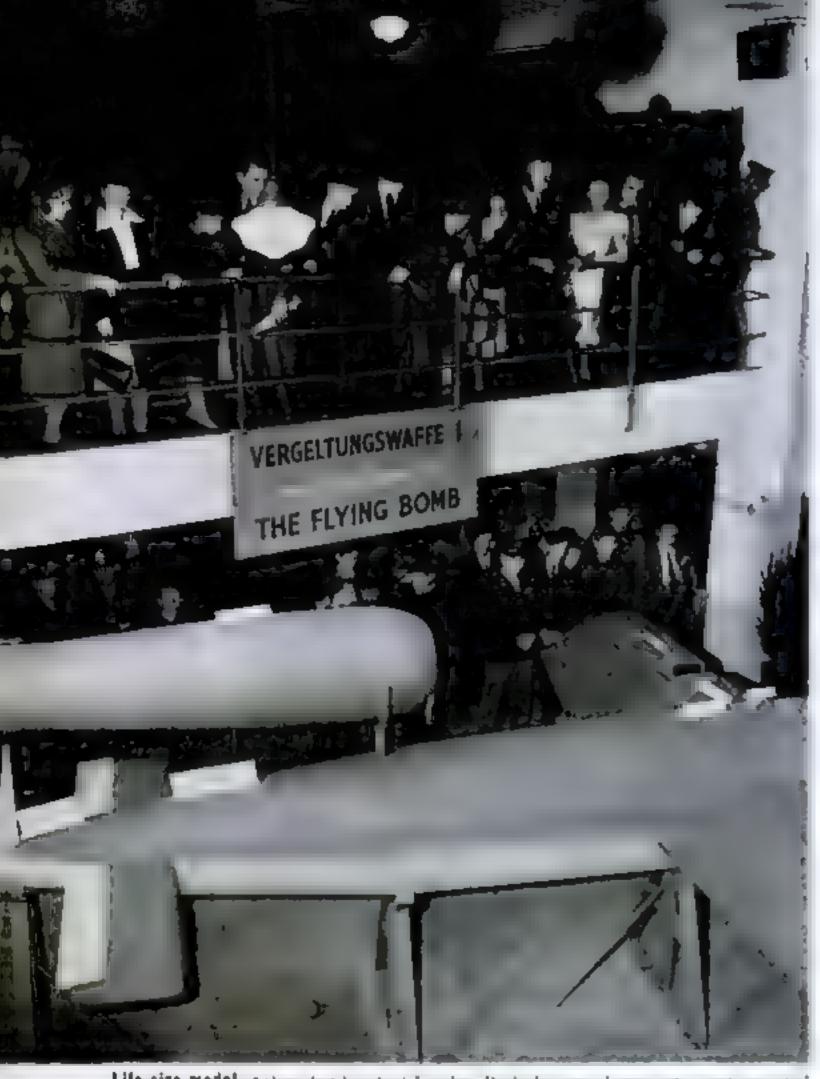
The faint whistle of the robot was eener than the scream of a bomb. Whiffling impersonally across the city at blind speed, it made a man feel that it was searching for him like some dreadful Frankenstein, As

long as the robot's engine kept going, a man knew it would not strike, so that each one mentally argod it to keep going, on beyond him and his house and his block. When the robot's engine did stop, there was the long awful silence and then the appalling explosion. One robot bomb was said to have demolished four square blocks; another to have damaged some 100 buildings. And the Germans began to set them to glide on for some distance after the engine stopped, so that often the explosion came without any warning at all.

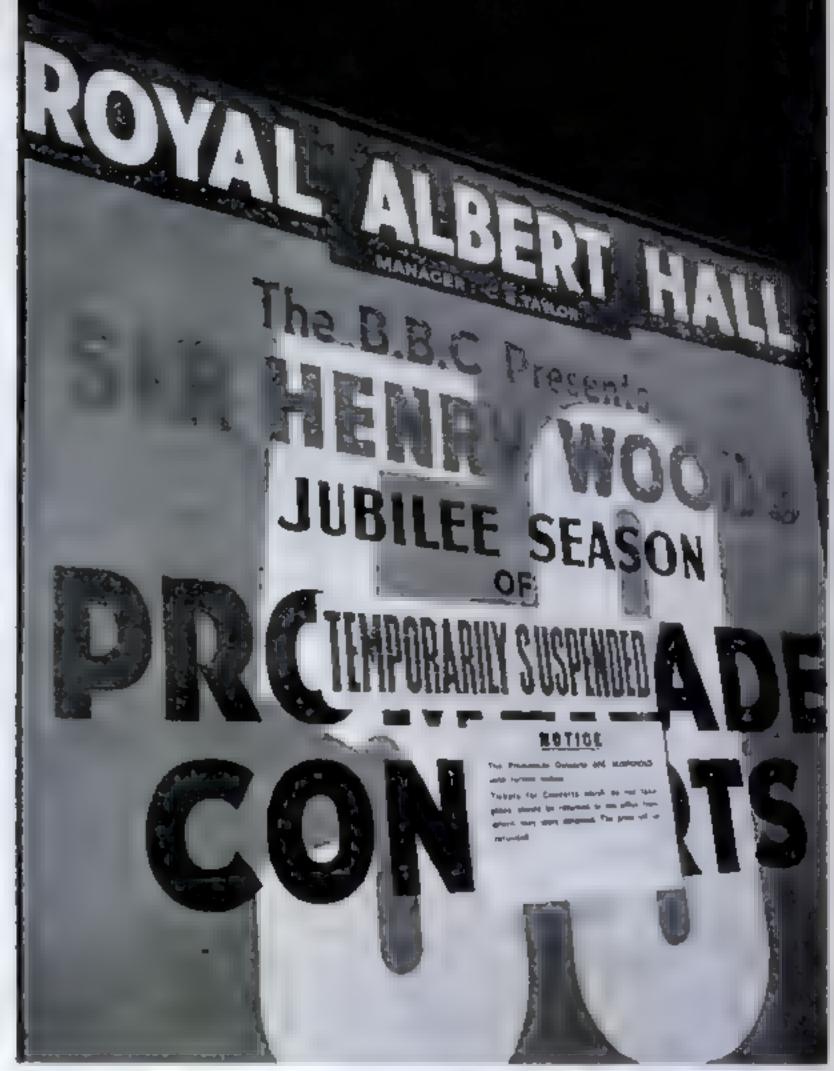
Progress was exceedingly slow in framing defenses against them. Their launching stages in France and Belgium were well defended with antiaircraft guns. Built near woods and well dispersed, they were hard to find, hard to hit. Sometimes they had 35-ft. roofs of concrete. New launching stages could be built in a week, nearly as fast as they could be destroyed. The bombs seemed to have a speed of nearly 400 mph.

Pilots chased them in Spitters but any fighter that got near enough to bit one was often destroyed itself by the explosion. Antiaircraft was not very effeetive because the bombs came in too low and were usually sent over in cloudy weather when they could not even be seen. Furthermore, when a bomb was exploded in the air the casualties seemed worse than when it exploded on the ground. The real defense had yet to be found.

So far London was the prime objective, the bombs racing across southern England or up the Thames estuary and diving into the vast sprawling mass of Greater London. If the robot bomb had been developed earlier in the war, giving the Germans time to set up several thousand launching stages, it might well have become a more serious military weapon than even the Allies' bomber fleets. It had certainly established itself, with its possible variations, as a weapon to be reckoned with in warfare from now on.



Life-Size model of the robot bomb at London Du by Express shows motor and mounted mayor fusewage. Sign explains name, now shortened to V-1. Hitler promises V-2 and V-3.



Thealers close, including the Promenade Concerts at Athert Hall, because of the saccess of revenge weapon No. 1. Pubs at central London asse curpties. All ough pubs in the outskirts were crowded.

ENGLAND STUDIES DEFENSE AGAINST THE ROBOT BOMB AND EVACUATES CHILDREN

The robot bomb is not new. The U.S. Navy had one in 1918 but vetoed mass production for "reasons of policy." The German bomb's motor, however, is an extremely ingenious device, simple enough to be mass-produced. It uses air as the major fiel, expands it with a gasoline explosion that kicks first against the head of the motor and second against the air behind. Though it eats up gasoline, it is very cheap to produce and is very light. It can carry a one-ton war head over

150 unles at 9,000 ft redung neary kind of weather. Its gyro keeps it going at a straight har, wind permitting.

Here and there in London's woman would rise in a bits and haratigate for fellow passengers on reverge weapon No I and the government's apparent far are to produce an effective defense. However, these rare bursts of lasteria did not spread. The Britis's press still referred to bazzbombs, which as go, doublebags,



Winston Churchill surveys antirobot homb defenses, a battery of antiaircraft purs, with gloom but determination. He withheld news at first, then gave facts on July 6.



Fighter pilot of a Tempest squadron who shot down first robot bon b is Flight Sgt. M. Rose of Classew Left., here drawing his impressions for Intelligence efficer. I platers are not very effective vet



The exodus of children from London, ended since 1941, began again. Here is seene at Maryle-bone Station July 10 as 400 children are herded aboard a train. All are tagged with names.

Many may not see their parents again for a long time. One group of children in London was heed up for going-away presents when a bomb hit and the "queue disappeared in the debris."

London's Second Blitz (continued)





Workers' flats are left flattened by a bomb. Most casualties were not from shrapnel but from the terrific blast and from the flying pieces of glass and material given velocity by the blast



Grands' Chapel, near Birdenge Walk was hot of a Sunday white guards were at service, some 200 strong. Many guardsmen were killed. A guard of house standing nearly oil not Unige.



A shelter whose edge is seen at the extreme left of the picture was covered by the debris of bricks from these blasted flats, but residents were mostly in the shelter and were unbarried.



"I SHALL ACCEPT... I WILL SERVE"

ROOSEVELT'S STATEMENT SURPRISED NOBODY, BUT IT HELPS CLEAR THE AIR

PRO Chairman Hannegan of the Democratic National Committee asked President Roosevelt to announce his willingness to serve a fourth term. Last week the President obliged. His letter is in itself his best campaign document, a persuasive statement of the case for his re-election. Here it is, entire:

DEAR MR. HANNEGAN:

You have written me that in accordance with the records a majority of the delegates have been directed to vote for my renomination for the office of President, and I feel that I owe to you, in candor, a simple statement of my position.

If the convention should carry this out, and nominate me for the Presidency, I shall accept. If the people elect me, I will serve.

Every one of our sons serving in this war has officers from whom he takes his orders. Such officers have superior officers. The President is the Commander in Chief and he, too, has his superior officer—the people of the United States.

I would accept and serve, but I would not run, in the usual partisan, political sense. But if the people command me to continue in this office and in this war I have as little right to withdraw as the soldier has to leave his post in the line.

At the same time, I think I have a right to say to you and to the delegates to the coming convention something which is personal—purely personal.

For myself, I do not want to run. By next spring, I shall have been President and Commander in Cluef of the armed forces for twelve years—three times elected by the people of this country under the American constitutional system.

From the personal point of view, I believe that our economic system is on a sounder, more human basis than it was at the time of my first inauguration.

It is perhaps unnecessary to say that I have thought only of the good of the American people. My principal objective, as you know, has been the protection of the rights and privileges and fortunes of what has been so well called the average of American citizens.

After many years of public service, therefore, my personal thoughts have turned to the day when I could return to civil life. All that is within me cries out to go back to my home on the Hudson River, to avoid public responsibilities, and to avoid also the publicity which in our democracy follows every step of the nation's Chief Executive.

Such would be my choice. But we of this generation chance to live in a day and hour when our nation has been attacked, and when its future existence and the future existence of our chosen method of government are at stake.

To win this war wholeheartedly, unequivocally and as quickly as we can is our task of the first importance. To win this war in such a way that there be no further world

wars in the foreseeable future is our second objective. To provide occupations, and to provide a decent standard of living for our men in the armed forces after the war, and for all Americans, are the final objectives.

Therefore, reluctantly, but as a good soldier, I repeat that I will accept and serve in this office, if I am so ordered by the Commander in Chief of us all—the sovereign people of the United States.

Very sincerely yours, Franklin D. Roosevelt

The President's candidacy surprised no-body; as Wendell Willkie said, "Is that news?" Yet editorial writers throughout the U. S. commented on it; so did cartoonists (see opposite page). Many of them expressed a sense of relief that the fourth-term issue was now drawn and clear. Pro-Roosevelt newspapers echoed the President's emphasis on his role as commander in chief. One of the best comments was the Chicago Sun's:

Franklin Delano Roosevelt has responded to the call of high and unavoidable duty....

There can be no slightest question as to the President's purely personal preference: to retire to his beloved home on the Hudson, to avoid publicity and lay down his vast public responsibilities. He would be entitled to retire amid the thanks and honor of his countrymen were it not that his countrymen so greatly need him as President. They need his purpose, his devotion, his unrivated experience. . . .

We have stated before and repeat that in our democracy no man is indispensable, but a great democracy to serve itself must choose its ablest public servants for the tasks in hand.

Mr. Roosevelt has given America a winning war leadership and a winning war team. of top commanders never surpassed in our history The selection by the Commander in Chief of generals and admirals like Marshall, King, Arnold, Eisenhower and Nimitz did not just happen. Nor was the indispensable development of victorious military coordination with Britain and Russia accidental, American industrial management and American labor share honors that will permanently endure for war production dwarfing all records of the past. But this, again, required leadership in the White House, and the leadership has proved its brilliant competence by the results. . . .

The tasks of victory for war, peace and American prosperity have advanced far. The goals would still be lost were we to turn to men inadequate for the mighty remaining responsibilities of leadership and co-operation at home and abroad. Immense gains made would be frittered away were American straddlers or dreamers of "normaley" to assume the posts of prime leadership. We are fighting and living through a turning point in our age. Mr. Roosevelt must carry through.

ANTI: Yet it is obvious that this is to be a political campaign, and not merely the drafting of a commander in chief, even if the President tries to conduct his campaign on that basis. One of the best anti-Roosevelt editorials appeared in the New York World-Telegram:

First . . . there is the avowal that, "for myself, I do not want to run, . . ." We can well believe there is more sincerity in that, after 11 years in office, than in the customary coyness of Presidential candidates. After all, Mr. Roosevelt is tired and not as vigorous as he once was, and the next few years in the White House will be no bed of roses. So "all that is within me cries out to go back to my home on the Hudson, . . ."

No, not quite "all that is within me," For, along with the genuine weariness of an aging man who wants to retire, there is a more powerful urge. It is a feeling that he is indispensable. He thinks the country cannot run without him.

And there is a good deal of truth in it—so far as the Democratic party is concerned. Mr. Roosevelt is an indepensable candidate for the Democrats, because for 10 years he has killed off politically every potential successor. Democratic politicians have to take him whether they like him or not and many do not. It is Roosevelt or nobody. . . .

Can you imagine Franklin D. Roosevelt, the eleverest politician of his generation and proud of it, soberly saying: "I would accept and serve, but I would not run, in the usual partisan, political sense. But if the people command me to continue in this office in this war, I have as little right to withdraw as the soldier has to leave his post in the line."

When a Presidential candidate tries to put himself above politics, it is nonsense. Mr. Roosevelt has got his military analogy on crooked. The soldier is commanded to serve for the duration, but the constitution definitely terminates the Presidential duty every fourth year regardless.

That "usual partisan, political sense" of running—which Mr. Roosevelt says he is above—is the process of democracy. The alternative to a "partisan, political" campaign is a one-party system in which an indispensable man is elected by default as Mr. Roosevelt is being nominated by default....

The only way Mr. Roosevelt can get a fourth term is by "running" very hard, and he knows it. "If the people command me to continue in this office," it will be after he has made his usual deals with the disreputable political machines and after much money has been spent to encourage that popular "command." And if he does his campaigning in the guise of commander in chief reviewing troops or inspecting war plants, he will still be "running"—though the race will be rather less sportsmanlike than customary.

We hope Mr. Roosevelt soon recovers his sense of humor and of balance, which was his greatest charm and his safety valve....









"LETTING THE CAT OUT OF A CELLOPHANE BAG"—TALBURT, N. Y. WORLD-TELEGRAM



In fortified quarry, marines use flomethrowers in effort to make Japanese come out of their deep caves. When no Japanese emerged, marines tried heavy charges of dynamite. The occu-

bulldozer to seal openings with earth and rocks and moved on. Although cave positions could



do nothing to hold up U.S. advance, each one had to be cleaned up to prevent Japanese from coming out for raids in rear areas. Japanese originally dug quarries to mine phosphate rock.



Buildozer field of sugar cane to flush hidden Japanese susper. In foreground two Seventh Air Force engineers wait with rifles behind pile of lumber to shoot susper when he runs out.

MOPPING UP SAIPAN

U.S. troops stalk Japanese with flame and dynamite

The strange and beautiful island of Saipan was officially conquered by U. S. forces on July 9, after 25 days of mean, costly fighting. There was, however, still plenty of work for the troops. Japanese remnants were hunted down as they hid in hulks along the shore, in caves and even as they swam simlessly out to sea. Often they had to be pried out of their holes with shovels, flamethrowers and dynamite.

At the end of the battle Saipan's neat cane fields were pitted, its flame trees and coconut palms torn, its flimsy towns flattened. But the things the troops had fought for were essentially undamaged. At the southern end of the island, Isely (originally Ashto) Field was already in use for U. S. fighter sweeps against other islands in the Marianas. Tanapag harbor would now lengthen the cruises of U. S. submarines operating against the Japanese. Eventually Saipan might become a full-fielded U. S. naval base. Certainly it will at once become an invaluable fueling and supply station for U. S. ships traveling west of the Marianas. There was talk that Saipan might become a base for B-20s, but this will probably have to wait until the last vestige of Japanese airpower is scoured from nearby islands. The total of all these facts, real or potential, was 11 the U. S. had set up a naval and air barricade across direct Japanese communications to the South Seas and 2) the U. S. had secured a firm spring-board for new westward blows in the Pacific.

Saipan was an expensive victory, far costher than the conquest of Tarawa. The U.S. lost 2,359 dead, 11,481 wounded and 1,218 missing. But the Japanese lost more heavily—probably 18,000 dead, 2,000 wounded or captured, Among the Japanese dead was Vice Admiral Chuichi Nagumo, who led the attack on Pearl Harbor.



Marines fig out wounded Japanese hidden in foxhole at base of tree. Man at left holds a flashlight and carbine. When captured, Saspan Japs often asked: "Why don't you kill me here?"

Saipan (continued)



Entering Shinio Shrine, marine looks around cautionals for suspers. By far the greater part of Saspan's population, exclusive of address, is Japanese. Out of 1936 population of about 23,000, 20,000 were Japanese, the rest Kerenas, Kanakas from the Carolines and native Chamberos.



In rained Japanese garden, moreous sit on one of little arched for dg is do into Japanese hearts while others could be a feet a poor, healt for saces, curp. Cord in is corth of Corapan. Most of Japanese on Sepan arc Oke, was, a Connessed passese strain brought in from Ryukyu islames.



Native ox cart is used by marines to carry cases of rations and water caus. Although Supan is one of Japan's more lightly developed colonies, transportation system is primitive. Many of Supan's Chamorro natives, as indicated by picture on opposite page, are Chin time. They were

converted by Spacish Jesnits before Germons purchased Marianus from Spanon 1899. All of Marian as except Guair (U.S. were mandated to Japanen 1920. Magellan was first white man to vest Marianas, immediate her Ladrones, the evest become natives such one of his spanishment.



Henry Ford and Henry Ford II, has granded and here to the Ford Motor Company, arrive for the harvest. After the death

of Edsel Ford, his father, young Henry was placed on the innetice list of the Navy to begin taking over Ford company



A cubic inch of wheat started experiment for Hayden in 1940. He makes flour, His business motto: "Kneaded Every Hour,"



Crop from a cubic lath grow the plot enclosed in this fence.
This plot was planted last fall to explain "dynamic kernels."

HENRY FORD CUTS BIBLICAL WHEAT

Cubic inch sown by New Testament word now grows 14 acres of grain

Ford climbed up on an old reaper to help barvest some wheat. The reaper was the same one he used as a boy, 70 years ago, when it was easy for him to cut 25 acres a day. The crop he helped harvest is the most curious wheat crop in the country.

It was started in 1940 when Perry Hayden, Quaker and local miner, heard a sermon on the text that his evolves out of death. The preacher read from John 12.24 Ferry, verdy, I say unto you, Except a corn of wheat fall into the ground and tre, it abideth alone but if it die, it trangeth forth much fruit Thinking about the sermon later. Havden decided to prove its truth literally. Accordingly be planted one cubic inch of Bald Rock wheat (360 kernels). One-tenth of the harvest was extracted as a tithe to his church and the rest replanted. That first season the planting covered a plot four by eight feet. The second year it covered a plot 24 feet by 60 feet. Repeating his process of baryesting his crop, giving the church one-tent, and replanting the rest, Mr. Hayden the third year grew a full acre and this year grew 14 acres. Next year's crop will cover 250 acres and 1946's crop, the sixth year, will require 2,000 acres. Then Mr. Havden will observe the commandment in Leviticus 25: Nix years thou shall sore thy field, and six years then shall prune thy concurred, and gather in the fruit thereof; But in the seventh year shall be a subbath of rest unto the land, a satuath for the Lord. . .

The land on which was grown the forrth crop of "dynamic kernels," as Perry Hayden calls his experiment in Biblical wheat, belongs to Heary Ford Scale 2,000 farmers turned out at Tecumseh to see the wheat eat, to listen to the children's choir from the Ford schools at Macon, to take part in the crading and graning contests and to get a book at Mr. For I have if. He arrived in a black Mercury secan with his wife and grandson, Henry Ford H. Asked to make a speech to said, "Wheat is a divine thing a devine food."



Heary Ford cuts small plot (left) with sacale he used as boy Wheat he cut will be shown in Greenfield Value noiseure





IN COUNTROOM FRENCH OFFICER READS COURT FINDINGS. IN FOREGROUND ARE U.S. MP. WHO GUARDED TRIAL

THE FRENCH TRY THEIR TRAITORS

In Cherbourg spies are convicted · with all due process of the law

The natives of Normandy are a conservative, orderly people. When the German's were driven out
of the Norman towns by the Allies, the Frenchmen
showed none of the volence against collaborationists which the rest of the world expected. Even who
mealing with out and out traitors, the Normans kept
within the law. In the first trial of collaborationists
to take place on French soils not the beginning of
the measion, a Cherboring narrany treamentries and
converted two miserable villing French and who had
spir i on Allied troops for the Germans. Instead of
heigen executed, the two spies were sentenced to be
imprisenment. Their defense argued that they were
too young to have grown to mat arity in acronic in
this case save that of Germans and the Vally French.

Trials like this will not be namicrous in the area now licht by the Mark Few of the Nermans were natright collaborationists, and most of these we that ig will the retreating formans. The majority of the people remained peach by at their jobs without causing the elective any troubal. Whiteen this orderly reterns to normal afe would be repeated an other parts of brance was another matter. In places where resistance against the Germans and collaborationists has been strong, had feeing and bloodshed around the brevel is more likely to only.

The smooth conduct of the Cherbourg trial, however illustrated the fact that the process of reastablishing legal government in Normality's process in the creating legal government in Normality's process in the creating and alterest to set itself up as an independent governing and artists, left freach government to the French for their part, the French cave are pterist the provisional government of Charles de Gallie.



Hiding their faces from anyone who might have known them, the prisoners sit on hard court-room benches during trial. Stony-faced gendarme at the left does not even look at prisoners.



Taken to jail after sentence of life imprisonment has been pronounced by court, collaborations is are followed by crowd of small boys. One man bows head, other strides defiantly.

Help them "Get there first with the most," Buy more Bonds for Victory * *

Getting there first

with the Most

It's always first with Chesterfields – first for Milder Better Taste—with the most in smoking pleasure for you and all your friends.

Yes, these are the winning qualities you want and expect in a cigarette. Chesterfield does it and says it in 5 Key-words...

RIGHT COMBINATION . WORLD'S BEST TOBACCOS

FIESTER ELD

Спрумун 1944. Глова ст & Мунка Товассо Со.



Paul Jones is a whiskey worth taking your time over. The dry, delicate tang, the full, golden richness of Paul Jones' flavor . . . the heart-warming smoothness . . . these are things it takes langering over to enjoy fully. A blend of straight whiskies—90 proof. Frankfort Distillers Corporation, New York City.





FRANCE'S GENERAL CHARLES DE GAULLE RESPONDS TO ENTHUSIASTIC CHEERS OF THE NEW YORK CHOWD GATHERED IN FRONT OF CITY HALL ON FLYING VISIT JULY 19

DE GAULLE IN U.S.

Free French leader gets popular acclaim and partial recognition

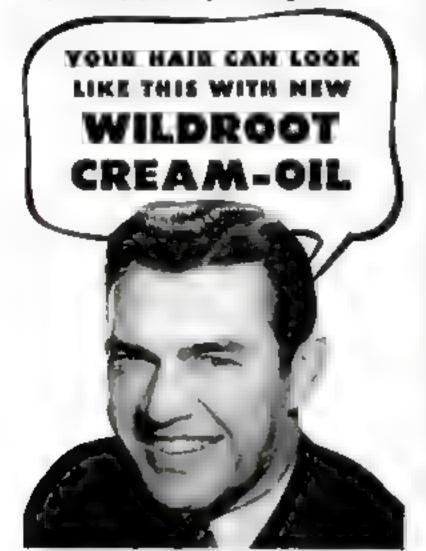
The leader of French resistance, Brig. Gen. Charles de Gaulle, flew into the U. S. on July 6. He talked with Roosevelt and Secretary Hull and took side-trips to Mount Vernon, New York and Quebec. His reception by plain Americans was enthusiastic and his talks with high officials were fruitful. They produced a Roosevelt announcement that the U.S. will recognize De Gaulle's Committee of Liberation as the de facto (working but unofficial) provisional government of metropolitan France. In reconquered

territory. De Gaulle's men as well as others will appear before Essenhower's committees to nominate civilian officials. De Gaulle's nominations will presumably be favored. This was a big step forward for De Gaulle but it was not actual recognition. It did not unfreeze French gold and credits in the U.S. or open the sealed French Embassy in Washington.

De Gaulle's message in U. S. was that "France must be great or disappear," i.e., it must have equal standing with U. S. and Britain in making the peace.



Scratch your head and see! If you find signs of dryness or loose, ugly dandruff, you need new Wildroot Cream-Oil-Formula. Grooms, relieves dryness, removes loose dandruff! Buy the large size.



2. Keeps your hair well combed all day long, and without a trace of that greasy look! And grooming without grease means no more steined hatbands, no greasy pillow slips! Your hair looks good and feels good!



WILDROOT

CREAM-DIL

Political Street

for Big dage.

NON-ALCOMBLIC

COMPANY THE PARTY NAMED IN

MINISTER MANAGEST

Witnesser Co. Inc.

11 246

Refined LANO-LIN has long been prescribed because of its soothing qualities, and because it closely resembles the oil of the human skin. Wildroot Cream-Oil is also homogenized for uniformity. No wonder 4 out of 5 users in a nation-wide test prefer it to the preparations formerly used. Get it today from your barber or druggist.

SPECIAL NOTE TO BARBERS...

Use Wildroot Cream-Oil sparingly, Pour into the palm of your hand just enough to cover a spot the size of a 25¢ piece. Rub hands together, apply to hair and massage scalp with finger tips. Hair may be dampened if desired before combing.

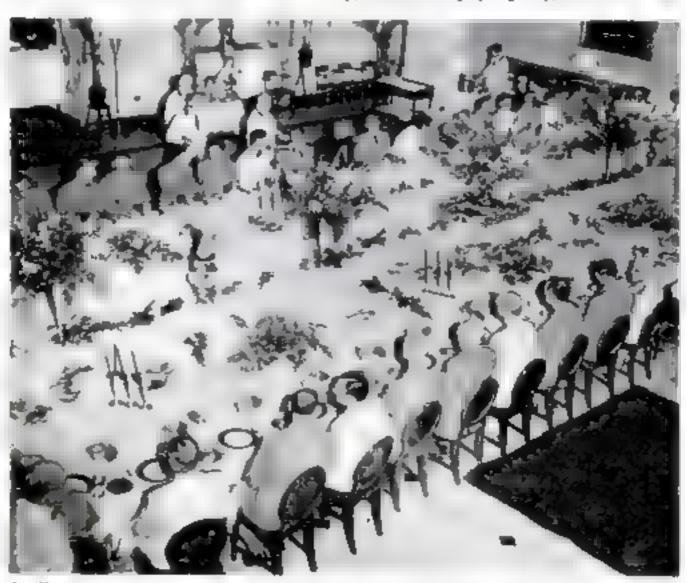
BUY MORE WAR BONDS NOW!



At Mount Yernon, De Gaulle is shown Washington's birthplace by manager. With his unwavering dend-pan expression, he inquired whether there were any deer on the estate. (There aren't.) Washington's army was supplied in Revolution by France.



in Washington's slady, he gazed at mementos. At Mount Vernon he saw key to Bastille which Lafayette presented to Washington. De Gaulle got back to Algiers in time to celebrate France's national holiday, Bastille Day (July 14), on French soil.



At dister given by Cordell Hull at Carlton Hotel De Gaulle said: "A great country like your own and an old and great country like my own may have... paths which are slightly different. But in the essential things they are in complete agreement."



CLOTHESPIN NOSE?

Summer cold got a grip on you? Use a Luden's. As it melts in mouth, it releases penetrating menthol vapor. Every breath carries it to stopped-up nassl passages, helping relieve "clothespin nose."



NEW HONEY-LICORICE COUGH DROPSI

Here's a new flavor in cough relief by the makers of Luden's Menthol Cough Drops. Both are medicated. Both \$\$\xi\$.



When Hot, Tired, Aching Feet Cry Out For Help

Dr. Scholl's Foot Balm Brings Quick Relief

When all you can think of are your tortured feet, Dr. Schol's Foot Baim will take them off your mind ever so quickly. It's simply amazing how this famous preparation of Dr. Scholl's—the internationally known foot authority—relieves painful, tender, tired, fiery, perspering and odorsus feet, caused by exertion and fatigue. Dr. Scholl's Foot Baim is delightfully soothing, comforting and refreshing. Helps put you right back on your feet. Jar lasts



CONTINUED ON PAGE 10

YEARS OF EXTRA BEAUTY FOR YOUR TEETH YOURS_FOR ONLY 1 EXTRA MINUTE A WEEK!



Yes! Teel helps you avoid ugly gumline cavities_as no other leading dentifrice can!

Why let ugly cavities rob you of your attractive smile-cavities you can easily avoid!

TFFL-the new liquid dentifrice-protects teeth because it cleans without scouring abrasives. Cleans gently-pleasantly.

The new TFFL way gets teeth looking their brightest. Leaves breath sweetened-mouth delightfully refreshed.

Just brush daily with TEFL. And one extra minute a week brush with TEEL and plain baking soda. Get TEEL at any drug, department, or 5 and 10¢ store—follow directions on package. There's beauty in every drop!



BEFORE THIS HAPPENS TO YOU

-before gums recede-switch to TEEL. 8 in 10 adults unknowingly may need this protection-urgently-right now!



DO THIS! (lean teeth the new TEEL Way. TEEL contains no scouring abrasivesavoids ugly ground-in Cavities at the gum line.



more than 8 in 10 risked getting them-

cavities ground into the softer tooth struc-

BUT _ extensive laboratory tests show this:

TEFTH CLEANED WITH TEEL ARE PROTECTED FROM SUCH

CAVITIES . . . BECAUSE TEEL CONTAINS NO SCOURING

ARRASIVES. MOREOVER, TEEL IS THE ONLY LEADING

DENTIFRICE THAT GIVES YOU THIS PROTECTION.

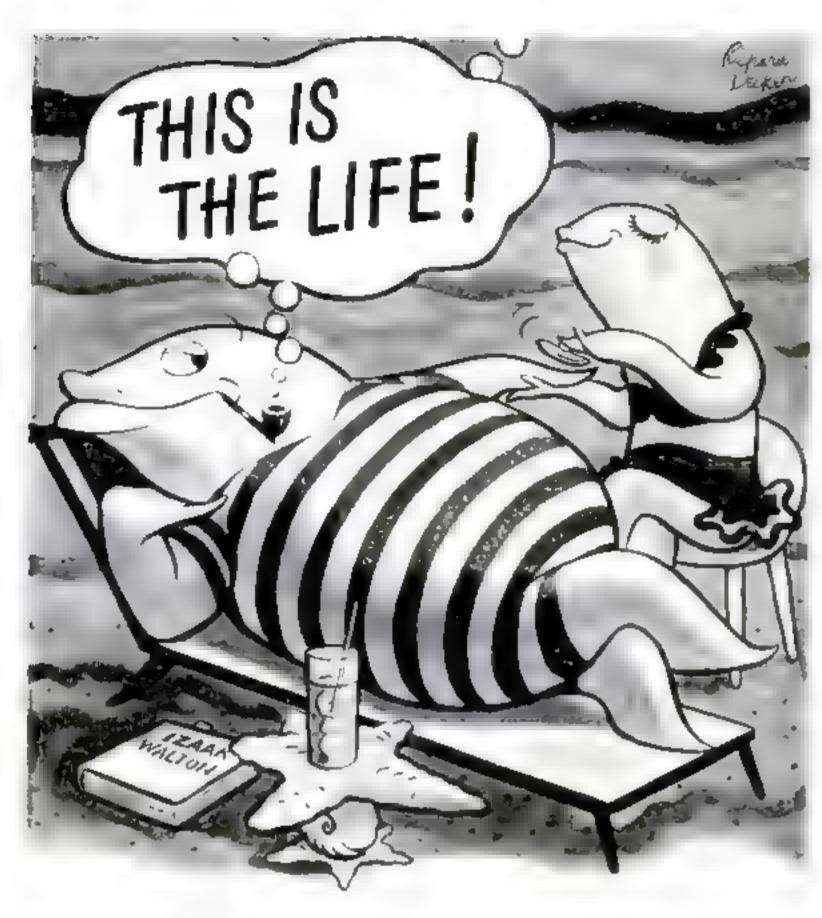
ture exposed by receding gums.

1. Brush your taeth every day-thoroughly with TEEL. A few drops on dry or moistened brush, feel it clean!

2. Once a week brush teeth with plain baking sode on brush moistened with TEEL. Brush at least an extra minute.

THIS CLEANS AND BRIGHTENS TEETH-SAFELY

Teel protects teeth





(Birds Eye explains why this fine, plump, lazy fish isn't in your frying pan today!)

Today, every day's a holiday for this happy haddock and his friends.

Before the war, his fillets would likely be the main dish on your table—via a Birds Eye package! But not today . . .

Here's why; under wartime conditions, trawlers have gone to the Government. And deep-sea fishing is restricted. So, please be easy on your Birds Eye Store if it's out of Birds Eye Fish.

On the hopeful side, we're getting all the Birds Eye Fish we possibly can, distributing it at once, We can't provide



all the varieties you'd like. But if the package bears the Birds Eye label, you'll be satisfied!

Ocean-fresh

Birds Eye Fish are nabbed in the depths of the Atlantic, sped to port.

BIRDS EYE FROSTED FOODS

Product of General Foods

As the trawlers nudge the docks, the fish are cleaned, washed, filleted, and Quick-Frozen—WITHIN 4 HOURS! All that sesty, ocean-freshness is sealed in. Held till you open in your kitchen.

Here's another reason why women dote on Birds Eye Fish; there's NO WORK, NO WASTE! You just lift the plump, clean, delicious fillets out of their cellophane reefers—and start frying! And if you're the economical type (as who isn't today?), you'll love Birds Eye Fish. Because

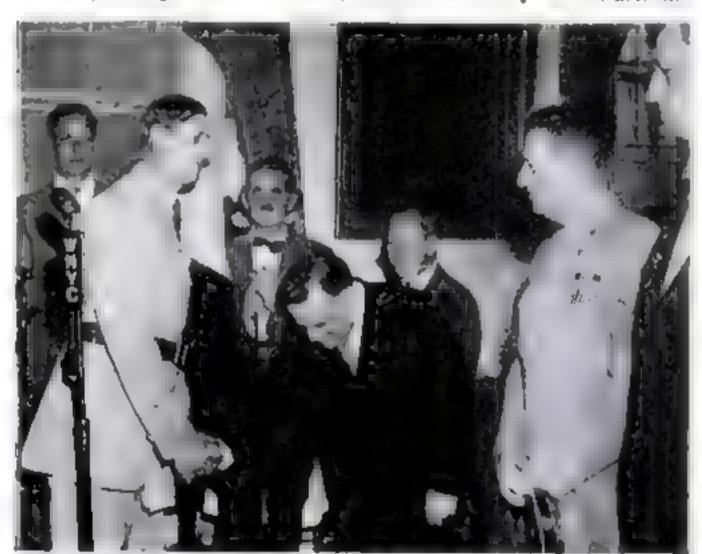
You pay only for what goes on your table, and you eat it ALL! Watch for it at your local Birds Eye store.

Make food fight for freedom by conserving foods. Avoid waste—clean your plate—use your leftovers. Preserve fresh penshables by canning, brining, drying, and storing. Join the U.S. Crop Corps and help get in the harvest—preserve our production.





At LaGuardia airport in New York, De Gaulle steps from four-motored Army transport between guard of French sailors. Later he gave Mayor LaGuardia, long one of his champions, a gold Cross of Lorraine, called New York City "a world in itself."

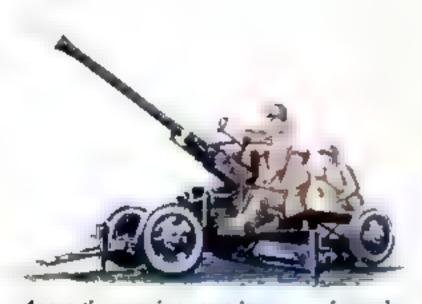


Little Mayer LaGuardia bows low to 6'2" De Gaulle in New York City's City Hall. De Gaulle was in general an overwhelming social success. New York's PM compared him to Charles Boyer. His expression was usually patient and impassive.



The general's army cap was downed by Doro thy Taylor, hat-cheek girl at Waldorf Astoria where reception was given De Gaulle. To the reception came some Franco-philes who had opposed De Gaulle but were now climbing hastily on band wagon.





Among the more important items manufactured by Pontiac for the Armed Forces are 40-mm. automatic field guns, Oerlikon 20-mm. anticoveraft cannon, aircraft torpedoes, Diesel engine parts, tank axles and parts for military vehicles. A reproduction of this advertisement, suitable for framing, will be mailed free on request.

He's the United States Army . . . the biggest, toughest, best-conditioned, best-equipped fighting force in our nation's history. Some of his regiments trace their traditions back to the days of Valley Forge. Some of his divisions met and mastered the Hun in France 25 years ago. Others are still being tuned to perfection in the complications of modern war.

Here at Pontiac we've built a lot of the tools of war he's using. We have trained him, too, in large numbers in an antiaircraft service school we were selected to conduct. And we're happy to have this opportunity of saying that in mountain trench and steaming jungle . . . in amphibious landing and desert attack . . . flying, jumping, scouting, building . . . using gun, grenade, rocket and knife . . . manning tank, truck, train and cannon . . . he's proving how eternally right a famous American officer was when he said, "Our kids are just automatically wonderful."



MOTOR DIVISION

General Motors Corporation

If your meat dealer was short of Beef today...

nation in the picture at the right. In theaters of war around the globe battle plans for victory are under way. And those plans call for meat... in the right quantities, at the right places, at the right time. Military needs come first... for meat proteins are vitally necessary to give fighting men strength, vitality, stamina.

That's why the U. S. Government has called upon America's livestock and meat-packing industry for production of meat in 1944 in amounts never dreamed of before. Nearly 8½ billion pounds will be needed to meet the needs of our fighting forces and our fighting allies alone.

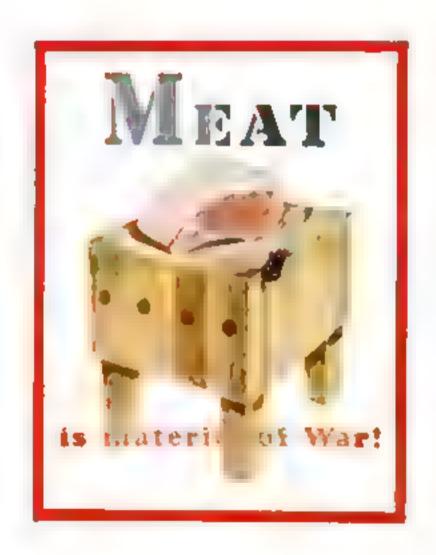
In the face of almost insuperable difficulties the timetables of U. S. meat production are being met. Ranchers, farmers, truckers, railroads and meat-packing plants are working day and night to produce more meat with less help. Swift & Company alone has more than 18,000 stars in its service flag, but the men and women remaining are bending every effort to carry Swift's share of the increased burden.

Your meat dealer, too, has been faced with multiplied wartime responsibilities —shortage of help and supplies, ration bookkeeping, delivery curtailment, scarcity of foods. Yet he is carrying on, thanks in part to your sympathetic understanding, rendering an indispensable public service.

Remember all this, please, when he cannot always supply you with the famous brands of Swift's meats which have been favorites on your table. Remember, too, that through Swift's Fair Distribution Policy we are doing everything possible to insure you and your meat dealer a fair share of available civilian supplies of products bearing the brands "Swift's Premium" and "Swift's Brookfield".

To Help You Conserve and Extend Your Meat, Swift Advertising in Women's Magazines and on the Radio Offers Practical Help and Suggestions.

Swift's Wartime Policy—We will cooperate to the fullest extent with the U. S. Government to help win the war. We will do everything possible to safeguard the high quality of our products. Despite wartime difficulties, we will make every effort to distribute available civilian supplies to insure a fair share for all consumers everywhere.



SWIFT & COMPANY FOOD PURVEYORS TO THE U.S.



Your first duly to your Country-BUY WAR BONDS



SWIFT'S PREMIUM BACON

-not only assures you that "sweet smoke taste" that is the delight of millions but affords an extremely economical and flavorful way to "stretch" your share of meat. A single pound of bacon provides a main dish for four when served with vegetables or other plentiful foods.



SWIFT'S BRANDED BEEF_of

Special value to homemakers. A Swift brand on fresh beef is your guarantee of quality. Look for these brand names when you buy: Swift's Premium, Swift's Select, Swift's Arrow. Although less of this better beef is now available, these Swift brands are still the finest of their type,

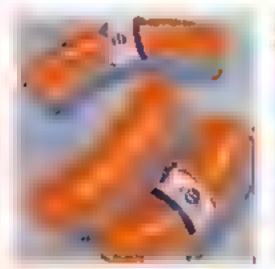


PREM—'This delicious meat by the makers of Swift's Premium Ham is made from Premium quality mest, sugar-cured the exclusive Swift's Premium way. Prem is a particular wartime favorite because it's all meat and no waste. It comes ready to serve cold or can be made into a delicious hot meal.

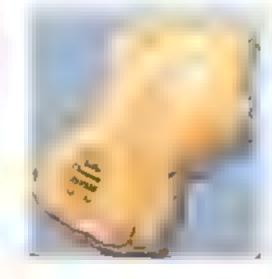
Swift pledges that these famous products



will continue to be the finest of their kind



FRANKFURIS—Juncer, finerflavored, and made from quarity beef and pork for extra nutrit on. One pound serves four people—saves time, fuel and cuts shrinkage to a minimum. Swift makes them truly supertender by tendering the skins in pineapple fuice.



SAFTS PREM M PO TRY

- Tinkeys, Chickens, Geese
Ducks, Capons They re the
pick of the flocks "Specially
selected by an expert judge of
quality, every Swift's Premium
bard is meaty, purey and tender
delicious to the last morse.
For stewing, you It find Suift's
Gotho West Foul parties arth fine



SWIFT'S PREM UM TABLE
READY MEATS—provide a
practically unlimited variety of
quickly served cold lanches,
supports, snacks and sandwhere, All varieties are made
of fine ingredents and plended
with true he me kitchen care to
make these quality meats extra
delic out and extra natrit has



this time...let's keep our Merchant Marine

Once again it has taken a war to prove to America that a strong Merchant Marine is a vital national need.

We learned this lesson once before, but it didn't stick. In 1917-18, we feverishly built ships to meet a pressing wartime supply problem. When peace came, we allowed hundreds of those ships to rust into uselessness at their piers.

By 1935, we had let our Merchant Marine sink from a strong first to a poor fourth among world powers. Approximately two-thirds of our own commerce was being carried on foreign vessels.

The aggressor nations knew this. They knew we had neither the ships to import many of the strategic materials upon which American industry depended, nor to carry our vast potential war production to distant fighting fronts. This weakness was an open invitation to war. And the Axis nearly caught us flat-footed when they struck.

But in 1936, men of foresight started our Merchant Marine on the road back. They drafted the Merchant Marine Act, making it a policy of the United States to develop a merchant fleet "capable of serving as a naval and military auxiliary in time of war... to provide shipping service on all essential routes" in time of peace.

From this start, America's Marine industry has built more than half as much merchant ship tonnage as existed in the entire world prior to World War II. This powerful merchant fleet, now serving our vital wartime needs, can likewise expand our peacetime foreign trade—to help maintain our vast productive capacity, provide postwar employment for thousands of American workers.

Here is strength we must never lose. Let us never again forget that an adequate Merchant Marine is our greatest strength in time of war, our most powerful weapon to guard a lasting peace.

Westinghouse is proud to be a partner in building America's new Merchant Marine. Westinghouse turbine drives power the new Victory ships. You'll find Westinghouse steam and electrical equipment on every type of ship on war duty.

Yes, as leading suppliers to the Marine industry, we are directly interested in its future. But beyond this, we consider it the responsibility of every manufacturer, of every citizen, to see that America builds and keeps the finest, swiftest and most efficient Merchant Marine in the world. 1-90531





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KING OF THE USHERS

ANDY FRAIN, WORLD'S NO. 1 CROWD ENGINEER, BOSSES THE DELEGATES AT CHICAGO CONVENTIONS

by LINCOLN BARNETT and GENE COOK

Andy Frain, a ruggedly handsome, fastidiously groomed Chicagoan, is the world's foremost crowd engineer. Whenever 1,000 or more people convene in any big city between the Alleghenies and the Pacific Ocean, Frain regulates their movements and governs their behavior in much the same way that a civil engineer directs the flow of water in an irrigation project. He presides impersonally over World Series baseball games, championship prizefights, horse races, auctions, weddings, funerals and analogous indoor and outdoor functions. He was one of the most important men present at the Republican convention last month. He is no less important at the Democratic convention this week.

Although few delegates at the Republican meeting ever saw Frain they responded implicitly, if sometimes rebelliously, to his directives. It is probable, indeed, he had more to do with creating the convention's notable mood of restraint than either the heat or the inevitability of Dewey's nomination. Frain adheres to no political party, hence has no interest whether seats are filled at any gathering. He has an abiding in-

terest, however, in upholding his claim that no one has ever crashed a Frain-engineered assembly. The empty rows that featured most sessions of the G.O.P. convention testified in part to the indifference of Republican ticket holders, but more tellingly to the thoroughness with which Frain's ramparts were reared against intruders.

When Frain undertakes to handle a crowd he obtains blueprints of the stadium or auditorium in question, studies aisles, gates, parking lots and seating patterns. Then, like a field commander, he posts his corps of ushers, doorkeepers, ticket takers and trouble shooters as the tactical situation requires. Fram's mercenaties comprise what is probably the smartest and bestdisciplined private army within the U. S. today. Before the war cut into his manpower pool his permanent force totaled 1,500, based mostly in Chicago, St. Louis and Los Angeles. His regulars are currently in action every day at such places as Wrigley Field, Comiskey Park, the Chicago Coliseum, Hollywood Ball Park, Santa Anita Race Track, Los Angeles' Olympic Auditorium, Ascot Speedway and Pan-Pacific Auditorium. When special operations require their presence at Churchill Downs, Rose Bowl or Agua Caliente, Frain dispatches a limited expeditionary force and recruits volunteers from the local citizenry. On one evening he has had as many as 7,000 men on duty at 50 separate events in 21 cities from coast to coast. His payroll runs as high as \$1,000,000 a year.

Political conventions give Frain a much worse headache than baseball games, races or fights. At athletic evenes, gate crashing is for the most part sporadic and on a small scale. But politicians, who subsist by dispensing favors, exasperate Fram by expecting him to admit their ticketless friends by the hundreds. A few days before the Republican convention the boss of a rough West Side ward called on Frain in his office in the Chicago Stadium. "Listen, Andy," he said. "I want a rear gate." Frain gave him his blandest babyblue stare. "Explain yourself," he murmured. "You mean you want to work as a gateman?" "Listen, you burn," the gangster rumbled, "I mean I want access to the building. You gimme that gate or else." Expressing his earnest desire



KING OF THE USHERS (continued)

to be of service, Fram assured his visitor that all he need do was obtain an okay from G.O.P. Chairman Harrison Spangler and the gate would be open to all his ward.

Threatening calls are no new experience to Frain, for ever since he became keeper of the gates and generalissimo of ushers in Chicago he has been a recipient of underworld attention. He has been shot at several times and on one occasion was so badly beaten he lay unconscious for two days. They're always trying to muscle me," he sighs resignedly. "The heat's on me."

Heat projected by important politicians has no more effect on Frain than heat from the "hoods" (rhymes with foods). On the first day of the G O P. convention he was summoned to Spangler's office under the speakers' platform. There he found Walter Hallanan, chairman of the Republican Arrangements Committee

'Damn it,' shouted Hallanan, slamming his ticket on the desk 'Every place I turn somebody grabs at me and wants to punch this ticket. I walked in and out at Philadelphia without being bothered. Can't you tell your doorman to let Hallanan pass without all this damn ticket punching?"

Patiently Fram explained that, without punching, anyone could borrow half a dozen unpunched tickets from friends inside the stadium, exit with them in his pocket and bring in another half dozen 'delegates.' At the Philadelphia convention of 1940 he reminded Hallanan, thousands were filtered in through this device. "What do you think, Mr. Spangler?" he asked. The Republican chairman shook his head. "You're running this show, Andy," he replied Later in the day Hallanan called Fram and apologized

Hour after hour during the three days of the convention. Frain stood behind his desk in the Stadium, sweat streaming down his rubescent face, facing queues of petitioners. His gatemen and ticket takers had orders to admit no one without credentials and to refer all disputes to Frain. To him from every gate came scores of delegates who had brought their badges but had forgotten their tickets and others who had tickets but had lost their badges. Cutting short their explanations, he scrawled, "O K. Andy" on innumerable scraps of paper and passed them in with stern warnings not to forget their credentials at subsequent sessions.

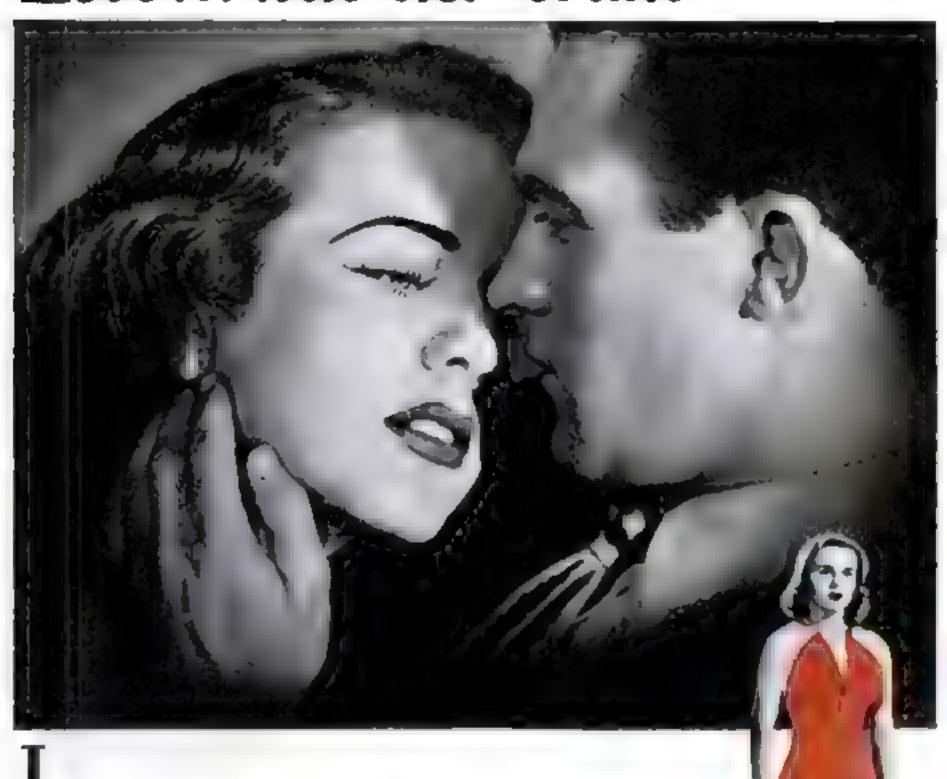
"Mother was always handling crowds"

Fram's evolution as the world's No. 1 crowd handler is a direct result of childhood environment. He grew up in a tottering five-room house back of the stockwards on Chicago's South Side. His father was an intermittently employed hod carrier, whose earnings lagged far behind the procreative energies which enabled him to sire 16 sons and one daughter. Since there were too few beds in the Frain home to go around, the children slept in shifts. The house had no indoor toilet and use of the single outdoor privy posed the same problem in crowd management as utilization of the beds upstairs. "Mother was always handling large crowds," Frain recalls. As the 16th child in a family of 17 he became more sensitively aware than his elders of the desirability of orderly crowd engineering. Its importance was impressed on him again when, on leaving school in the eighth grade, he began working nights as an usher to augment family finances

Stace ushering entailed free ad miss on to entertaining events, at

Frain's baseball ushers line up for an inspection at Wrigley Field. Their smart uniforms of blue and gold, designed by Frain, are worn by his men throughout the U.S.

Love... was her crime



Love... was her punishment

DURBIN passionately creating her greatest role . . . as Abigail . . . who became "Jackie". . . to live in the shadow of a merciless love!

UNIVERSAL PRESENTS

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in W. Somerset Maugham's

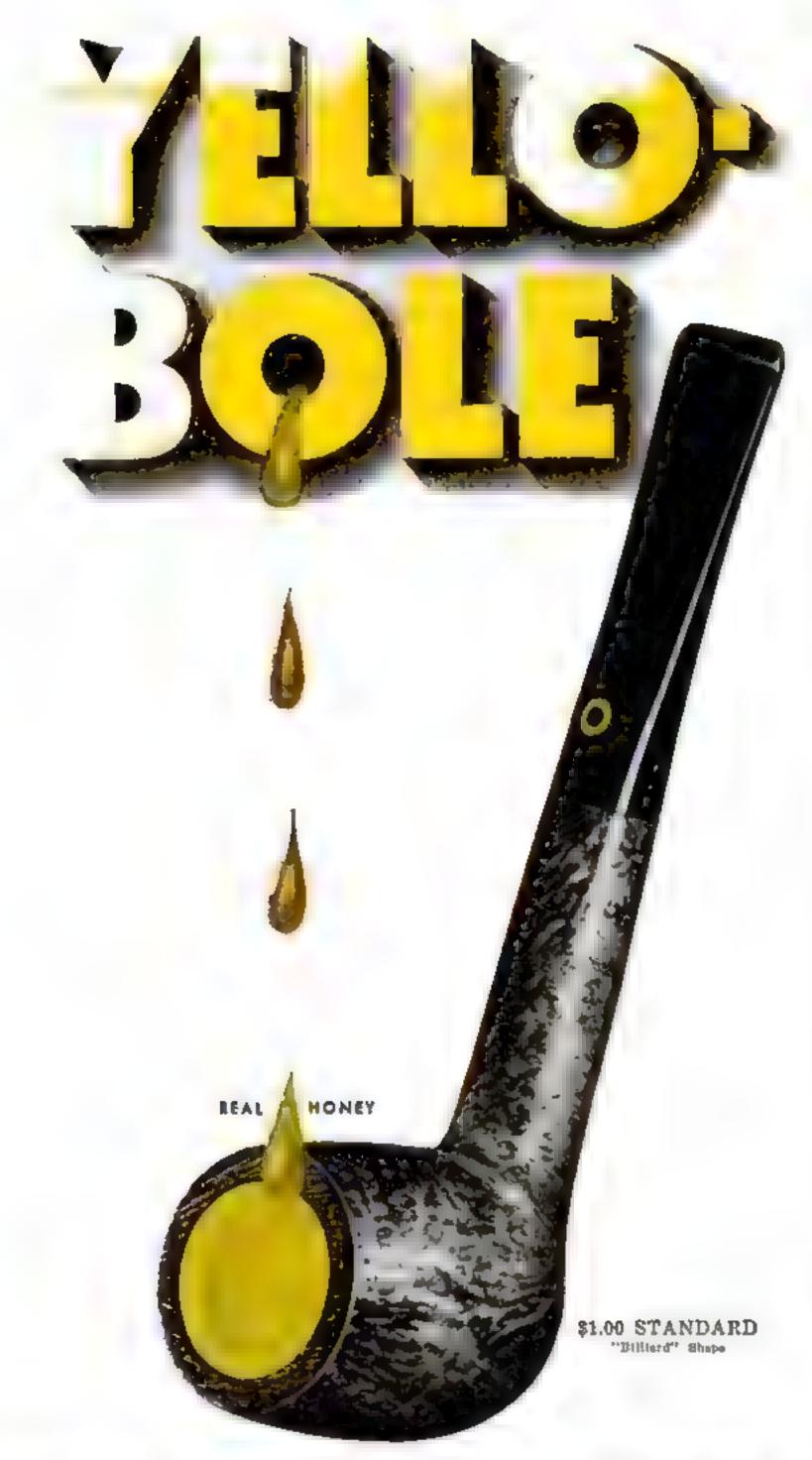


GLADYS GEORGE DAVID BRUCE GALE SONDERGAARD

Produced by FELIX JACKSON



Directed by ROBERT SIODMAK Associate Producer, FRANK SHAW As written for the screen by HERMAN J. MANKIEWICZ



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Real honey, blended, inside the bowls of these Yello-Bole Pipes, in just the right amount, combines with Nature's best seasoned pipe-bowl, to make Yello-Bole one of the most fragrant, mild and satisfactory pipes ever made. There is absolutely no "breaking-in." Once you've enjoyed the experience of smoking Yello-Bole, you'll never be without one. If your dealer can't supply you immediately, remember that men on every fighting front and ship are asking for them, and getting them first. Your dealer will have some soon.



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YELLO-BOLE . . . A NAME TO REMEMBER, WKEREVER YOU ARE and WHEN YOU COME HOME

KING OF THE USHERS (continued)

was regarded as a privilege rather than a job and \$1 was a night's maximum wage. Auditoriums had no permanent staffs but simply a floating reserve of neighborhood toughs who took bribes from customers without tickets and from others who had cheap seats and craved ringside. Frain's concept of a corps of uniformed, honest ushers materialized in his mind on the night of May 29, 1913, when Benny Leonard and "Pinky" Mitchell fought in the old Dexter Park Pavilion before a riotous crowd of 12,000, of whom 3,000 had entered without tickets. Patrons who had purchased \$10 and \$20 seats fretted outside in the street, unable to get in, while hundreds who had climbed through windows sat beside the ring. Before the night was over the National Guard was called out and Usher Frain, who had vainly tried to maintain order, determined to go into business for himself.

Arguing that a decent wage would deter the acceptance of bribes, Frain mobilized a small corps of trusted friends and approached Major Frederic McLaughlin, big-league hockey promoter, who had been worried for weeks because receipts were mysteriously short. Ripe for Fram's overtures, McLaughlin agreed to try out Fram's honest ushers and gatemen and to pay them \$5-\$10 a night. Since then Fram's men have handled every major hockey game played in

the city of Chicago.

Having proved his point at the stadium, Frain next called on William Wrigley Jr., late owner of the Chicago Cubs, and asked the right to handle crowds at the ball park for two months, promising that if he failed to make good his claims he would expect no pay. Wrigley agreed and Fram opened his campaign by notifying the existing corps of ushers that their wages had been increased but that henceforth anyone who accepted graft would be peremptorily dismissed. Every time Fram fired a man he had to meet him after the game and enforce the discharge with his fists. "I got my ears beat down more times than I can think," Frain recalls. But the bribe takers stayed fired and the new regime so pleased Wrigley that he put up \$3,000 to equip Fram's ushers with their now-famous uniform of blue and gold.

The battle of the Derby

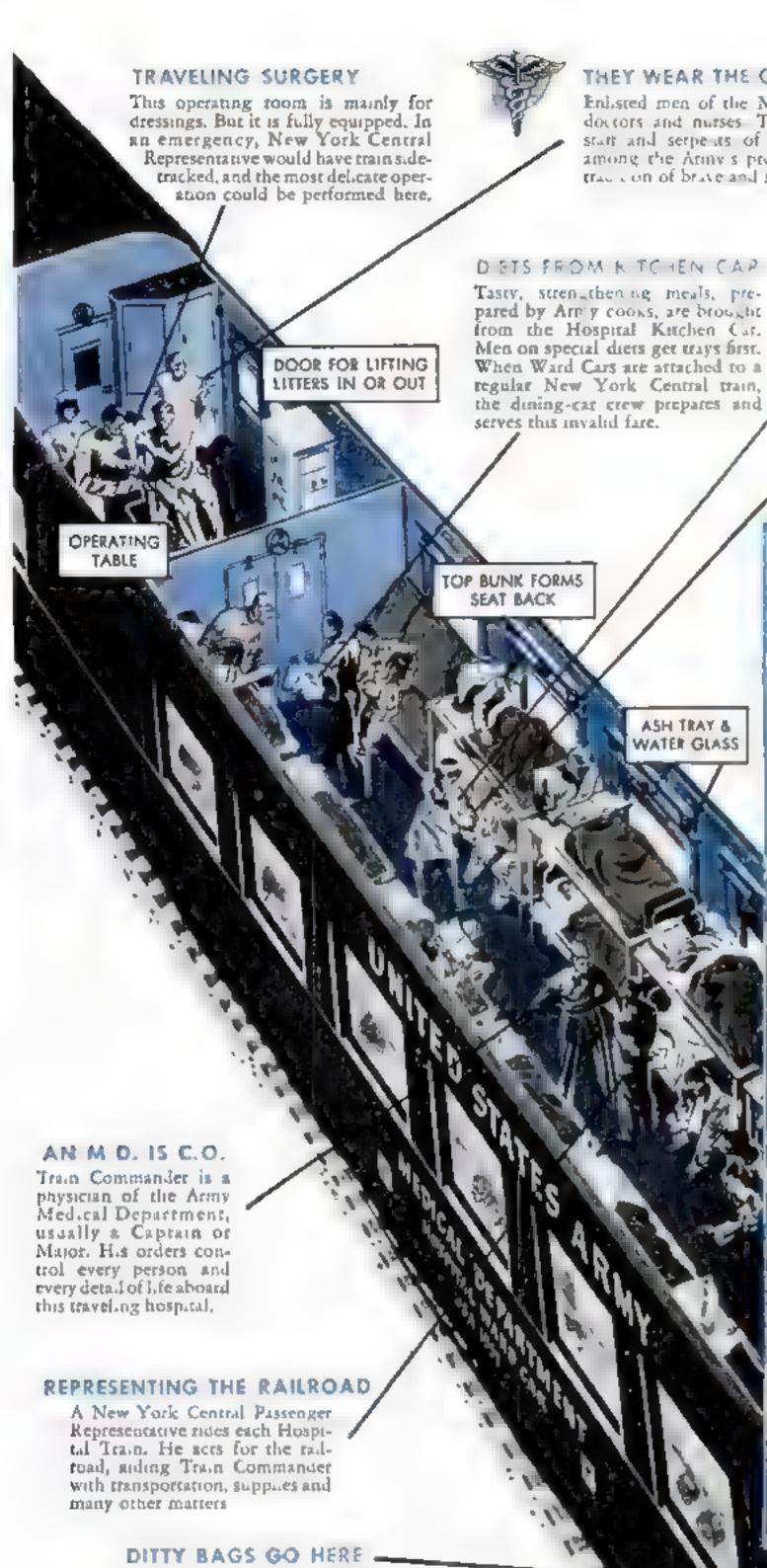
To sell his services to the Kentucky Derby, Frain traveled to Churchill Downs in 1932, climbed a fence, surrendered himself as a gatecrasher and demanded to be brought before Colonel Matt Winn, the Derby's impresario. As Winn started to berate his effrontery. Frain produced a blueprint of the grounds and, talking fast, delivered a cogent lecture on the inadequacy of Derby crowd arrangements. The colonel was impressed and agreed to try Frain's system.

Next year Frain transported 250 of his veterans from Chicago to Churchill Downs, where he recruited an additional force of 500 local school and college boys for the day. Since gate crashing at the Derby traditionally took the form of a concerted rush by 10 or 11 toughs at a single usher, many of Frain's boys sustained physical injury. Scores received black eyes; one was hospitalized for several months with broken ribs and a fractured skull. State and local police, instead of preserving order, tried to push their friends through the gates and when balked arrested Fram's attendants. Anticipating this maneuver, Frain had reinforcements ready. Replacing casualties as quickly as they vanished from the fray, he raced again and again to police headquarters, bailed out his captured troops and drove them back to their posts. His lines held and, although his first Derby cost him more money than he made, his men have been masters of Churchill Downs ever since.

Frain's first big political job was the Republican convention in Chicago in 1932. Though well informed of his prowess with crowds, G.O P. politicos decided to let their sergeants at arms handle matters as in the past. On the first afternoon 40,000 hacked their way into the stadium, its capacity, stretched, is 25,000. The politicianushers were admitting all their friends. That night the harried arrangements committee asked Frain to take over. He immediately installed his crashproof, triple-defense system—comprising a front line of ticket checkers at the outer doors, whose function was simply to see that people had tickets; an inner line of ticket takers at the turnstiles; and between them, at every gate, a roving chief gateman and trouble shooter.

The Democratic convention which followed a few weeks later might have gone more smoothly had not the late Mayor Anton Cermak handed out 3,000 cards inscribed, "O. K. Tony Cermak." Fram ordered his gatemen not to recognize them and, as a result, hordes of Cermak's outraged beneficiaries were turned away. Cermak himself was refused admittance when he showed up at the stadium

CONTINUED ON PAGE 48



HEY WEAR THE CADUCEUS

Enlisted men of the Medical Corps and doctors and nurses. Their emblem, the start and serpe its of the Caducers, is among the Army's proudest ... with a traction of brave and se dess service.

SHE RATES A SALUTE

The Army Nurse rates a salute . . . not only because she's a Lieutenant . . . but for her superb, often heroic service. The Army urgently needs 2 000 more trained nurse volunteers each month this year.

SCHOOL BOYS MADE THESE

Bath trays, designed by the Army Medical Department, hold basin, alcohol and powder. They are made in manual training by Junior Red Cross boys



roins in White

How Army Hospital Trains speed wounded fighters homeward over the Water Level Route

MILE AFTER MILE, these travelers drink in each new picture framed in the windows of their Ward Dressing Car. It may be the scenic Hudson River, the rich fields of the Mohawk Valley, or the blazing furnaces of some war production center. But, always, it's home . . . "the good old U.S.A."

This is the last lap of the long, long journey through which the Army Medical Department has brought these wounded fighters. A journey that may have begun on a stretcher, under fire . . . but is ending now amid the care and comfort of a modern "hospital on wheels,"

In this supreme service, New York Central is proud to share. Special schedules are timed to fit Medical Department needs. Speeds are planned for maximum comfort over every part of the route, and engineers exert all their skill in smooth train operation. For aboard these "trains in white" ride America's most honored passengers.



New York Central

"THANKS FOR THOSE BOOKS!"

Pat ents keep personal possessions in "Ditty Bags" under bunks, Other

luggage goes in baggage car, forward, Many New York Central baggage cars are on military duty. That s why you

are asked to travel light

Each Ward Car has a library of books donated by the public. More would be welcome, especially humor and mystery stones. New records, too, are needed for Ward Car phonographs.

Your War Bonds help build **Army Hospital Cars**



now go to the armed forces for use in "walkie-talkies" and other essential equipment.

War bonds are the best security you can buy-not only for yourself and your country, but for your children and theirs. Buy them and keep them! The registered trade-marks "Eveready" and

"Mini-Max" distinguish products of National Carbon

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KING OF THE USHERS (continued)

without a ticket. He never forgave Frain the blow to his prestige. For this year's conventions Frain mustered a force of 250, including 100 pretty, pertly uniformed usherettes. "The girls," he reported, "are from good families. Every one of them is somebody's daughter." Frain's gross take for the two conventions totaled \$16,000, out of which he paid all salaries and overhead.

The standards set by Fram for his personnel are rigorous and uniform from coast to coast. Every man on his payroll must be pleasantlooking, at least 18 years of age, equipped with sound teeth and preferably over six feet in height. "A six-footer commands a crowd," says Frain, who is of medium height. "He scares you a little." Above all, his men must be incorruptable. "When I catch a guy taking dough, he's done," Fram declares. Before any important event like the Derby or a convention he gives them a blackboard lecture in the manner of a football coach, anticipating opposition tactics and pointing out weak spots in the defense. Frequently he shows them motion pictures of crowds filing in and out of stadia, with emphasis on such matters as jams, faulty flow and unemployed spillways.

Fram regards his young men with a fatherly eye, less as employes than as wards or club members. By working three hours a night several nights a week, they can make \$1,000-\$1,200 a year, while his assistant chiefs earn up to \$6,000. To date more than 2,000 of them have paid their way through school and college. Frain is proud of the fact that he has probably helped more young men to acquire an education than any other single individual in the U.S. Among his alumni are doctors, lawyers, scientists, priests, government servants. His corps is organized on a semimilitary basis and before the war drilled daily to a drum-and-bugle ensemble. Its members have their own basketball and softball teams which compete successfully in local leagues.

Many Chicagoans compare Frain's activities to those of Father Flanagan of Boys Town. He gives his young men moral counsel and makes special financial arrangements with the parents of those who tend to spend their wages too freely. Once when he noticed that some of his ushers were blowing their money each evening on girls from an ice show then playing at the stadium, he withheld their pay to retard what he considered an unwise expenditure. More than 1,200 of his alumni are now in the armed forces. He corresponds with many of them and sends them gifts at Christmastime.

Fram adheres to the same rigid criteria he imposes on his men. "I could have made thousands of dollars by selling seats at this last convention," he remarked a few days ago. "But I didn't even take a cigar. I'll go for a favor, but I won't go for dough." Since he insists that his staff shun liquor, he takes nothing himself but an infrequent glass of beer. His leisure moments are spent not in night clubs but at home with his wife and three children.

From time to time Frain receives calls from his brothers, none of whom has approximated his financial success. "I think there's about nine of them living," he estimates. When they visit his \$50,000 home in Chicago's prosperous Sauganash section they have their pick of five glittering bathrooms, which Frain often proudly exhibits to guests. "I always said when I had a house of thy own I would have plenty of toilets," he muses, happily comparing his current wealth of facilities with the discomforts of his youth.

Although Frain's home life is spacious, he exhibits a curious affinity during working hours for any and all available crowds. Driving his Cadillac through Chicago's teeming traffic, he will hurry in a single afternoon from the stadium to Wrigley Field to Comiskey Park to the Coliseum and to every other place where his ushers are on duty. His office is perpetually overrun with callers whom he makes no effort to exclude. He appears to draw people to him as a magnet attracts iron filings. When he is asked what he hopes to do in his old age, Fram beams at the multitudes around him, sighs with contentment and replies unconvincingly, "All I want is to be alone."



On distant missions Frain cransports his ushers in big buses. Once, entering Mexico for Agua Caliente races, they were taken for revolutionary generals, were almost shot.



All RIGHT. Maybe you can't get HER to set her foot inside of any high-speed contraption. And maybe you wouldn't want your car to do EVERYTHING a combat airplane does, BUT...

If and when the motor-makers design post-war cars that give aircraft performance, Texaco's post-war gasolines will be more than ready to match the new motors.

In developing these new gasolines, Texaco's Research scientists have attained new highs in octane ratings. Super-fuel concentrates more than four times as powerful as present-day 100 octane gasoline have been produced in Texaco laboratories.

These concentrates are too powerful to be used efficiently alone in any existing motor. But from their development and from other research comes Texaco's "know how" to make a more powerful gasoline for your post-war car.

You can look forward to a gasoline streamlined and enriched with new-world power and smoothness . . . a fuel that will be more than a match for even the fine motors to come. A better Sky Chief. Coming—at Texaco Dealers!

THE TEXAS COMPANY



A BETTER SAN GASOLINE

... more than a match for your motor!

Our Fighting Men C Chevrolet Builds

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Chevrolet-built Pratt & Whitney engines power the B-24 Liberator—one of America's longest-range bombers.

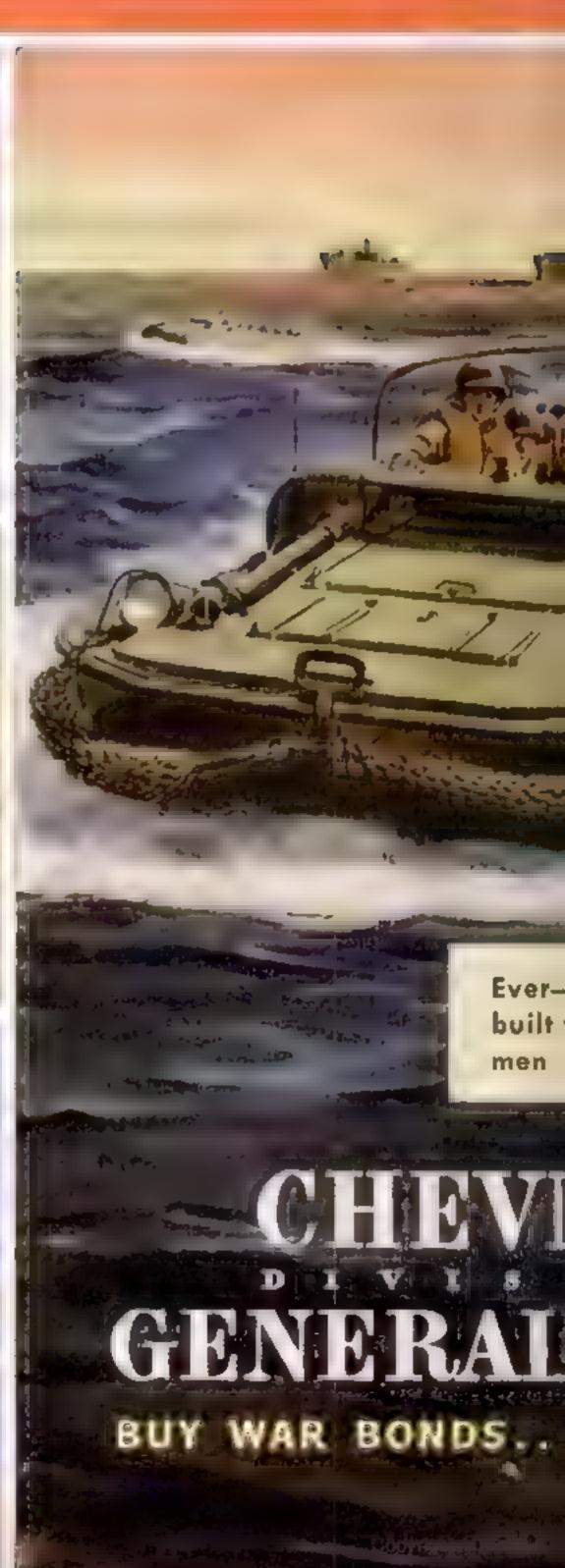


Chevrolet-built Pratt & Whitney engines also power the C-47 and C-53 cargo planes—workingest airplanes in existence.



Chevrolet built ten per cent of all aircraft engines produced in the United States in 1943.





ve Valor for Victory... Volume for Victory OAT ASHORE

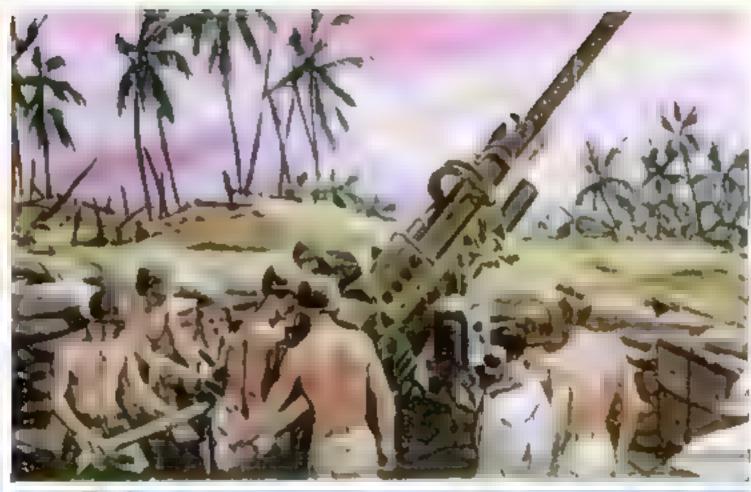


creasing numbers of Chevrolet-MC "Ducks" carry our fighting om boat to beachhead to Victory.

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AND KEEP THEM!



Great numbers of Chevrolet-built 90-mm. guns are destroying enemy tanks and planes.



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SEAGRAM'S 5 CROWN BLENDED WHISKEY. 86.8 PROOF. 60% GRAIN NEUTRAL SPIRITS. SEAGRAM-DISTILLERS CORPORATION, NEW YORK



MOVIE OF THE WEEK:

Since You Went Away

David O. Selznick's first picture in four years is a big heart-warming story of life on the home front

For the past four years David O. Selznick has been restlessly inactive while searching for a story which would have outstanding wartime significance and an appeal equal to his Academy Award productions, A Star Is Born, Gone With the Wind and Reberca. This week he presents his newest effort, Since You Hent Away. Filmed at a cost of more than \$3,000,000, it is his most human, factual picture to date.

A big, rambling story about life on the American home front, Since You West Away focuses on the Huton family, Anne and her two daughters "Brig" and Jane, after the head of the household has gone to war, Into their simple pattern of fiving, Selznick has packed all of the details of what war means to the women who stay at home. Using the documen-

tary technique of the newsreel camera, Since Fou Went Away manages to capture the panoramic feeling of what has happened to America at war. It examines the cocktail lounges, the crowded trains, the shipyards, the confusion of food shortages, the sorrow of death and the comfort of religion with an amazing fidelity to ordinary American thinking on those subjects. The result: a genumely heart-warming picture that will deeply move those who are personally involved. It will displease only those who profess to see in the war deeper intellectual meanings than are recorded in the picture.

Since I on II ent Away has perhaps the most extravagant accumulation of talent since Gone With the Il and, With approximately 200 speaking parts, it pro-

vides ample range for the abilities of Claudette Colbert, Jennifer Jones (see cover), Shirley Temple, Joseph Cotten, Monty Woolley, Robert Walker, Nazimova and Hattie McDaniel. Lionel Barrymore appears in a three-minute bit part as a minister and Charles Coburn was paid \$10,000 to do another bit which was subsequently edited out of the picture

Since You II ent Away is a one-man show. Screen play, based on Margaret Buell Wilder's letters to her lin-band in service, was written by David O. Selznick, usually only one scene ahead of the camera, Selzmek did some directing, edited film down to threehour length. Still remaining is shot of a sentimental poem entitled So We Are Three, for which Good Housekeeping once paid its author, David O. Selznick, \$8.



The Hiltons cent their space bedroom after Tun H that goes off to war. The new counter is crotchety ald Colonel Smollett (Monty W solley) who argues with "Brig." (Shirley Temple, about the underthings strewn about bathroom, but later helps move her goldfish.



Is a cochian lounge Anne Hilton Claudette Celbert accountally meets Lieut Tony Willett (Joseph Cotten), who was her husban I Tun's old fræn hand best man. To syst a curries the torch for Anne Over damer his cavaher task soon has Anne laughing gain.



The colonel's grandson, Cpl. William Smollett II (Robert Walker) is stat oned at a nearby air base. When he pays a surprise courtesy call on his grandfather be gets a briefal tongue-lasan g from the old num, who has never forgiven him for for aig at West Point.



Pretty Jane Hillon (Jermfer Jones) develops a terrific crush on her mether's sle boy-friend, Lieut Willett During a lance of the acronsc, Jane courty swoons who e walter g with him. Asthough flattered, Tony remains her that he remembers when she was horn.



Briving home from the dance, where they had learned of the death of a young filer they knew. Anne and Tony are gloomy until a highway patrolman stops them for speeding. They laugh at his complaint that he is lonely since gas rationing and drive home happy.



Jane gets the memps the day Tony is called to active duty. With her swollen face hadden in a kerchief, she bids him a melodramatic goodby. Aware that she stor here worships him, Tony tries to let her down easily, predicts that she will be in love when he returns.



Tony's prediction soon comes true, Jane becomes a terested in the shy Bill Smollett, who tells her about his dismal failure at West Point and his grandfather's great disappointment. W. hiher sympatheric anderstanding of his ambitious she gives Bill self-confidence.



On a crowded, slow-moving train, the Hilton family returns home from a fractic trip to see Tim Hilton, who is leaving his except for overseas. They arrive at their meeting place too late to see June. They ride on the crowd of train is the most realistic seer is of the plm.



Roused out of an afternoon map, At he Hilton is unprepared for the telegram which notifies her that her leashered is no soing in action. Although the news is a great shock, she and her two daughters never step believing that he is still alive and will return home safely



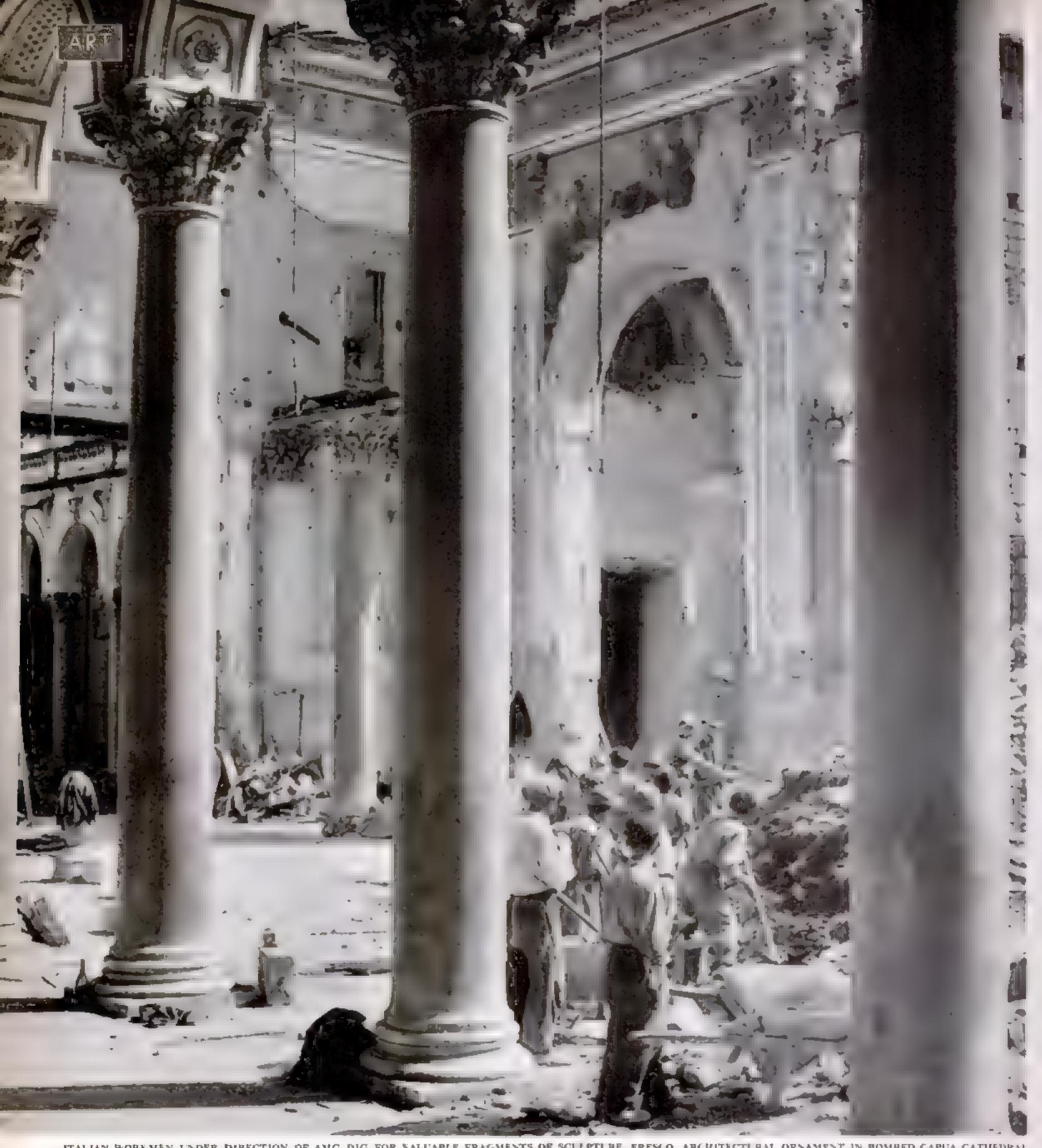
Leaving for overseas duty, Bill says goodby to Jane at the station. They seek the privacy of a steel column to kiss cachetter goodby, in thy have time to knew they are in love before it is all over Bill is killed. The first action on the seach good at Selegio.



Strangely resolute about Bill's death, Jane becomes absorbed in her work as a nurse's ande in the psychiatric clinic of Dr. Golden (Albert Basserman). The old psychiatrist says that his life is dedicated to bringing smiles back to the faces of young veterans.



The Hillons celebrate Christmas Eve in their home with their friends. Even the emists old colonel anticods enough to play characles, roup on the floor. Hard work and an inderstanding of others' problems have taught Hillons how to deal with their own Liebness,



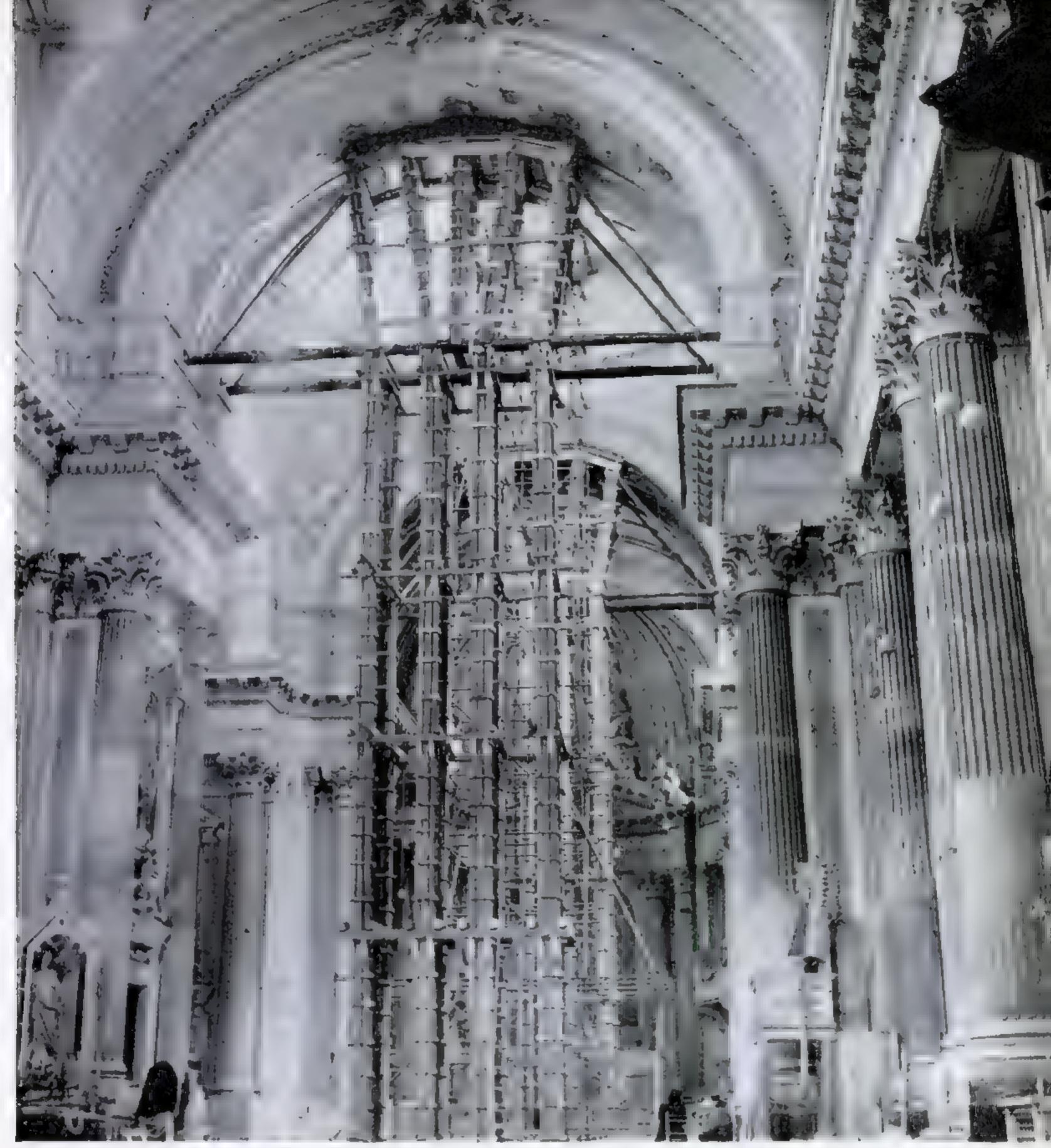
ITALIAN WORKMEN UNDER DIRECTION OF AMG DIG FOR VALUABLE FRAGMENTS OF SCULPTURE, FRESCO, ARCHITECTURAL ORNAMENT IN BOMBED CAPUA CATHEDRAL

WAR RAVAGES ITALY'S ART

ALLIES TRY TO SAVE GREAT RELICS

When the ashes began their march on Rome they faced a great spir that do not ma. The battlefield of Italy which the Nazis Leld was a museum that horsel relies of ancient Rome and the most precious relies of early Constitutive. Almost every city, town and Lamlet was crowded with architect trail treasures of ancient monasteries, cathedrals and cloisters. They had stood for centuries as religious monuments filled with Old and New Testament art done by the world's most brilliant painters and sculptors.

For these memorials of the past the allied armies had a deep sparitual respect. They could not knowingly injure them but neither could they unnecessarily risk a single soldier's life. They were faced with the perplexing problem of which is more



THE MASSIVE DOME OF 18TH CENTURY SANTISSIMA ANNUNZIATA CHURCH IN NAPLES, PIERGED BY A BOMB, IS BRACED BY SCAFFOLDING BUILT BY AMG ART OFFICIALS

precions life itself or the living cultural traditions that give life much of its meaning. General Eisenhower gave the only answer for civilized armies waging total war: wherever humanly possible, Italy's great monuments must be preserved. Yet in spite of allied caution many architectural treasures have been damaged by allied as well as Nazi forces. On these pages LIFE Photographer George 50k shows how war has ravaged Italy's art.

The Nazis were not so greatly bothered by the spiritual conflict that beset the allies. They deliberately mined and destroyed the great library of Naples and stole in llions of dollars worth of art from private collections and public museums (LIFE, Jan. 10). Like the harbarian conquerors of old they regard art as legitimate loot.

The British and U.S governments have set up a group of experts to carry on the work of art preservation. The experts have prepared maps for bombing missions, carefully plotting the location of art treasures so that the bombers can avoid any unnecessary destruction. Once a town is captured, the art experts quickly move in to minimize damage. They erect scaffoldings to support shaken walls and ceilings, put up temporary roofs to protect interiors from rain and weather, gather all rubble together so that it can be sifted for valuable fragments that can be used later to reconstruct damaged works. They have already helped compile a record of every important movable piece of Italian art, including all of the Nazi loot. This list will help to return to the pillaged towns many of their priceless paintings and sculptures.

BRFORE BOMBING (above), upper part of cathedral door showed 44 seems from the New Testament. Other 24 panels eight of which are shown here, portrayed Benevento hidrops.

AFTER BOMBING, door fragments were spread on floor by a Benever to priest who is trying to piece them together. He has placed resettes in the spots where paracls are missing.



BOMBS SHATTER AGED CATHEDRAL

The most tragic Italian art casualty to date was the destruction of the ancient Cathedral of Benevento. For 1,100 years this medieval church stood as a small but precious religious monument in the center of the railroad town of Benevento, near Naples Today nothing remains but the bell tower, parts of the façule and one side wall. The façade (opposite page) is a skeleton which remains standing only because it has been braced to keep it from collapsing

When a direct bomb bit caved in the cathedral roof last September, tons of debris crashed flown on medie-val marble reliefs that adorned the wals. Vestments and utensils were destroyed. An ancient bronze chest decorated with sculptures and enamels of the Macouna and Christ made in the 11th and 12th Centuries and a huge Easter candlestick that had been wrought in the 13th Century were smashed to bits. Fire that swept the cathedral burned rare Sixth Century Langebard a manuscripts

To people who loved the quaint architecture of the medieval church the greatest tragedy was the loss of the cathedral's famous 12th Century broaze doors that opened into the church from the façade shown below. On them an unk own Italian sculptor in the 1100s had carved 44 scenes from the New Testamer t (left) and 24 portraits of local inshops. Though fire set, by the bombs had melted away entire panels, fragments of 60 were recovered. Burned away and lost forever is the descate patina that had mellowed with centuries upon the broaze figures.

The recovered panels are now being pieced together by the local bishop and priests under the supervision of AMG authorities. But by bit the fragments are being sorted from the decrea and will be taken to a place of safety. After the war they will be put together again into new doors patterned after the old ones. New panels will be made to replace those that are entirely gone and the reconstructed doors placed on a cathedral rebuilt on the runs of the old.

War's ill wind blew some good to Italy's art. In Sta. Chara Church in Naples (shown on a following page) the bombing peeled some third-rate 18th Century decorations from the wall and revealed underneath some much more valuable 14th Century Gothic frescoes. Painted over and long since forgotten, their restoration makes up in small measure for Italy's osses.



BENEVENTO CATHEDRAL, in center of town, unfortunately stood only few hundred yuras from rail lines, bridges.

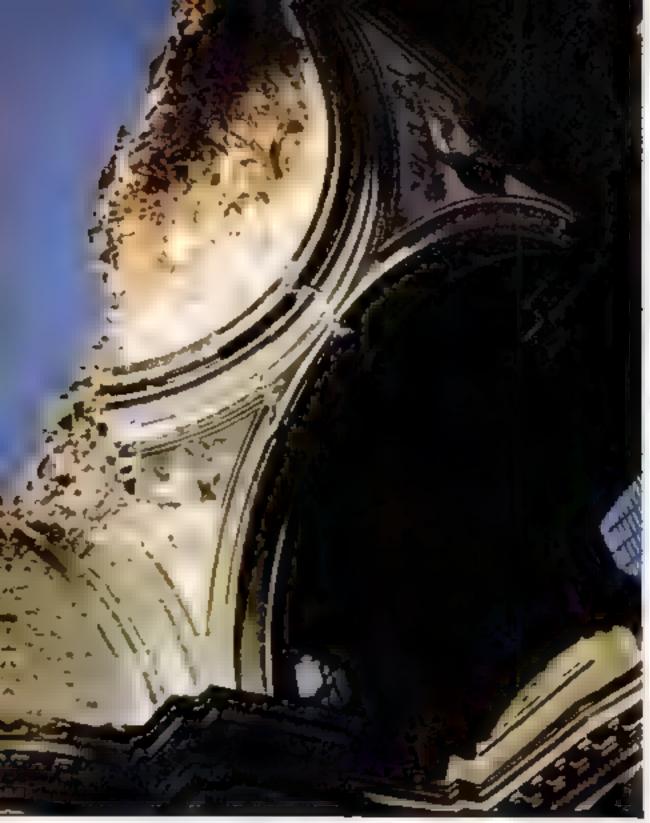


BENEVENTO CATHEDRAL was wrecked last Septem ser when a hed bombers in high-level attack struck at

bridges and railroads near the cathedral. Little railroad town of Benevento is about 33 miles northeast of Naples. Built in

the North Century, cathedral was rebuilt about 1900. Bell tower (right, added in 1279, was maraculously ancan aged,

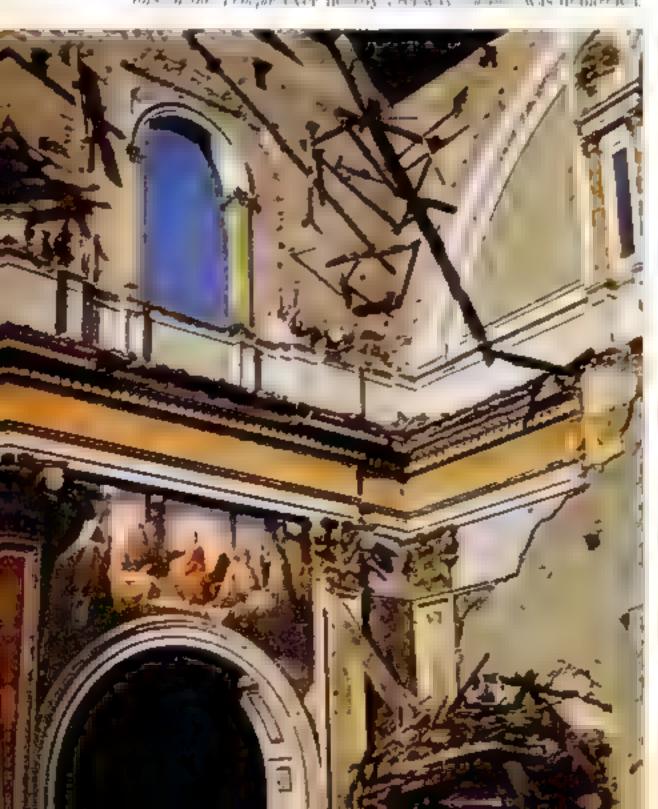




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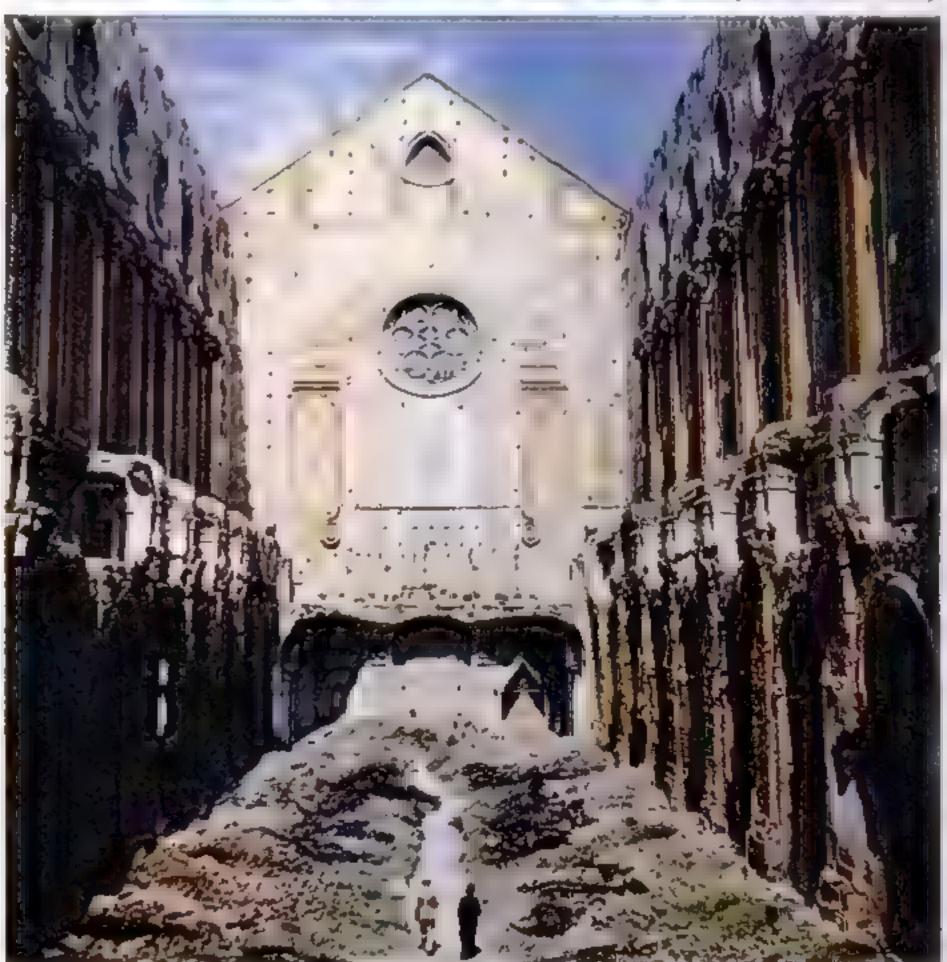
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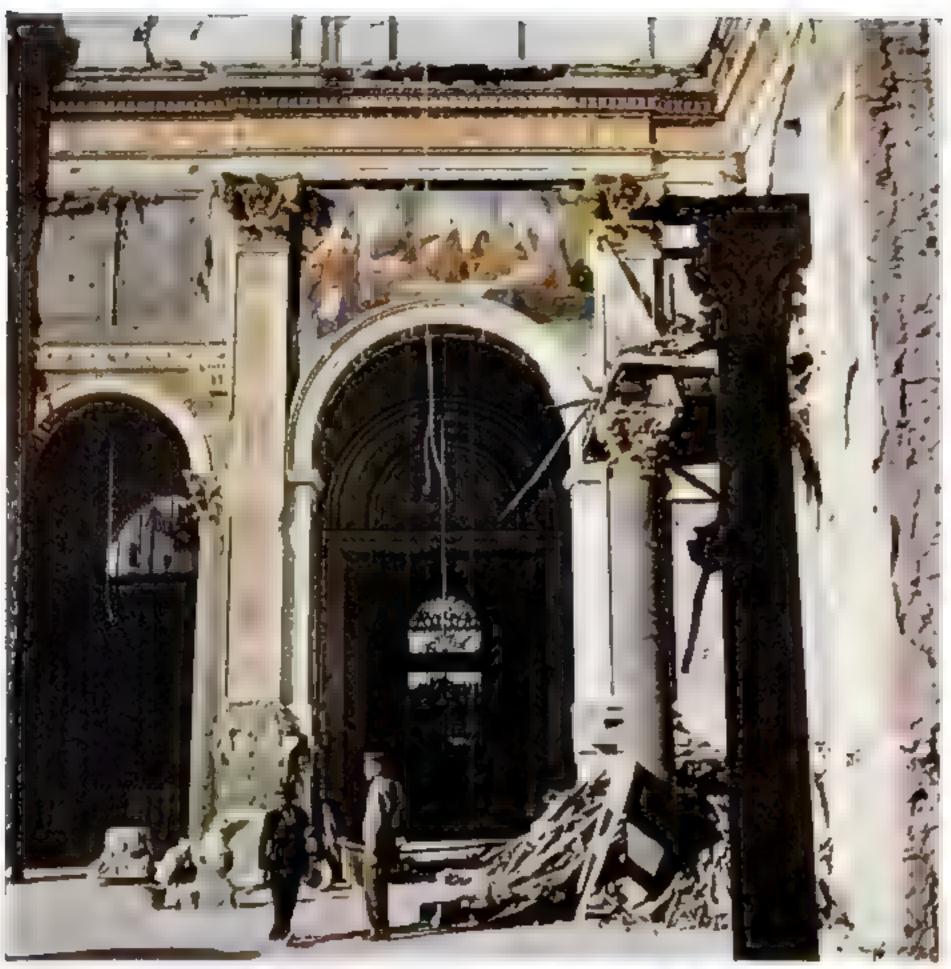
THE CATHEDRAL OF CAPUA is guitted Alter is now part of rubble in foreground. AMG officials sifted

Cutury illianizated get single, frescors a set to eye



STA. CHIARA CHURCH IN NAPLES, built in 18th Century Turn of after outed ag and rise caved in.

Decorations added in Stitut events of at a revestite, period away reveals to, a reservation



UNDER ARCHWAY OF CAPUA CATHEDRAL, workings directed by AMG have set aside pieces of church

which was salvaged from the rubble syngest the right



STA, CHIARA CHURCH FRESCOFS on wall of a pratory, leptoring I for of this stand the Virgon were

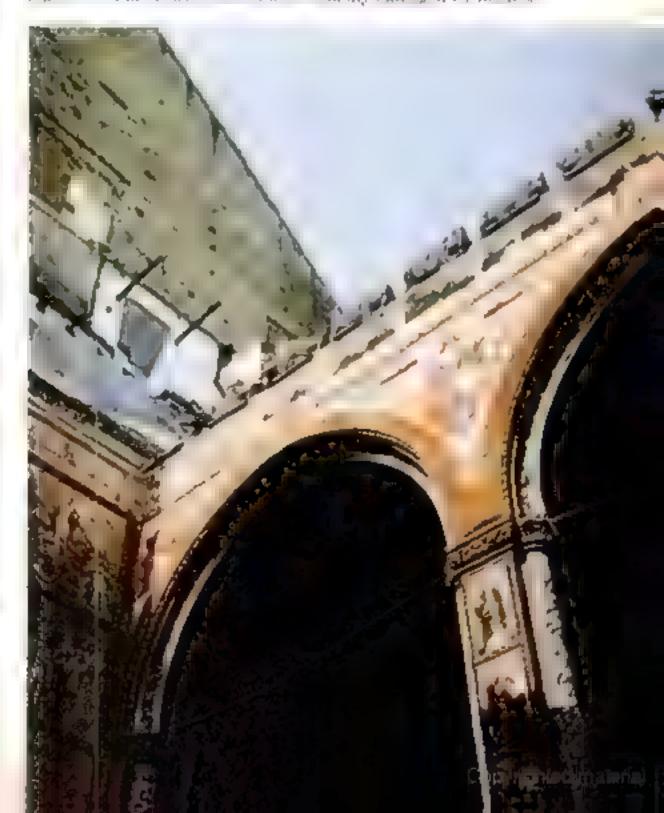
done in the 18th Century and coveres! the valuable 14th Century crucifive in sectics which the loon and revealed



ROOF OVER STA. CHIARA ORATORY sessed little of Genetated Too day ugod frescors some threst Passay from the Tomb. Resourcet is Appart on States of the State of the State.



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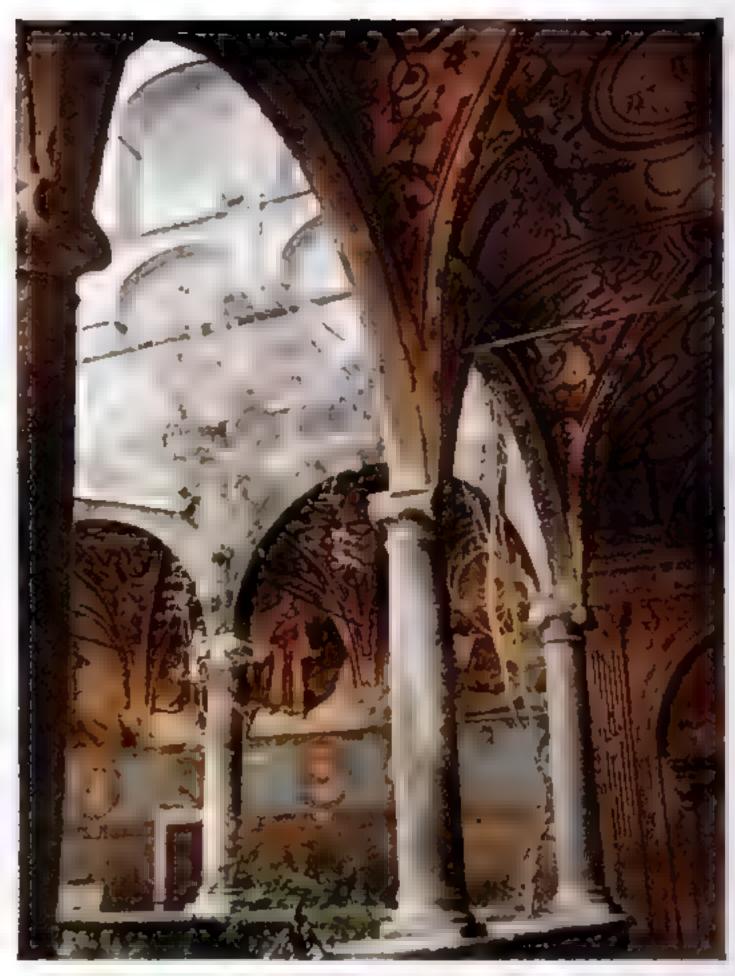




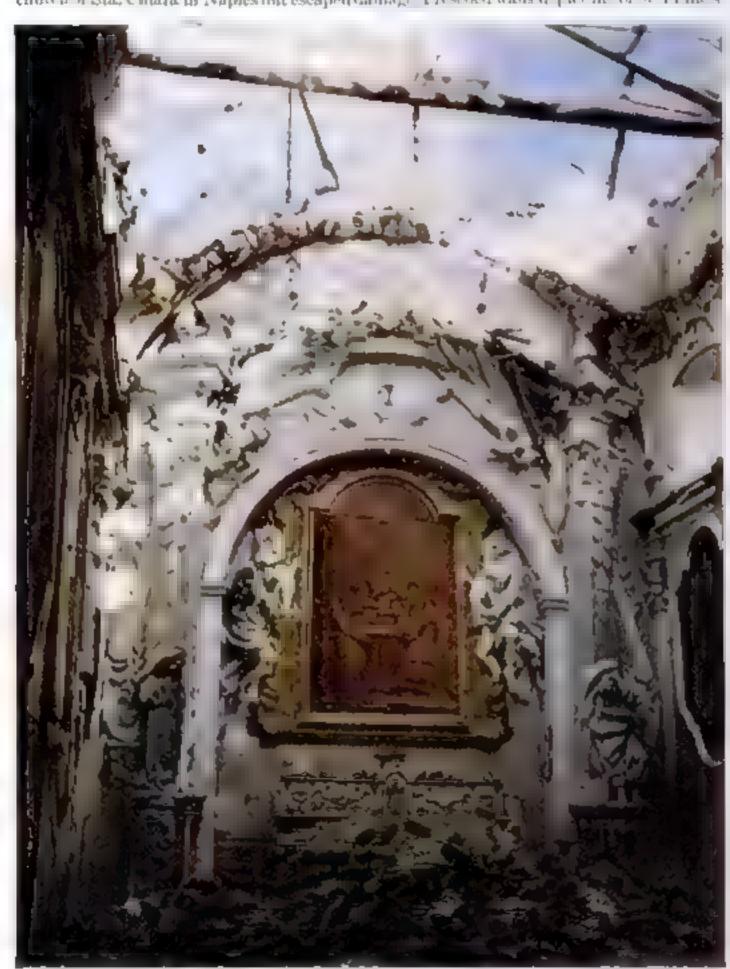
NUNS' CLOISTER of Sta. Cl. ira Cherch in Naples is France by structure of wooden be sus. All the are ics in area less re-bracket up by AMG to keep but ling from cell psings.



CHURCH OF SANT' ANGELO IN FORMIS, near Capua, one of Italy a important medieval monuments, had wall donorged by Germans. But 11th Century frescoes were undurt,



BARLY RENAISSANCE CLOISTER with blooming wist main pens the bombed church of Sta, Chiara in Napleshut escaped camage. I research walls depart afford St. I mains



CAPUA CATHEDRAL CHAPFL, with painting of Last Support Francisculptures, was fan aged In the ackground freeign gaping road, Nicha Contact helmover as yearlies.



IN THE PALACE OF CASERTA a British corporal takes a cat map beneath a 16th Century statue of the Dake of Parma, who is being crowned by Victory. Built in 1752 for

Charles III, the palace was recently turned into a public museum. Germans once used palace as official headquarters. When Nazis were routed, allied officials made it their headquarters.



Many folks don't. They're as far from the real facts as this photo in an amusement park mirror!

Proof? In a nation-wide survey, 42% of the people sharply overestimated the amount of their last electric bill. 59% didn't realize that rates had been reduced in the last fifteen years—and 95% didn't realize how much!

Actually, the average American family gets about twice as much electricity today as it did fifteen years ago for the same money.

"For the same money." That's the clue. You don't realize that rates are down, because your bill may be as much as it was fifteen years ago—or perhaps even more. But you have more electric appliances now. You're using more electricity—and you get about twice as much for what you pay.

Keeping electric production up and electric prices down is not easy in wartime—when other costs and taxes are soaring. But your electric company has done it—by careful planning, hard work and sound business management.

DON'T WASTE ELECTRICITY JUST BECAUSE IT'S CHEAP AND ISN'T RATIONED!

160 ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER COMPANIES*

SELF-SUPPORTING, TAX-PAYING BUSINESSES

* Names on request from this magazine.



SCARF SUN CLOTHES

They are good for lounging but not practical for active sports

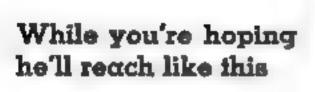
U. S. women this summer have discovered that a scarf is a wonderful thing. Knotted, twisted, folded or ingeniously punned, it becomes a pair of shorts or a halter (see above), skirt, sarong, belt, turban or bra (see next page). Limitations on dress trimmings and scarcity of bright new-looking play clothes have prompted women to make the most of a scarf's many aptitudes. As a result scarf sales, which last year made a new high, have increased another 37% this year.

Scarf clothes are most useful for lounging or group sun-bathing. They are not practical for active sports or for going in the water. For skirts, scarf addicts should use two squares at least 35" wide. For bras, they should use nontransparent scarves, either ascot type or squares folded on the bias. For sarongs or shorts, they should use heavy ones about one yard square, tie all knots tightly and, when wearing their creations, practice the utmost restraint in movement.

Scarf Sun Clothes (continued)



■When he reaches for this







TRY THIS

MORAL: Everybody's breath offends sometimes. Let Life Savers sweeten and freshen your breath—after sating, drinking, and smoking.

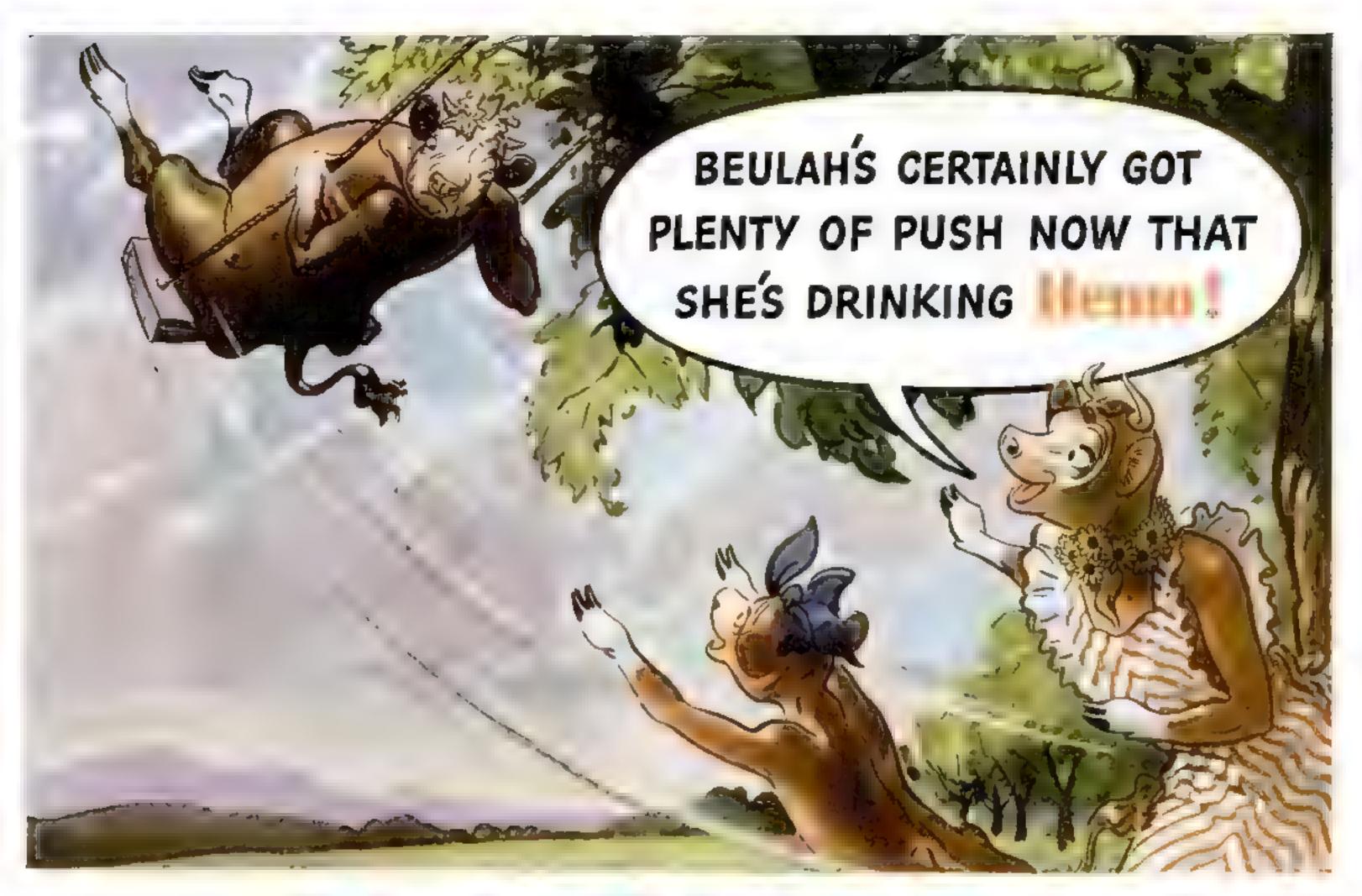




One ascel at least 42" long and 18" wide is all that is needed to make this presentable bra top. It can be tied tightly either at front or at the back, as was done above.



Two access are needed for making this halter-top bra. One ascot goes around neck and over chest and is tied at front. Other one holds first in place, is tied in back.



Drink your vitamins and like 'em!



Be wise take this easy, delicious way to protect yourself against vitamin deficiency:

Your ENTIRE DAY'S NEEDS of all these vitamine and minerals ... Vitamins A, B₁, B₂(G), D, and Niacin; and of Iron, Calcium, and Phosphorus . . . from two glasses of HEMO: or from just one glass and three normal meals.

For one glass of HEMO alone-promise ing to government standards - provides half your daily needs of all these retaining and minerals . . . and a reasonably assess age diet should provide the balance, assuring the normal person against deficiency.



Remember! HEMO is not a medicine. It is a REAL FOOD drink!

It's a wholesome, body-building FOOD to begin with. Then, Borden's adds MORE vitamins and minerals to make this fine food so wonderful for you!

Now-it's fun to drink your vitamins!

HEMO is a delicious, chocolate milk drink -rich, satisfying! Men, women, children everybody loves HEMO!

Just 2 heaping teaspoons of Hemo mixed in a glass of milk make a zippy, pep-lifting drink. Two teaspoons for each drink are enough; you don't need more for full vitamin potency, and delicious tastel



Economical! The big pound jar of HEMO costs just 59¢ at your grocer's or druggist's. Economical enough for everyone to enjoy every day. Start today!

Minimum daily adult requirements set by government nutritionrats

2 cervings of NEMO. mixed in milk, agreed government requirements

4900 USP units

4000 USP units 333 USF units 2 milliproces 400 USP units (Net set) 10 milligrams 750 milligrams 750 milligroms VITAMIN A VITAMIN 81 VITAMIN B VITAMIN D MIACIN IRON

400 USP units 3 milligrams 410 USP units 10.3 milligroup 15.7 milligrants CALCIUM 950 milligrams

PHOSPHORUS 750 milligrams

@Purden Co.



Something the Lens Can't Catch

THE color camera can catch all the golden appetite appeal of Kellogg's Corn Flakes—crisp and tempting in cool milk and topped with fresh fruit.

But what the lens can't catch—and what so many are not aware of -is how important this delightful cereal is as food.

For so skillful are the folks at Battle Creek that every light, tender flake has been made the equal of the whole ripe grain in nearly all the protective food elements declared essential to human nutrition.

That's something worth keeping in mind next time you're shopping at your grocer's, or at home preparing breakfast for your family. Kellogg's Corn Flakes are good to eat—and good for you, too!

"The Grains are Great Foods"—W.K. Kellugg



THE TOM DEWEYS OF PAWLING

THE REPUBLICAN NOMINEE AND HIS FAMILY LIVE IN A FINE COLONIAL HOUSE ON A 486-ACRE FARM

Governor Thomas E. Dewey of New York, Republi-Frances and his two sons, Tom Jr., 11, and John, 8, on a 486-acre farm two miles northeast of the village of Pawling, N. Y. But, though be owns a farm, Dewey is no farmer. Like his political opponent and nearneighbor, Franklin D. Roosevelt (who lives 23 miles away at Hyde Park), he is a country gentleman. His place is worked for hun by a professional farmer

Heretofore, Mr. Dewey has strictly guarded the

privacy of his home. Last fortnight, acknowledging his new status as a presidential candidate, he allowed photographers to swarm all over the grounds, though not inside the house.

Dewey bought Dapplemere Farm in 1939 for \$30,-000 (\$3,000 in cash, \$27,000 on mortgage). The handsome colonial house overlooking the Harlem valley was built 150 years ago and was extensively remodeled about 1920. It has 12 rooms and four baths, On the main floor there is a living room, 30 feet by 18 feet, a l'brary, a dining room and dining porch, pantry and kitchen. The five bedrooms are upstairs.

Outside there are four barns, two farmers' houses, stables and a new guardhouse for the state police. Livestock meade 14 geese, 22 ducks, 114 chickens, more than 90 Holstein and Guernsey cows which yield a ton of milk every day. The barn has the newest in electric milking machines and there is a brand new silo where cattle feed grown on farm is put up in salage. The Governor is particularly proud of his sile.

The Town Devoys at Fawling Shirts leaved about a many at the factors and his family for many than four house.

Shirtsleaved pholographers shoot away at the Governor and his family for more than four hours on a hot summer day. Tota Dewey remained calm, his pretty wife cool and immisculate through it all. The day before (below) the photographers pursued the Deweys to a reception in Pawling. Young John, between his mother and father, sheaks a look at the enmera during prayer offered by one of three ministers present.



ORDEAL BY CAMERA

DEWEY PASSES HIS FIRST PHOTOGRAPHIC TEST PRETTY WELL BUT OFF-BALANCE SHOTS POP UP



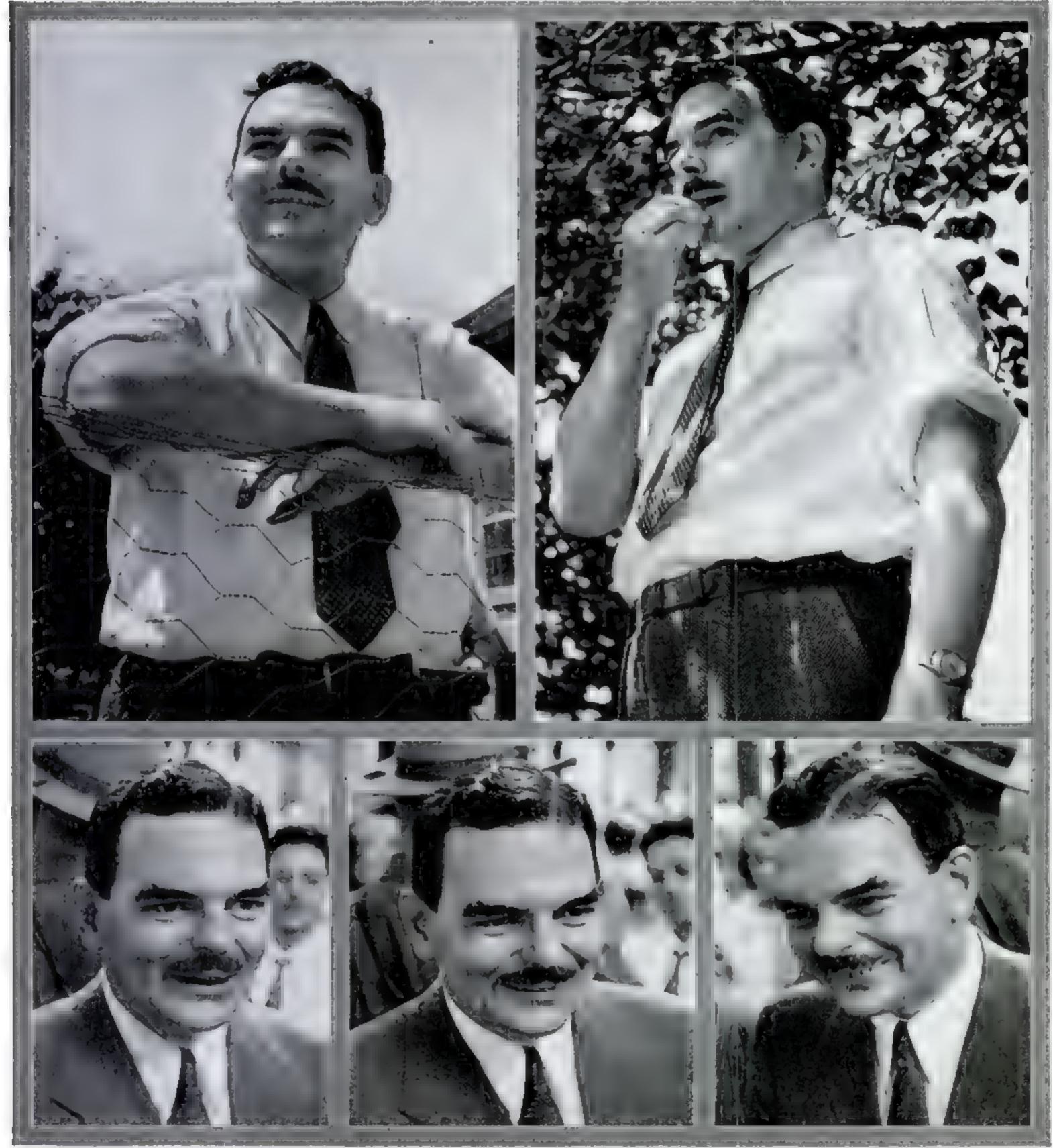
Mrs. Dewey has her picture taken standing by an ornate flowerpot on rear and in On top is final picture. At bottom is way the newsreel photographers worked away

Letrough the wringer of personal publicity. Roosevelt was photographed eating hot dogs, Willkie twisting the horns of a heifer, Landon wearing a wreath of sunflowers. Coolidge were a cowboy suit and an Indian hat and Hoover had a thoroughly miserable time fishing in the Rapidan and posing on the White House lawn with two large elephants.

This ordeal by camera is hard for Dewey. He knows he is difficult to photograph well, and it makes him a restrained and sometimes strained subject. He has his own notions of personal dignity, for a long time refused to pose with coat off. He will allow no gag shots. It was with these reservations, which Dewey firmly expressed, that cameramen were invited to Pawling.

The results of the visit, shown here, prove that the camera plays no favorites. The Dewey face and manner are still unfamiliar to the public. Before the photographers the Governor indulged in no tricks, was careful not to try to give the impression of being a

dirt farmer. He did not feed chickens or pick vegetables. Nevertheless, in spite of his caution, off-balance shots did bob up. It is a question whether anyone can pop a cherry into his mouth before a dozen cameras and still retain the appearance of a statesman. By and large, however, Dewey passed his first camera ordeal pretty well. He was sincere, friendly, and the pictures reflect his good taste. In the course of the campaign he will undoubtedly discover tricks of acting before a camera that every public figure must learn.



All day long the relentless cameras were kept focused on Governor Dewey's face. At top they catch him resting his arms on

wire of chicken coop and eating a cherry off one of his own trees. At bottom he greets fellow townspeople at a gathering

in Pawling. He told them they were the kind of people he liked to live with and that was why he had made Pawling his home.



THE GOVERNOR ROLLS UP HIS SHIRTSLEEVES AS HIS TWO BOYS, JOHN (LEFT) AND TOM (RIGHT) PICK STRING BEANS IN FAMILY VICTORY GARDEN DOWN THE HILL FROM THE HOUS

TOM JR. AND JOHN ARE STARS OF THE SHOW BUT THEY TOO REFUSE GAGS

Stars of the show at the Dewey farm were the two hoys, Tom Jr. and John, shown above picking string beans in their victory garden. They go to Albany Academy where Tom will go into the seventh grade in the fall and John into the fourth. When the photographers appeared, the boys posed first in street clothes, then in dungarers, but like their father they refused to do any tricks. Once when they were asked to pose stop a stepladder, John refused. "Go to the top," his father

and mother ordered "I won't," he said, "I've never climbed a ladder before. I'm not going to start now."

The fruit trees and the victory garden are junt family enterprises. The boys run them and charge their mother and father OPA prices for their products. Work his father was picking elerries, John suddenly told his mother that she owed him 85¢. She sinded and John blurted out "Yes, she does owe me 85¢ for beaus and for cherries and she owes Tommy 60¢."





THE TIME FOR DECISION

SUMNER WELLES

FORMER UNDER SECRETARY OF STATE

An American diplomat makes some historic proposals for the coming peace: partition Germany into three separate nations; set up a world council; put dependent areas under the protection of an international trusteeship

basic decision affecting the stability of the postwar world and the problem of maintaining peace is the part which the German people are to be permitted to play in the world of the future. One conclusion is inescapable. During a period of some 200 years, the Germanic peoples, and specifically the Prussian people, have been a destructive force in the family of nations. Throughout that time they have never made any constructive contribution to regional or world peace.

What became the motivating force of Prussian ambitions, operating through the brilliant but brutal genius of Bismarck, what actually made possible the creation of the Greater German Second Reich of 1914, was the germ brought to life by a handful of Prussian military scientists. It is their unholy inspiration that brought into being the German General Staff. And that instrument is responsible for the havoc which Germany has been able to wreak upon mankind during the present century.

What is the record of the German people since Bismarck first undertook to carry out the policies of Prussian militarism?

The war of aggression against Denmark in 1864. The war of aggression against Austria in 1866. The war of aggression, based on faischood and misrepresentation, against France in 1870.

The attempt to wage a further war against a too-rapidly recuperating France in 1875, averted only through joint British and Russian pressure.

The continuous effort between that date and

1906 to weaken France by insidious interference in her internal affairs, such as at the time of the Dreyfus case, and finally the ultimatum checkmated only by the Conference of Algerias.

The Agadir incident of 1911, which for long months had Europe trembling on the brink of a general war.

The policies of political and military aggrandizement having as their inevitable consequence the outbreak of the first World War in 1914.

To the average American the German General Staff has been nothing more than a board of army generals appointed to determine military strategy, similar in nature to the French, British or American general staffs. It is there that the basic error has existed. All German foreign policy during the past 75 years, and to a consider-

able extent German internal policy as well, has either been initiated by, or has required the approval of, the German General Staff. This body has not been an agency of secondary importance in times of peace, as in the case of democratic states. Nor did it evaporate, as so many of us were led to believe, in the years after Germany's surrender in 1918. Though it went under cover, the organization remained quite as intact and cohesive as during the years prior to Germany's defeat.

The German General Staff is already well aware of Germany's inevitable defeat. It is playing for time in the hope that the present war, if sufficiently protracted, will stimulate differences between the United Nations in such, a way as to benefit Germany and make a compromise peace more likely. It has, however, made detailed plans for a later renewal of its attempt to dominate the world. Measures have already been taken throughout the globe to facilitate the execution of these plans when the favorable moment arrives, whether that moment be 10 years or two generations from now.

The Partition of Germany

In thinking about how to deal with the German menace in the future, it is necessary to take as a starting point the assumption that a practical world organization will be established at the close of the present war, and that it will have the power to enforce decisions believed by us to be expedient and wise.

Germany became a menace to the rest of the

civilized world only after two major developments in her history. The first of these was that the German people came to believe in German militarism as the supreme glory of the race. The second development was the centralization of authority over all the widely divergent peoples of the German race. With each successive stage in the centralization of authority, the power of the German General Staff was correspondingly increased. Without such centralization it could not have attained its position of supremacy in 1914. If Hitler had not abolished all the remaining barriers berween the former German states, German militarism could never have carried out its policies so successfully in the years between 1933 and 1939, nor could it have obtained the complete control which it had acquired when the war finally began.

Many people will agree that German militarism must be crushed and are satisfied that the major military powers should take care of this as soon as Germany is occupied. They say, however, that there is no similar justification for destroying her present unification. Many responsible Americans are already maintaining that any partition of the German peoples is inherently unjust and will prove unworkable. My whole individual predisposition is in favor of the unity of the German people. It is only because of my conviction that German unity means a continuing threat to the peace of the entire world that I have reached the conclusion that partition is the only way of off-setting the German menace in the future.

The so-called centripetal urge on the part of the

German people is far from being the powerful force that so many have claimed during the past 20 years. The vociferous demand for the reconstitution of the German Reich and the unification of all the German peoples has been largely stimulated by the German General Staff. It has provided Hitler with some of his most effective propaganda in consolidating his own regime. Certainly the unification of the German peoples is by no means a prerequisite for the happiness and prosperity of individual Germans. The several German nations were both happy and prosperous during the 19th Century.

Those who favor the continued unification of Germany are inclined to overlook for how brief a period the German states have been governed by a central authority and how bitterly

Ever since Summer Welles resigned as Under Secretary of State, the country has waited with keen interest to learn his views on American foreign policy. Now Mr. Welles has set forth these views in a book, The Time for Decision (Harper & Bros.: \$3), which may have profound influence on the making of the peace. In these pages LIFE presents, in slightly condensed form, two of its key chapters.

In the field of American foreign policy Mr. Welles holds a unique and important position. As Under Secretary of State from 1937 to 1943 he wielded an influence which rivated that of Secretary Hull in shaping administration policy. Beyond his official capacity he has been one of President Roosevelt's closest advisers. Many plans for the postwar world have been worked out by assorted experts, but Mr. Welles is the first diplomet of high rank to speek his mind.

Welles is the first diplomat of high rank to speak his mind.

The real time for decision regarding U. S. foreign policy, in Mr. Welles's opinion, was early 1943. But the decisions were not made then and apparently have not been made yet. It is fair to assume that this fact had much to do with his resignation from the State Department.

The views set forth in his book are highly controversial. In chapter beginning here he proposes the partition of Germany into three independent countries. In the chapter beginning on page 78 he suggests an executive council of the United Nations, to administer not only enemy territory but also dependencies of all countries in the world.



THREE INDEPENDENT NATIONS would be made out of Germany by Mr. Welles a proposed partition, with each of the new nations getting a fair share of the total population

and agricultural and industrial resources. In effect, this would return Germany to the historic, religious and cultural divisions from which she grew into the present Reich. Into Southern

Germany would go the former Catholic nations of Bavaria and Baden. Western Germany would incorporate the Protestant Electorate of Hannover and the old Duchy of Saxony. Eastern

"THE TIME FOR DECISION" (continued)

many of the German peoples struggled against unification.

Bayaria, for instance, came under Prussian control 70 years ago and has been a part of the present form of German state for barely a decade. As against this short span, the Bayarian people for over 1,000 years had maintained their independent national existence. Is it conceivable that those deep roots established during a millennium of independence and autonomy have been destroyed in less than three-quarters of a century? Is it possible that the Bayarian people have so soon forgotten their struggle against Prussian domination and

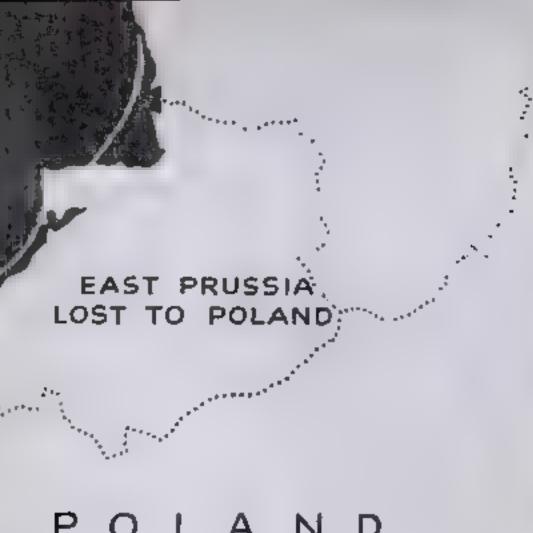
their hatred of Prussia, even though they have fought with her in several wars?

It is equally unbelievable that many of the older generations in the former German states do not also still prefer their former autonomy.

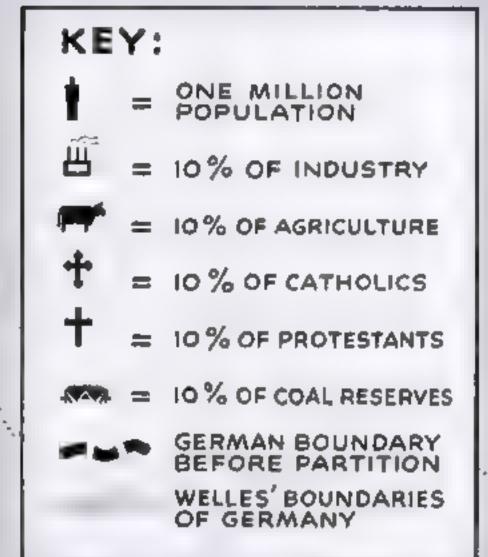
If the economic prospects of the German people were to be irreparably damaged by partition, the objections raised on this score would be conclusive. But there is no valid reason why they should be In my opinion no greater safeguard can be devised against future German military aggression than measures that will afford every German equality of economic opportunity with the citizens of other European countries. He should be assured that he need not look ahead to the same dark

and uncertain future that he faced in 1919. Such economic security can be obtained only if basic economic arrangements which insure the eventual prosperity of the German people are taken into full account in any division of the present German Reich. Next to the military considerations, these appear to me to be the determining factors

There is of course not the slightest doubt that many Germans for one or two generations to come will make every effort to evade the results of partition and to pave the way for a renewed unity. For some years they will have to be forcefully repressed by the future world organization. But the surest guarantee of permanence will lie in the kind



WARSAW





Germany would include the Protestant junkerdom of Prussia and the Republic of Saxony Mr. Welles a World Government face page 79) would have to see to it that Germany stays this way

of partition undertaken. It will be effective only if it proves practicable from the economic and political standpoints, and is based upon economic, political and cultural considerations.

Three German States

If one proceeds upon the theory that Germany is to be divided solely to prevent her from again becoming a military menace, and that at the same time individual Germans must be given every opportunity to achieve economic security, and ultimately to comprehend and to enjoy popular government, the following basis for partition is probably the one best calculated to procure these results

Exclusive of East Prussia, Germany should be divided at the time of the armistice into the following three separate states, the boundaries being determined primarily by cultural, historic and economic factors:

I. A new state of southern Germany, comprising the former sovereign nations of Bavaria, Wurttemberg, Baden and Hesse-Darmstadt, together with those regions which may roughly be defined as the Rhineland and the Saar. It will be noted that the populations which would be comprised within this division are predominantly Catholic.

II. A state consisting of the following old German subdivisions, together with the smaller subdivisions contiguous to them: Upper Hesse, Thuringia, Westphalia, Hannover, Oldenburg and Hamburg.

III. A state, omitting the enumeration of small contiguous political subdivisions, composed of Prussia (exclusive of East Prussia), Mecklenburg and Saxony. It will be noted again that in the second and third states the populations are predominantly Protestant. In each one of these three new states the historical, as well as the religious and cultural divisions which existed during the centuries prior to the creation of the Third Reich, have been maintained.

By this suggested division a complete economi balance, both agricultural and industrial, would be established within each of the three states, and the proportionate relationship within each state of the prime economic factors, such as agricultural and industrial production and mineral resources, would be roughly equivalent to that in each of the two others. If, as I hope may prove to be the case, the end of the war sees the lowering of customs barriers within Europe and the creation of customs unions, the new German states should be afforded free opportunity to take part in such CUSTOMS UNIONS

The capacity for economic development in each one of the proposed states is almost unlimited. What would vanish would be the giant combines which could be used again as a means of military penetration in other countries. It cannot be claimed that the existence of these huge cartels was in any sense necessary to a healthy German national есоползу.

A New Polish State

The problem of the disposition of East Prussia affects world security not only with regard to Germany but with regard to eastern Europe as well, There are four main points to consider. First, it is now generally recognized that the Polish Corridor, far from providing a permanent solution of Poland's need for an outlet to the sea, was, on the contrary, a major source of danger to her. The Corridor was an alien sovereignty separating one portion of Germany from the other. It left Poland at the mercy of Germany whenever Germany felt strong enough to close the gap which the Corridor created.

Second, the legitimate requirements of the future Polish state include unimpeded access to the sea, without the complications resulting from such artificial arrangements as those involved in the international control of Danzig, and from the juxtaposition of Danzig and Gdynia.

Third, we must take into account the insistence of the Soviet Union that the eastern frontier of Poland, as it existed in 1939, be rectified to include within Russian territory the regions inhabited by non-Polish populations living to the east of the Curzon line.

Fourth, inasmuch as these boundary changes would deprive Poland of a considerable portion of

her eastern territories, some equivalent restoration must be made if she is to become that "strong and independent Poland" which not only the U.S. and Great Britain are pledged to see reconstituted, but which likewise has been proclaimed officially by the Soviet Government as an objective of its own policy.

The only solution of these four questions is to give Poland the province of East Prussia, at the same time readjusting the frontier between western Prussia and the old Polish Corridor so as to give the new German state, of which western Prussia will form a part, an area of the old Corridor. This will leave the scaports of Danzig and Gdynia in Polish hands.

Transfer of Populations

In any readjustment of so radical a character, the resultant transfers of population must take place over a reasonable period of time under the direct supervision of the international organization. Any individual who desires to remove from one sovereignty to another must be afforded free opportunity to do so, with a guarantee of full and equitable compensation for such property as he is unable to remove or of which he may be deprived.

It is roughly estimated that only one-third of the population of East Prussia consists of individuals who are either Polish nationals or of Polish descent. The human problem involved in a transfer of populations on so vast a scale is very great. However, in the only instance in recent timesthe exchange of populations between Turkey and Greece, after the first World War-the transfer was not only humanely and successfully carried out but is today recognized by both Greece and Turkey as having been beneficial to both.

It will of course immediately be alleged that any such adjustment as that proposed would constitute a flagrant violation of the assurance contained within the Atlantic Charter relative to the right of self-determination of all peoples. As I interpret that assurance it would prevent the transfer of peoples against their will from the jurisdiction of one sovereign government to that of another. It should make it impossible for Germans to be forced to become Polish nationals counter to their own free decision. It should prevent Poles from being compelled to live under Russian sovereignty, or vice versa. That, it seems to me, is the essential freedom implicit in the promise held out in the Atlantic Charter. If the assurance of the Atlantic Charter were to be so construed as to make impossible any orderly transfer of territories in any part of the world, there could be undertaken at the close of the war no remedial measures to provide for the solution of problems which have afflicted central and eastern Europe for many centuries, and the continuation of which in the postwar years would make impossible the creation of a stable and peaceful Europe.

Partition will do more than anything else to break the hold which German militarism has on the German people. But it is also certain that the plans of the militarists have taken this possibility fully into account, and that the General Staff, as such, will continue its activities for many years to come

There is only one sure way by which this danger can be blotted out of existence. A wholly new spirit must be brought to life within the German people, and a totally new concept of what is worth living and striving for. But I fear it would be as softheaded as it would be softhearted for the United Nations to assume that such a change can be brought about during the lifetime of the present generation. For that reason all preventive

measures which the victorious powers take to guard against German military activities in peacetime must be persistently enforced for many years.

The effective use by the German General Staff of indirect accomplices in foreign countries demands that the precise nature of their operations be kept secret. The best counteractive measures will be full ventilation through the press and radio of the United Nations of every detail of such activities as they are brought to light. This requires efficient intelligence services. It can readily be seen that all governments must have far more definite knowledge than in the past of the origin of capital investments made from abroad, as well as of the individuals of foreign origin taking part in the industrial and financial life of the nation.

To many of us, when peace is restored, these precautions will seem fantastic and altogether unnecessary. But it would be foolhardy to forget what the past has so clearly proved. After the first World War, when the Allied nations were told that, with the establishment of the Weimar Republic, the freely expressed voice of the German people would now be heard, they tacitly accepted the truth of these assertions. But the events of the past 25 years have shown conclusively not only that the German people were not responsive to democracy but also that the Allied governments did nothing to stimulate the growth

of democracy within Germany.

When Germany is defeated this time, conditions will be far less propitious for the creation of a real democracy than they were at the end of the first World War. Since Hitler gained control of the German Reich, the youth of Germany has been hopelessly corrupted. It would be an optimist indeed, no matter how deep his sympathy for the German people, who would have any hope that the younger generation will ever be able even to understand what democracy is. During their formative years the younger Germans have had no education other than that given them by the Nazi machine. They have been taught to believe in no ideals other than that of the master race and the inherent right of the Germanic peoples to dominate the world. They have watched with enthusiasm the consistent and effective efforts of their leaders to reduce the population and the future population of the peoples of the occupied countries. They have had inbred in them a total contempt for religion and a brutal hatred for other races. These millions of Germans will be at the prime of life during the next two decades. They will be a controlling force within Germany. Theirs will be a force of fanaticism and of revenge.

A New German Communism

By the time the war is over, the Nazi regime will have succeeded not only in destroying the value of the savings and property of all classes in the occupied countries but, through its domestic policies and the war requisitions, in obliterating all but real property within Germany itself. Everyone save the higher authorities in the Nazi machine will be destitute. The misery and starvation will be far greater than it was in 1918.

In all probability, the first stratagem of the German military command will be to stimulate throughout Germany the growth of Communism in its world-revolutionary form. Conditions will favor it. The establishment within Germany of Communism of the Trotzkyist or world-revolutionary type would give the German General Staff precisely the advantages it will seek. For, after the war is over, all the occupied countries of Europe and many countries in other parts of the world will be seething with social unrest as a result of economic prostration. A new German Commu-

nism, furthering the doctrines of world revolution and directed by the cold and ruthless brains of the German General Staff, would find in many parts of the world a signation made to order for the purpose of Pan-Germanism. The kind of governments, therefore, that the German people are to be permitted to install must be decided by common agreement between the United Nations with full regard for the dangers which may arise from any hidden military schemes of the General Staff.

The United Nations must continue to occupy various regions of Germany for a considerable period after the war, under the supreme authority of the future world organization. The war criminals must first of all be tried and sentenced. The return to self-government must be gradual, commencing with the establishment of municipal administrations, after all Nazi officeholders have been eliminated. Certainly Germany must be both socially and economically stable, even under an alien occupation, before the United Nations can safely permit other than local governments to be established.

Even then, certain safety measures will have to be enforced. There must be a system of controls, organized and carried out by the world organization, to make sure that German rearmament is impossible and that every store of arms and munitions remaining at the time of the armistice is delivered into the hands of the United Nations. There must this time be no such fatal inefficiency in this matter as existed in 1920. In the same manner and for the same purpose, controls must be imposed over German mining and heavy-goods industries. The controls must likewise be exercised over German imports. Finally, if all central European communications and sources of power development, including railroads, coastal and fluvial shipping, radio and telegraph and electric power facilities were to be internationalized, no development could prove of more practical value from a purely economic standpoint, as well as in preventing the German people from using these instruments for military purposes.

Constructive Measures

All of the safeguards that have so far been considered are in a sense negative. They are preventive measures. What will in the last analysis be far more important are the constructive measures which may be taken to encourage the German people to become of their own initiative cooperative members of human society.

As I see them there are, first of all, the forces which will spring from a renewal of religious freedom. Among the few admirable figures who have appeared upon the German scene during the years of Hitlerism are those who have dared to speak in the name of the churches. The spiritual reformation which can result from freedom of religion in Germany may be very great.

Freedom of information, which is indispensable, can also become one of the great constructive forces in the creation of a new German national conscience. To a people deprived of all means of access to the truth during the past 10 years, full freedom to learn the truth will come at first as a bitter shock. It may well become eventually a

means of national regeneration.

The freedom from fear, which will come through the establishment of an effective world organization, and the freedom from want, which will be assured by the establishment of a sane economic policy with regard to the German people, will have their stabilizing effect upon the German mind.

Many German nationals now in exile because of their hatred of Nazism are disposed to work for the ultimate salvation of their people. The United Nations should give them every encouragement, as soon as the time is ripe, in order that their voices may be heard by their fellow countrymen.

If, after the years of trial have passed and a new generation of Germans comes of age under conditions which make the new Germans conscious of what the word "liberty" really means, we may all hope democracy—true and not artificial-will prevail in every region of Germany. When such a time comes the German people should once more be afforded by the international organization as full an opportunity to determine freely their political destinies as any other people of the earth. But until that moment comes, even the most idealistic of the liberal groups within the United Nations should pause to remember the bloody pages of the history of the past decade.

The treatment accorded Germany by the United Nations when their victory is won should be neither Draconian nor vengeful. It should be formulated, however, in the light of the stark reality that Germany has twice within a quarter of a century brought war and devastation to mankind. The peoples of the world are obligated, to insure their own survival and the survival of all those things which they hold most dear, to see to it that the German race cannot again so afflict humanity.

ORGANIZATION WORLD

Partition of Germany is only one of the steps which Mr. Welles sees as necessary for a stable world. In another chapter of The Time for Decision, the former Under Secretary describes the mechanics of a world organization, the Provisional United Nations Executive Council, which will see that peace is kept. This chapter starts below. Opposite are charts explaining how executive council is set up and how it will work.

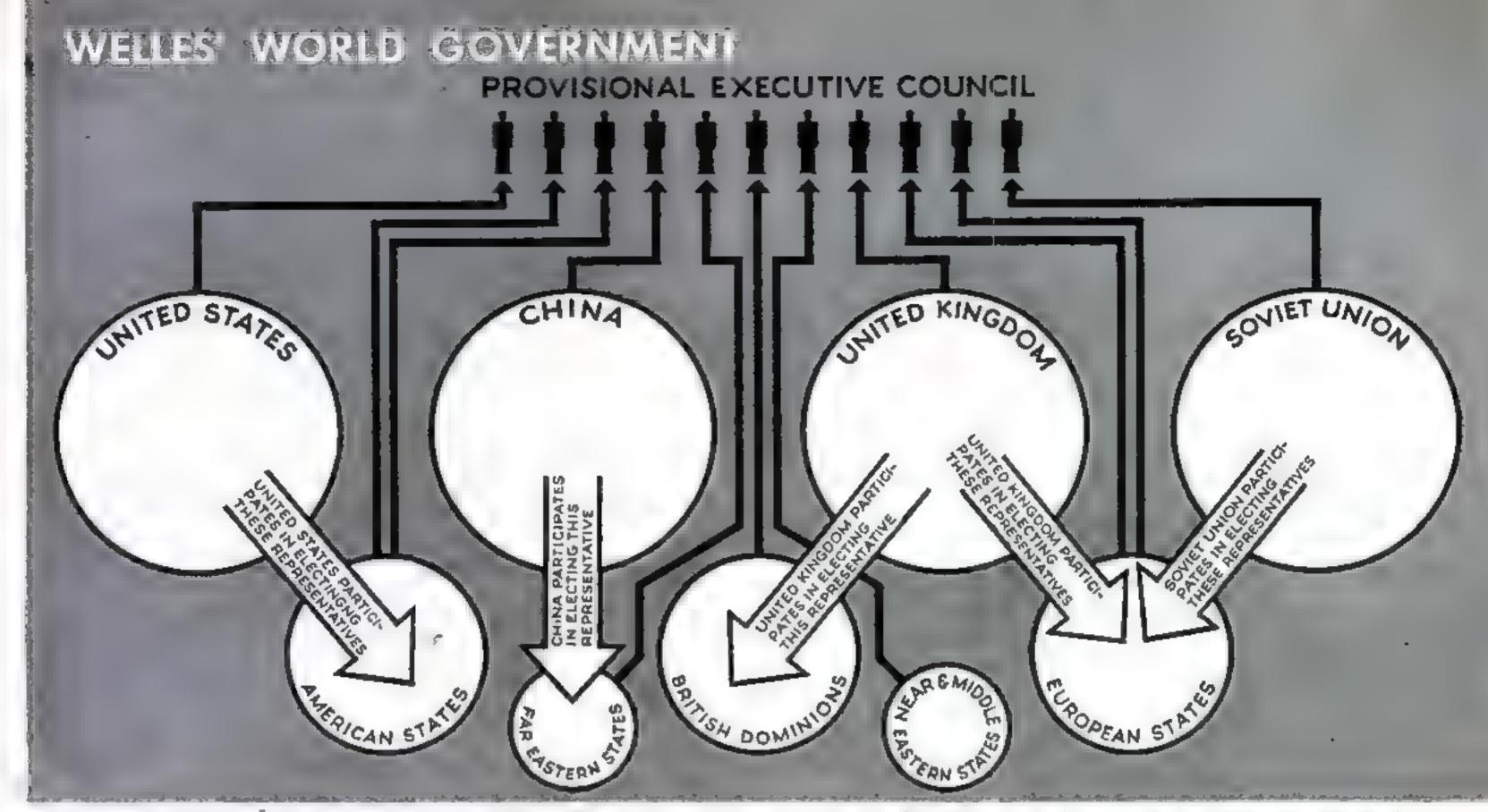
There is no greater fallacy in American history 1 than the assertion, so often advanced, that the U. S. refused to assume its share of responsibility for maintaining world peace as the result of a solemn referendum held in the presidential elections of 1920.

It is true that the Democratic candidate for the presidency, Governor Cox, made the League of Nations issue a chief feature in his campaign. It is equally true, however, that while the Republican candidate declared that the Republican Party opposed participation in the kind of league conceived at Paris, he repeatedly asserted that he favored full cooperation by the U.S. in some other form of international organization.

In 1920 it was not that the majority of the

American people disapproved of participation in an international organization to keep the world at peace. That issue just did not seem to be of any importance at the time.

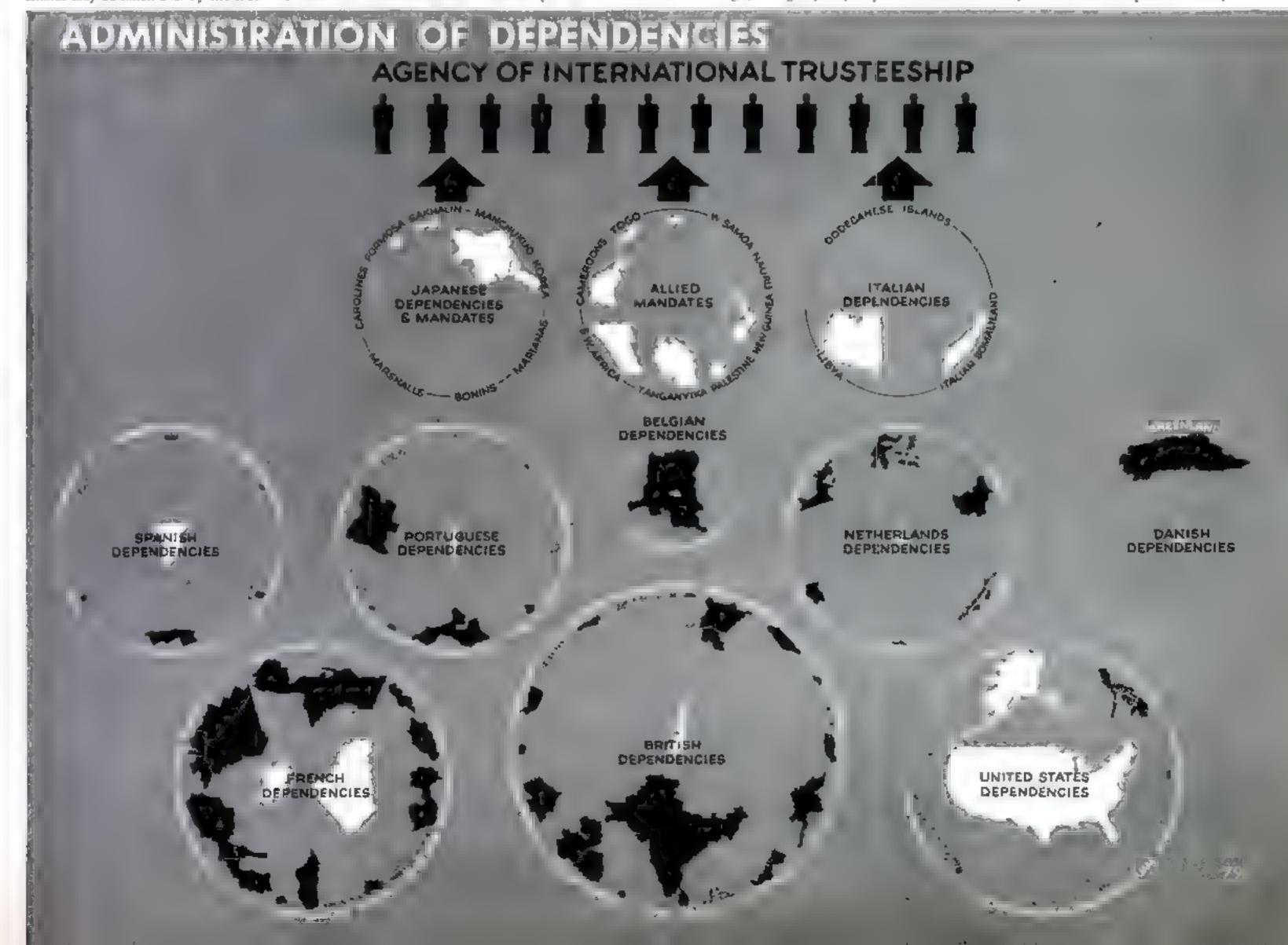
With the inauguration of the Harding administration, every thought of active participation by the U.S. in world affairs, insofar as any "international association" was concerned, went immediately by the board. It was not long before President Harding's ambassador to London, George Harvey, was instructed to announce to an astounded Europe that the U.S. government "could not, without the betrayal of its creators and masters, and will not, I assure you, have anything whatsoever to do with the League, or with any commission or committee appointed by it or



SUPREME AUTHORITY in Mr. Welles's world government, which will eventually give way to permanent world congress, rests with executive council of 11 members. To allow full scope for continued military action against Axis, the four major powers have one delegate each in the

council. All other United Nations have a voice in transition from war to peace through regional delegates, in whose election major powers participate. Each region will have own police force, If a region fails to police itself, executive council may apply force borrowed from other regions

THE COURT OF APPEAL for dependent peoples is the agency of international trusteeship. Immediately after the war this agency will directly administer all Axis possessions and the areas mandated by the League after the last war. Korea will soon get its independence, Formosa and Manchakuo will eventually go to China, southern Sakhalin to Russia, and some small Pacific islands may be taken over by the executive council as international bases. Colonial powers will continue to administer their dependencies but must prepare them for independence. Meanwhile their colonial policies will be subject to the control of the agency through regional councils. Each independent nation and each interested colonial power within a given geographic area is entitled to representation on these subcouncils. If a parent country does not give its subjects freedom fast enough, the agency may step in to decide when they are fitted for complete autonomy.





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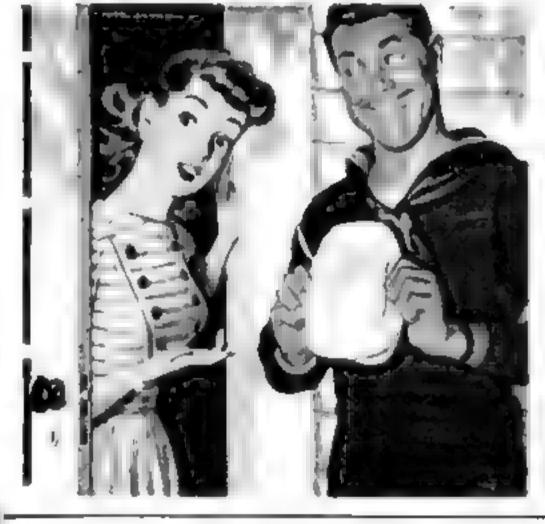
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PREWAR POLAND was a creation of Versatlles. Poland got access to the sea through the Corridor, which cut off East Prussia from Germany proper, creating constant tension. In the east, Poland included territory where a majority of the population is non-Polish. Mr. Weiles proposes that wherever postwar geographical changes are made, inhabitants shall be given the option of changing their residence or citizenship.

"THE TIME FOR DECISION" (continued)

responsible to it, directly or indirectly, openly or furtively." This was a flat-footed official declaration of an utterly sterile American foreign policy. It was made less than three months after the new administration had come to power. It represented the decision of the small but all-powerful group of U.S. senators which then dominated the councils of the Republican Party and dictated the policy of the government itself. It was far from representing the point of view of the constructive-minded, farsighted leaders of the Republican Party for which the new Secretary of State, Charles Evans Hughes, and the former Secretary of State, Elihu Root, were spokesmen. Confronted with the dictatorship of Boies Penrose, Frank Brandegee and Philander Knox and the interests which they represented, Secretary Hughes had a grueling task in shaping anything other than a policy of static isolation.

One would have to be blind indeed to fail to realize that the hope of an overwhelming majority of the American people—and of great numbers of the men who risked their lives for this country—that this nation would assume its full share of responsibility for preventing future wars, was betrayed as a result of the national elections of 1920.

At the cost of infinitely greater sacrifices, this country has now, 25 years later, a new chance to see to it that the tragedy shall not reoccur. By a scrange coincidence, this great issue must again be determined in the turmoil of a presidential election.

Transition Period

It is essential that, before this war ends, the United Nations agree to a transition period to follow the surrender of their enemies. During this transition period the United Nations would have a chance to complete the first and most urgent military steps required, to correct the cardinal territorial errors of the past; to carry out such transfers of populations as may be necessary; to conclude the more immediate programs for rehabilitation and reconstruction; and to pave the way for their ultimate assumption of international trusteeship over such dependent peoples as are not yet ready to enjoy the rights of self-government. During this period, as the hatreds and bitternesses engendered by the war years gradually burn themselves out, the United Nations can, little by little, determine the specific machinery needed for a permanent and effective international organization.

First of all, before and during the transition period, there must be



NEW POLAND will be reduced in size by the Russian demand for an area east of Curson line where the population is mostly non-Polish. To compensate Poland, she will get East Prussia from Germany. Poland's western border will also be redrawn to include in Germany a succ of territory where population is mostly German East Prussians may migrate to Germany, leaving new Polish state without important minorities

effectively functioning some executive agency of the United Nations able to make political and military decisions for all of them. At the present moment no such executive agency exists. It is lamentable that this executive agency should not have been set up for some time in order that it might carry over from the war into the postarmistice period. For it is inconceivable that the United Nations as a whole will acquiesce willingly in having decisions outside of the purely military sphere made solely by the four major powers.

The other members of the United Nations, let alone the few remaining neutral states, will never reconcile themselves to being dominated for an indefinite period by a dictatorship composed of the four great powers. They are not fighting a war to liberate themselves from the domination of Hitlerism solely to replace the Axis tyranny

with a new form of world dictatorship.

The Provisional Executive Council

If there is any hope of a permanent international organization in the future, the path leading toward it must be prepared now. For that reason, any provisional executive council of the United Nations must afford the other members of the United Nations full right to share now in all nonmilitary decisions.

This provisional council should be composed of 11 members, including a member designated by each of the four major Allied powers, namely, the United Kingdom, the Soviet Union, China and the U. S.; two additional members chosen by the group of European states; two additional members chosen by the group of American states; one by the group of Far Eastern states; one by the group of states of the Near and Middle East and of Africa; and one by the British Dominions.

The members of the executive council representing the regional groups of states would be elected for a term of one year by all of the states comprised within that region, from a panel consisting of two nominees designated by each state within the regional group, such nominees being chosen from among the nationals of any of the states within that region

By using the regional system of representation the U. S., under the plan proposed, would be given one vote in the provisional united nations executive council and the United Kingdom would also be given one individual vote. In addition, the U. S. would have the right, as one of the sovereign republics of the Western Hemisphere, to participate in the election of the two representatives from this hemisphere. In the same manner the United Kingdom, in addition to its individual representative, would have the right to vote for the two regional representatives from Europe. It would also have the

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"THE TIME FOR DECISION" (continued)

right to participate in the selection of a representative of the British Dominions.

Complaint will be made that the U. S. would have a voice in only three votes on the executive council, while the British government would have a voice in four. This complaint would, in my judgment, be based upon a failure to appraise conditions realistically. In the first place, it should be borne in mind that the Soviet Union, as a member of the regional system of Europe, would also be entitled to vote for the two European representatives on the council. It is inconceivable that the United Kingdom could so influence the selection of the representatives from Europe that these votes would be cast solely to the selfish advantage of Great Britain. Nor does it seem probable, granted the highly developed nationalism of the self-governing dominions of the British Commonwealth of Nations, that the British government would ever be able to use the representative of the dominions as the individual agent of Downing Street in the determination of crucial questions.

Finally, and most important of all, no action by the executive council may be taken except by a two-thirds vote of the membership, which determining vote should include all of the members designated by the four major powers. Thus, the U.S. and each of the other three great powers retain the right of veto.

Two Basic Problems

This plan is intended to reconcile the two basic problems which proved difficult of reconciliation in the Covenant of the League of Nations and which are today perhaps even more difficult to reconcile.

It is to meet the first of these problems—the need to give the four major powers scope for their present military action—that I have proposed to give them direct representation in the provisional executive council and further to make it necessary that their votes be cast affirmatively before any action is taken by the executive council.

The second problem—to give full representation and protection to the interests of the smaller nations—will, I believe, be met by building the world organization upon a foundation of regional systems. By giving each region full representation in the executive council and by guaranteeing to the council supreme authority, any trend toward regional antagonism and any tendency to use the regional systems for the aggrandizement of an individual power should be successfully combatted.

The provisional United Nations executive council should come into being as soon as the protocol providing for its creation has been ratified by at least 20 states, members of the United Nations, including the United Kingdom, the Soviet Union, China and the U. S. Provision should be made within the protocol for the adherence of other sovereign states, not originally members of the United Nations, subsequent to the termination of the present war.

Duties of the Council

The executive council should be charged with the following major duties:

t. The assumption of responsibility for determining the form of the administration of any Axis territory from the date upon which the military authorities of the major powers which have occupied that region agree that the purely military objectives in that region have been attained.

2. The determination of the procedure to be adopted for the pacific settlement of any dispute which may arise subsequent to the armistice and which threatens the peace.

3. Should pacific methods of settlement prove ineffective, reference of the dispute, actual or threatened, to the police agency functioning under the authority of the executive council.

It is proposed that a security and armaments commission be designated by the executive council to function under its control and act as the policing agent of the council whenever armed force is necessary to keep the peace or to enforce the council's decisions. The security and armaments commission should be composed primarily of military, naval and aviation representatives of the states and regional groups of states represented on the executive council.

Regional Force

There are two ways in which their responsibilities can be carried out. The first is through the creation of an international police force. The second is through the agreement of the major powers that each will contribute its military, naval or air strength whenever that be-

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IDDENT

CONTINUED ON PAGE 14



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comes necessary to check or prevent hostilities. I do not believe that the first of these alternatives is either feasible or desirable. It is not feasible because, I believe, no one of the great powers will be willing for many years to come to reduce its own armed strength to a level lower than that of an international police force over which it does not possess full control. And unless an international police force is superior in strength to the military, naval or air power of any nation, and even to the combined power of several nations, it will serve no practical purpose.

The second alternative seems to me the only practical solution. It would be both expedient and wise, therefore, for the nations within each region to agree upon the manner in which they will make force available, should it be required to prevent the outbreak of war within that area. The plans must, of course, be subject to the approval of the executive council and its security and armaments commission, which will coordinate them with whatever over-all agreement for

world security it may have devised.

Take as a concrete example the Western Hemisphere. The ar American republics would appoint by common agreement the nations of the New World which were to make force available, and the precise obligations of each in such an event. They would designate air or naval bases within the Americas which would be available to them. If, notwithstanding the use of such regional force, a local war should threaten to endanger the peace of the rest of the world, the executive council of the international organization and its agencies would employ such additional force as might be required to stamp out the flames.

The major powers, through the executive council, would thus be called upon to contribute their armed force only after the regional system has failed to put an end to regional controversies. For this purpose there would have to be set aside, in addition to regional bases, air and naval bases throughout the world to be used whenever

world security is threatened.

From the standpoint of preserving world peace and expediting world order and stability, regional systems have great practical advantages. It is obvious that the states composing each region are far more familiar with their local problems than states geographically distant from them. They are more competent to work out constructive solutions and to take the initial steps necessary to prevent the growth of controversies. The history of the League of Nations has demonstrated this fact innumerable times. Nationals of distant countries who dealt with crises in central Europe, notwithstanding their high motives, proved as unsuccessful as the European nationals who dealt with the peculiarly regional problems of the Chaco controversy between Bolivia and Paraguay.

If at any time, because of local antagonisms, the states of a given area are unable to find satisfactory solutions for controversies within their region, the provisional United Nations executive council will be available to take whatever measures may be required to

keep the peace.

The nations of the Western Hemisphere would not willingly abandon the inter-American system-which has functioned effectively and will, if permitted to do so, grow stronger as the years pass—as a prerequisite to their participation in a world organization. If it continues to exist, the machinery which has already been created will render unlikely the rise of controversies within the Americas that would result in war. However, should war break out between two American republics and should the present pacific methods for the solution of such controversies fail to prove effective, none of the American republics, it must be frankly stated, would willingly see British or Soviet or Chinese troops or airplanes sent to the Western Hemisphere to quell the outbreak. They would unquestionably prefer to try to settle the conflict within their region through the use of a strictly inter-American force, one designated for such a purpose by agreement between the American republics and yet operating in accordance with the provisions of an over-all plan laid down by the supreme international organization.

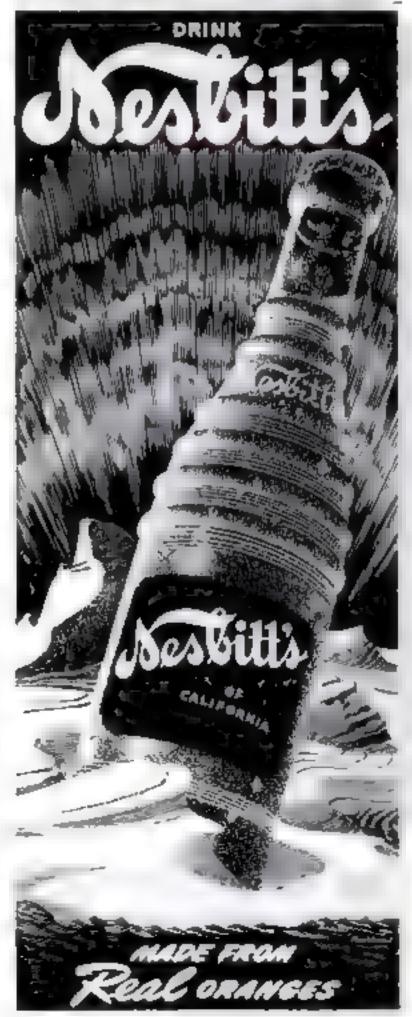
For very much the same reason, the European nations would not care to have U. S. troops and airplanes used to check hostilities within Europe. It must be also admitted that the people of the U. S. would not be willing to have American soldiers or airplanes utilized whenever a Balkan controversy flared up or whenever minor disputes outside the world areas in which the U. S. is directly con-

cerned required police action.

By the establishment of regional systems whose members would be charged with the initial responsibility of keeping the peace among themselves, this country would be directly committed to use its armed forces only in cooperation with other American countries to prevent the outbreak of war in this hemisphere. Outside of the New World, it would take concerted action with the other major



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CONTINUED ON PAGE OF

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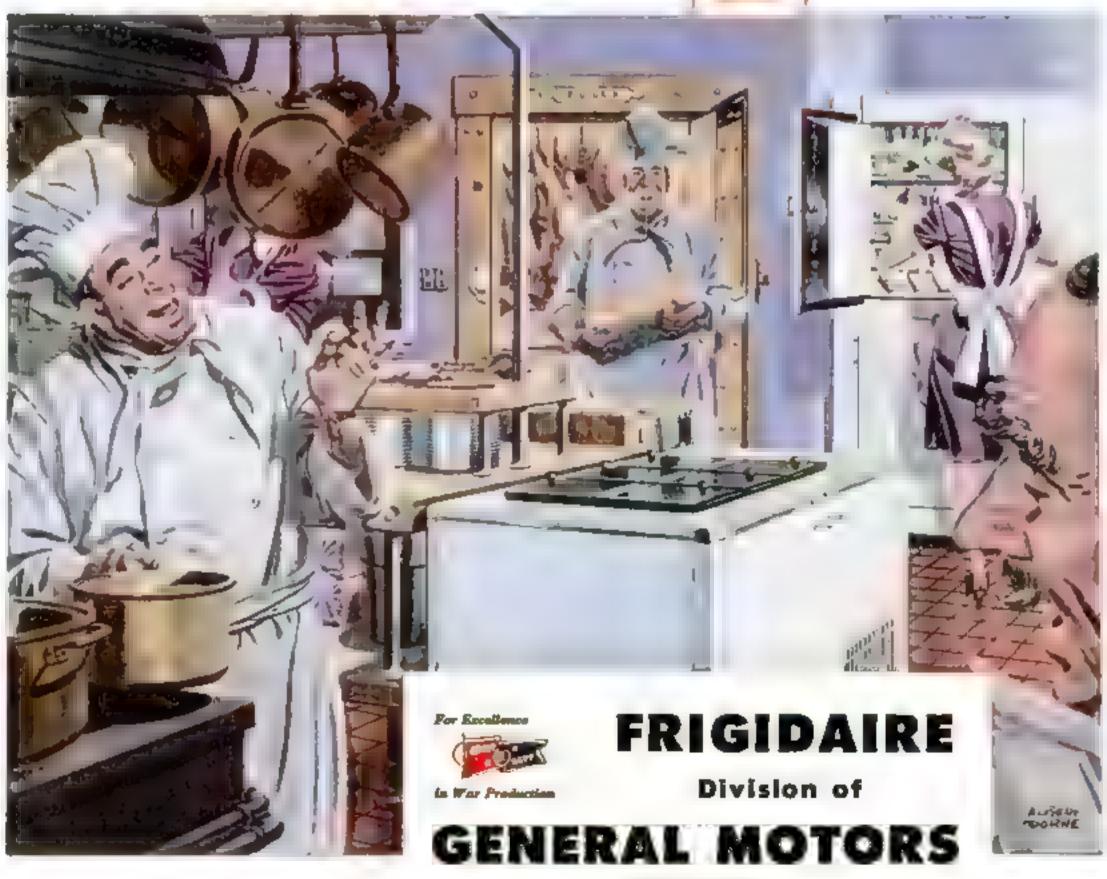
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33 FINE BREWS
BLENDED INTO ONE

At fund-raising he was a super-success,

His abracadabra astounded the press—

He pulled rabbits galore out of gentlemen's hats

And sawed up the ladies like bundles of slats;

Then up jumped a man with a glass in his hand—
'Here's a sample of magic that I understand—''
Lorenzo took one taste and shouted, "'Tis clear
There's no better magic than Blue Ribbon Beer!"

* *

There's 100 years of brewing skill in every delicious drop of Pabst Blue Ribbon Beer. Full-fluvor blending from 33 fine brews gives Pabst its unchanging goodness—its matchless taste and flavor. Order it with confidence... serve it with pride... for no matter where you go, there is no finer beer—no finer blend—than Pabst Blue Ribbon.



AMERICA'S SYMBOL OF FRIENDLY COMPANIONSHIP

THRE INI PARST BLUE RIBBON ON THE AIR SVERY SATHERAY MIGHT CAT THE THE

"THE TIME FOR DECISION" (continued)

powers only when regional machinery to enforce peace broke down, or when such action by this government was necessary to prevent the outbreak of major wars which threatened the maintenance of world peace and consequently the security of this country. The issue of the Monroe Doctrine would not then be raised, as it was in 1919, nor would the U. S. be required to send its troops to the four quarters of the globe whenever minor trouble arose.

Regional systems, moreover, would greatly encourage the development of constructive economic and financial policies in each area. In eastern Europe, in many parts of the Americas as well as in Africa, Asia and the more highly developed area of western Europe, there is almost unlimited opportunity for cooperative measures to remove artificial and prejudicial trade barriers, to unify currencies, to distribute electric power—all essential steps in promoting a rise in living standards. Over a period of years, regional systems would inevitably do away with the more restrictive forms of ultranationalism in the economic and financial field. In short, they are a device that in innumerable ways would make it far easier to maintain peace—which is, after all, the most important function of the executive council.

Colonies-the Acid Test

As I have already publicly said, I believe that two great moral principles must from the very outset be an integral part of the constitution of even a provisional international organization. The first is the recognition by all nations of the inalienable right of every people on earth to enjoy freedom of religion, of information and of speech. There can be no peaceful or free world of the future unless every nation recognizes these freedoms as human rights. Every government, before it joins the world organization, should be obligated to demonstrate that its citizens are enabled to enjoy these rights through effective guarantees contained in their national constitution.

The second principle is equal in importance. Hundreds of millions of people at the outset of the present war were under alien sovereignty, as colonial subjects of the imperial powers. Can we conceivably envision a peaceful of a stable world if it is to continue, when the

war is won, half slave and half free?

The peoples of Asia, of the Near East and of Africa are waiting to see what the victory of the United Nations is going to mean to them. They will regard the decisions taken by us as an acid test. Unless the forces of nationalism, which are fast growing more and more powerful in all these vast areas of the earth, are canalized into constructive channels, a devastating state of chaos will ensue. The determination of some of these peoples to secure their freedom can-

not longer be thwarted.

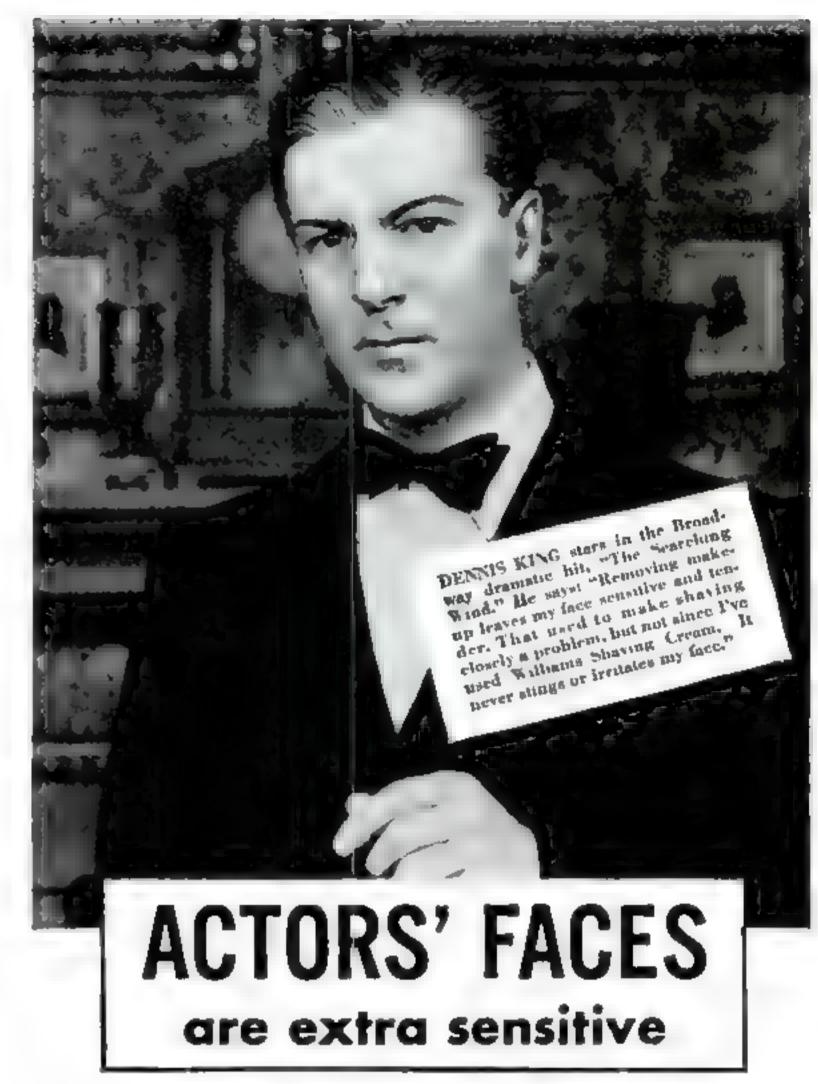
The international organization must consecrate in a practical form the basic principle that no nation has an inherent or unlimited right to govern subject peoples. The colonial powers must recognize that their control is to be exercised first of all to prepare these peoples for self-government as soon as they are capable of exercising this right; and that until they are fitted for autonomy the colonial power will be regarded by the international organization solely as an administering power—as a trustee—and as such must be responsible to world public opinion through the international organization itself. Peoples capable of self-government must be given this right by the international organization whatever their race or color, or whatever the vested interests of any present colonial power may be.

The United Nations must not evade this problem as the Allied powers evaded it in 1919 by creating on paper a mandate system and then washing their hands of all further responsibility. No power on earth should again be permitted to ignore the obligation to demonstrate that its control of subject peoples is being exercised to expedite their fitness for autonomy, and that, until such time, its administration of their affairs is primarily in their interest.

The provisional executive council of the international organization must obtain agreement upon these principles. What is more, it must at once create the machinery necessary to put these principles into practice,

An International Trusteeship

Directly under the executive council and responsible to it, must come the superior agency of an international trusteeship, the membets of which would be appointed by the executive council. Under the authority of the superior agency, there should be created in every region where there are dependent peoples a regional council of the international trusteeship, composed of representatives of all



_that's why Dennis King shaves with soothing WILLIAMS

IT'S no fun wearing stage make-up every day . . . removing it with heavy towels, sometimes even strong chemicals. This constant putting on and taking off of make-up are what make an actor's face so sensitive to irritants in shaving cream.

A shaving cream can be truly mild only when it's made of finest quality, pure ingredients—blended in exact proportions. Williams

is a cream like this—made with a skill that comes from over 100 years' experience. Williams is naturally easy on your face.

Soaks Whiskers Soft

Rich, easy-lathering Williams Shaving Cream soaks through the oily film that surrounds each whisker... softens toughest beards completely. It lets your razor do its work quickly and easily—helps you get smooth, clean shaves without scraping or irritation.

Your first shave with Williams will tell you why it's such a favorite with well-groomed men. Get a tube today.



SIR C. AUBREY SMITH is another distinguished actor who shaves with Williams. He says: "Removing make-up keeps my skin very tender and sensitive, so it was certainly a great pleasure to discover Williams Shaving Cream.

"It leaves my skin feeling soft and pliant —lets me shave closely with comfort."







"THE TIME FOR DECISION" (continued)

powers of the region. It would be responsible for keeping in continuous touch with all developments affecting the dependent peoples within its territory, and would have whatever authority it required to carry out the decisions of the superior agency. The regional council should sit permanently in some central place in the region where it possesses jurisdiction.

Finally, the regional council should have as many agents as it may need, who would remain permanently in each territory as observers and as advisers to the local authorities. Where present colonial powers remain as administering powers in a colony, their administrative staff should continue to act as the local administrators, but with the obligation to facilitate the duties of the representatives

of the regional council.

The administrative expenses in each region would be the first

charge upon the revenues of that territory.

In cases where dependent peoples at the close of the war will no longer be under the control of an administering power, as in the case of Korea, or where the present colonial power has proved unworthy or incompetent, the international trusteeship, through its regional councils, should undertake the administration of their affairs

The international organization, upon the advice of the international trusteeship, would determine broad policies for the welfare of dependent peoples and would decide when they are fitted to exercise partial, or complete, autonomy.

The Final Steps

During the transition period, the United Nations, through the provisional executive council, should likewise at the earliest moment install a world court to which justiciable matters could be referred. To the court would be brought international controversies or problems whose solution it would be unnecessary to refer to a political body such as the executive council itself.

The executive council should also prepare the way for the creation of a world congress in which every sovereign state may be individually represented, and in which even the defeated Axis states may have representation as soon as their period of trial has ended and they have had the opportunity to select popular

governments.

Only after a period of years, during which peace must be maintained; only after a provisional United Nations executive council and its security and armaments commission have carried out their preliminary tasks; only after a world court and a world congress are functioning, and only after the defeated Axis powers are under control and definitely on the path to regeneration, can, in my judgment, the final steps safely be taken to complete that permanent world organization which the peoples of the world are seeking.

Time is passing swiftly. The longer the United Nations fail to agree upon the measures they will jointly take in order to achieve the objectives set forth, the less likely it will be that the tragic sacrifice of life and treasure which this war has imposed upon the free peoples of the earth will ever be compensated for by a sure promise of security and peace—the only kind of compensation which we

of today can offer the generations of tomorrow.



WRLLES'S VISIT TO RIBBENTROP on 1940 European mission convinced him peace was hopeless. He found Ribbentrop rude, bigoted, Hitler polite but oratorical.



Says Major General Robert H. Mills, Director Dectal Day , Surgeon General's Office: "America's dentists-at-war are contributing a tremendom service. Their work will be of very great

benefit to the men's health long after they've

returned to their homes,"

All plinted by D. P. Aviny

Dental "Office" in the Pacific! War won't wait while a soldier travels "back to civilization" to get his teeth fixed. So the Dental Officer often does his work "up front."



dental prophylaxis treatments.

Quite a man, your dentist.

town newspaper.

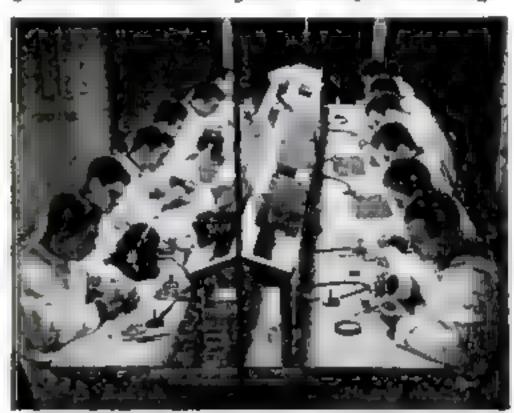
His decorations include the Distinguished

Service Cross, and the Purple Heart, and some-times, a "Killed in Action" notice in his home

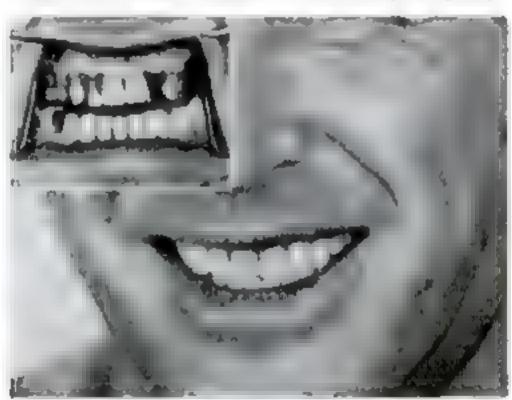
Entirgency Lit carned by Dental Officers who go wherever the battle goes, even jumping with paratroopers. Many Dental Officers have been wounded, others killed or captured. Many have been cited for bravery.



Mobile Dental Units provide front-line service for troops. As Dental Officers say: "Armies may murch on their stomachs, but they keep alive with their teeth!" So the Dental Corps goes wherever the men go ... to "keep 'em chewing."



At a Base Hospital these dental assistants are carefully preparing some of the 1,250,000 dentures so far required by Uncle Sam's soldiers. Their work is of the highest quality.



Ever Look a Soldier in the Teeth? These two views show how the Dental Corps "rebuilt" one soldier's mouth. Over 55 divisions of men have been "created" by the Dental Corps from men whose previous lack of dental attention would have disqualified them for active service.





BOMB BURST

High-speed photographs record violent details of explosions

The photograph above shows the bursting of a giant aerial bomb as it can never be seen by the unaided human eye. It records the events that take place in an interval of 1/400 of a second within the catastrophic instant of explosion. The bright streaks were traced by incandescent fragments of the bomb casing, traveling at speeds greater than 114 miles per minute, more than five times the muzzle velocity of a highpowered rifle bullet. The fragments have been hurled

150 feet from the center of the explosion and deflected upward by the earth in two symmetrical cones.

This picture was made with a special camera by Charles Wyckoff at the Army Proving Grounds, Aberdeen, Md. On page 93 an explosion is shown in a high-speed motion-picture sequence made by Mr. Wyckoff and Dr. Harold Edgerton of M.I.T. Such photographs have spurred the science of terminal ballistics in the design of more potent bombs.



In an Evacuation Hospital, this Army nurse telephones for more blood plasma quickly. Her call saves minutes that may save lives. She is helping to pay our greatest war debt-the debt we owe our wounded-by giving them every chance to live in the free world that they have suffered to win... for all of us.





2 ways to help her help our wounded

- 1. Gree year blood through the nearest of 35 Red Cross Blood Donor Centers. Your gift may save a life.
- 2. Lend your money by investing in War Bonds - to help pay for lifesaving medical supplies.



Men of the U.S. Marine Corps say letters keep up morale... Write that V-Mail letter today.

In bunks below deck, in foxholes, waiting to take off on bombing missions—these are the things he thinks about . . .

"Remember the time we taught Mary to bat?" "Sure could go for one of Mom's bean suppers!" "Is my hammock still in the orchard?"

"Little" things?... Certainly. But to him these things loom big. They stand for home... for family life. In a sense, these little things are what he is fighting for.

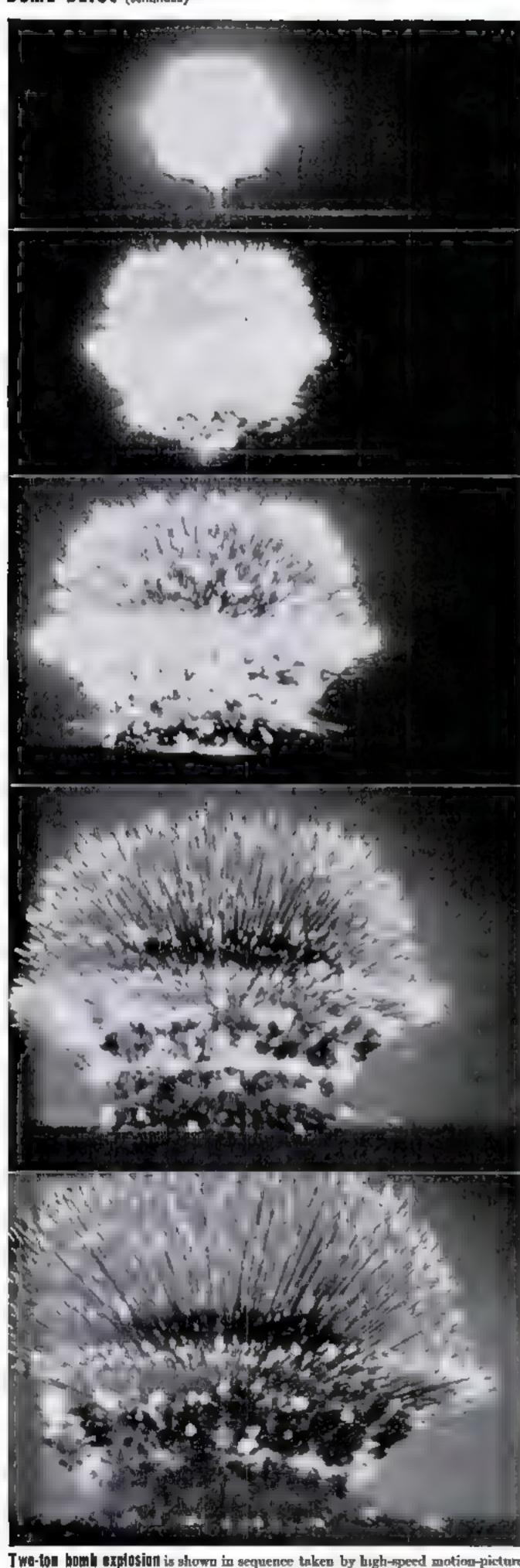
It happens that to many of us these important little things include the right to enjoy

a refreshing glass of beer. Cool, sparkling, friendly, beer is a sigh of satisfaction . . . a forehead wrinkle erased . . . a firm-set mouth relaxing into a friendly smile.

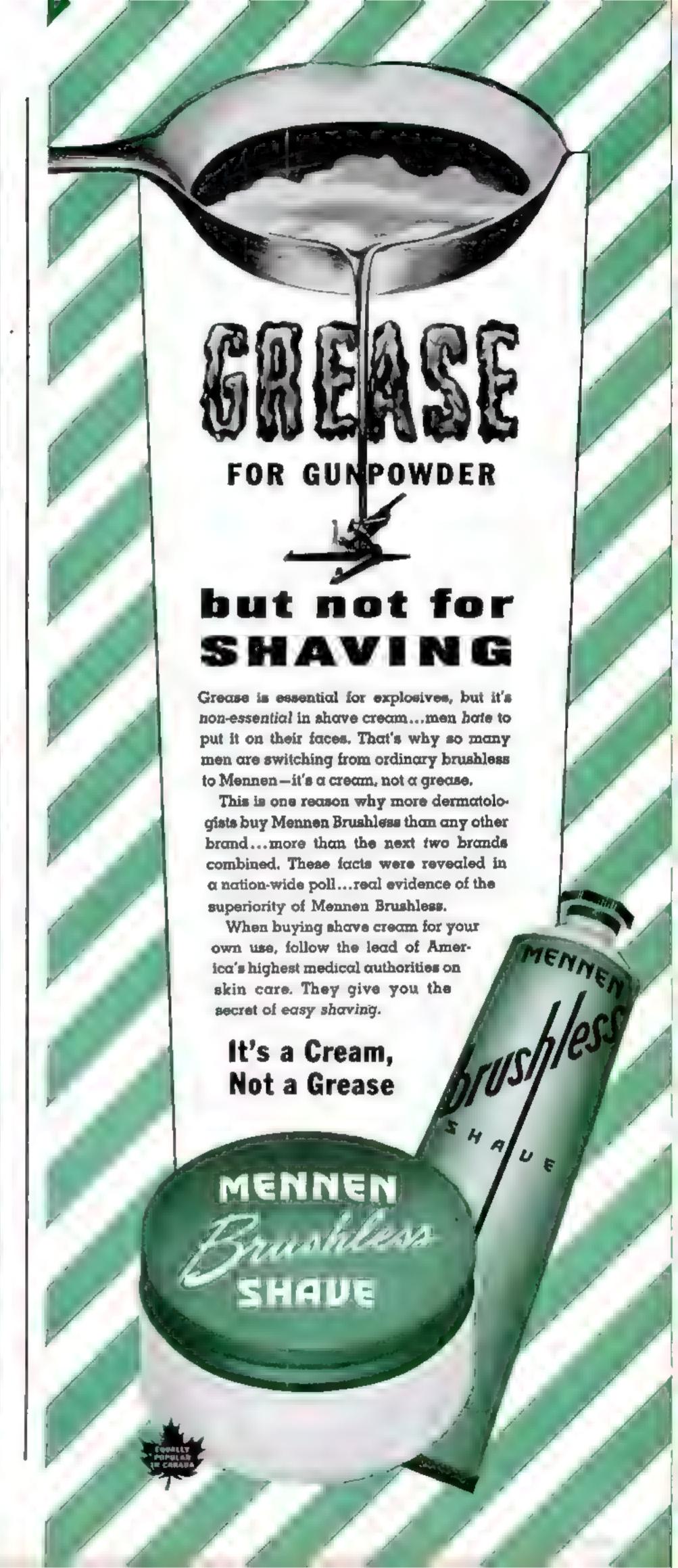
Wholesome and satisfying, how good it is —as a beverage of moderation after a hard day's work . . . with good friends . . . with a home-cooked meal.

A glass of beer or ale—not of crucial importance, surely...yet it is little things like this that help mean home to all of us, that do so much to build morale—ours and his.

Morale is a lot of little things



Two-ton bomb explosion is shown in sequence taken by high-speed motion-picture camera, Bomb was hung 20 feet above ground. At first spherical in shape, explosion is distorted by ground into cone of incandescent fragments traveling 150 feet into air.







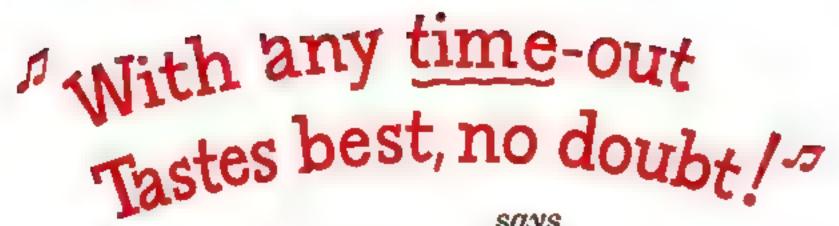
Life Visits the Lake Thore Swimming Team

Pretty members of a Chicago club spend a warm afternoon making ballet patterns in the cool water

Hery few cities in the nation can get as searingly hot in ¥Juty and August as Cliengo does. Even fewer edies. have the many swimming facilities of Clarago, which in addition to its wide lake front has more than 40 outdoor swinning pools. All summer long Chicago becomes one vast city of bathers trying to beat the heat.

The sportive young girls demonstrating their waterbul et formations on these pages are all members of Chicago's Lake Shore Swimming Team which is one of the best teams in U.S. Its impressive list of honors meludes five national and 35 local swimming and diving tities, as well as national water-bailet championship

Stars of the team are the Wisson sisters, Ialian and Jeanne see a posite page. Lilban, who is 19 years old, is captain of the team and Central A. A. U. free-sly ochampion, Jeanne, 18, holds four local titles, was runner-up for the national areast-stroke championship this year, took two more tities in an A. A. U. meet last week.



LORETTA YOUNG

"Which cola do you rate the best?" We asked Loretta in a test.

"This one," replied the famous star. Yes! Royal Crown Cola won by far!

LORETTA YOUNG

Starring soon in

"AND NOW TOMORROW"



"THE HOUR FOR DECISIVE BLOWS," Says LOBETTA YOUNG, "is near at hand. We can t afford to let down in our purchase of War Bonds any more than our fighting men can afford to lay down arms—even for a minute. So please buy more War Bonds!"

COLA COLA



"Walkover," done by Lore to Zenter, 16 is part of the linter ig a exercise all rembers of the term have the large latter they some proches guide water

Eallel learn my take the tempeter which have a system to be feet in land. But it is as the pool. Men bers of back to a are grace in from high limit I see





"Handstand" is practiced by Florence Bros with a little help from Shirley Swank. This is not part of the ballet routine but is practiced to give girls balance and poise.

Barbara Fisher, Patricia Jonas, Veryl Wellington, Anna Bock, Lillian Wilson, Shir-ley Swank, Adeline Potter. They have decided to call this formation a "Caldron."



By all means try this Mew Face-Do

Used by many of loveliest actresses!



Instantly Spreads Youthfully Glowing Beauty Film Over Face and Neck

Would you like an exciting, flattering new 'FACE-DO'? Then use beautifying ANGELUS Make-Up by The House of Louis Philippe!

Ancelus Make-Up is famous for its high quality. It instantly spreads a fascinating youthful coloring over your face and neck—it expertly helps hide tiny wrinkles, blemishes, freekles and circles under the eyes. Doesn't dry the skin. Choose one of its five glorious shades and "do over" a dult drab complexion into a vision of glowing loveliness.



Stunning Leg-Allure!

ANGELUS Make-Up has an exquisitely fine texture. Notice how it spreads on so evenly and gives such a stunning sheer nylon-like effect. Water-resistant. Won't spot. And so economical! You get Two FULL OUNCES for only 97¢. At all cosmetic counters.

THE HOUSE OF

Louis Philippe

ANGELUS LIPSTICK-ROUGE-FACE POUDRE-CREMES-MAKE-UP



Do something with them... or they'll do something to you!

That 16 billion dollars' worth of factories you now own can make or break your plans for tomorrow.

Those factories of yours are now turning out ships, planes, tanks, jeeps, and builds at a funous rate. They were built with your money; they represent a quarter of the whole present-day industrial plant of the U.S.

But when the war is over and we no longer need engines of destruction . . . what are you going to do with all your war plants them?

Wil. they be put promptly to peacetime use?

Will they go on providing jobs for millions of workers and help save America from another tragedy of unemployment?

Will they pour out a flood of better homes, better cars, better trains, better gadgets, better food, better clothing, better tools, better machines that will give a brand-new, world-wide meaning to "the American standard of dying"?

Or will they stand allent and empty for months and years—while the country alides again into depression and unemployment, and maybe you yourself start reading the want ads?

"Of course," you say, "the thing to do is to keep these plants going." For everybody wants to keep the national income somewhere near the pleasant level where it is now—to keep all the people at work who want to work.

But this is not going to be accomplished by wishing. There is an awful lot of headscratching to be done.

The wrong way out, says almost everyone, would be for the Government to take over and run these plants.

Nobody wants or expects the government to go into the automobile business, or the washing machine business, or the thumb tack and paper clip business.

No one doubts that most of the plants should be burned back to the people (management and work-ers)—back to private industry.

That isn't going to be quite as easy as it sounds.

For example, if the Government decides to sell the plants, what would a fair price be?

Many of the plants were built at inflated wartime costs. Some had to be built with substitute material,

Others were planned efficiently for making military products like tanks and ammunition, and are inefficiently planned for making the gentler prodacts of peace.

Some experts doubt whether their true value will be even 20 cents on the dollar when the war is over. Should the Government hold out to get all its costs back? Should it accept any price that is offered, just to get the plant converted promptly? Or is there some module ground that would be fairer to everyone?

If the Government should sell the plants outright, their purchase might require so many millions or billions that only the greatest corporations could afford to bid them in.

Would it be better if the Government were to lease them instead, as Henry Wallace suggests, making the preservation of free competition in industry almost as important an objective as getting a good rental?

If we are to avoid a tragic period of unemployment after the war, questions like these must be decided now, before peace comes.

Bernard Baruch has offered some principles to guide you. But it is you—and the people you select to represent you in Government—who must really tackle these knotty problems right now and settle them for good or bad.

Whether it be for good or bad will depend to a great extent on the thought and knowledge that you bring to the settling.

This is one of the great national problems that needs reading and studying and discussing, not by just a handful of experts, but by all the people.

now and in the coming years, is for the sovereign people to make up their minds and speak them out. To do so, citizens must keep themselves informed. So, in advertisements like this, TIME is seeking to encourage wide thinking and reading not only of the newspapers and TIME, but also of books and periodicals that argue the casewand advance the causes that are in the news.

For TIME's own future is unalterably linked to a U.S. citizenry deeply concerned about public affairs—to a nation insistent upon seeking the truth and learning from recorded experience.



The weekly NEWSMAGAZINE



Time for America's Mindpower

PICTURES TO THE EDITORS

HAND-PAINTED TIES

Blan

The expensive silk shirt of World War I has given way in this war to the hand-painted tie, some examples of which are shown in these pictures. They show everything from pastoral scenes to volup-

tuous nudes, with the nudes in greatest demand. The prices range from \$2.50 through \$250.00

RICHARD WILKES
Los Angeles, Calif.



ACTOR EDWARD HALL EMPHASIZES HIS TIE DESIGN BY FORMING SMOKE HINGS



OIL PAINTING ON RAYON SILK, SLOE

DYE PAINTING ON PURE SILK 712, 57.50

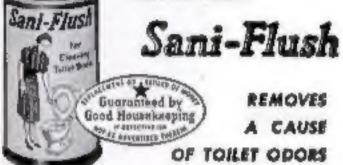


IN GOOD HOUSEKEEPING

It's never too soon to learn that toilet bowls should be immaculate, and that Sani-Flush makes them gleaming white the quick, easy, sanitary way. Use Sani-Flush at least twice a week to remove unsightly stains and discolorations without scrubbing.

Sani-Flush is not like ordinary soaps and cleansers. It works chemically even cleans the hidden trap. Cleans away many recurring toilet germs and a cause of toilet odors. No messy scrubbing or special disinfectants. Safe with septic tanks and in toilet connections. (See directions on the can.) Sold

everywhere-in two convenient sizes.



REMOVES

OF TOILET OPORS

A CAUSE

SAFE-IN SEPTIC TANKS!

Don't scrub toilet bowls just because you fear trouble with your septic tank. Eminent research authorities have proven how easy and safe Sani-Flush is for toilet canitation with ceptic tanks. Bend for a free copy of their scientific report. Simply write The Hygienic Products Co., Dept. O-1, Canton, Ohio.

And On Contact Kills Germs That Cause It!



If you're discouraged about a mean, hard to relieve case of Athlete's Footjust try Extra Strength ZEMO. The first applications relieve that intense itching soreness between cracked peeling toos and on contact actually kill the vicious germs that most commonly cause and spread Athlete's Foot.

Zemo is a Doctor's wonderful soothing yet powerfully medicated liquid backed by 35 years' success. The first trial of Zemo convinces! At all drugstores.

HOTE: Also Fine for ZEMO

Buy still MORE war bonds

PICTURES TO THE EDITORS CONTINUED



DYE PAINTING ON RAYON TIE, \$4.56





"He's my pin up boy, too!"

"That's a famous boy you're pinning up, Sally. He's the Fisk Boy.

"Lots of things will change in this topsy-turvy world as you grow up-but you can always depend on him. Take it from your Dad, when it comes to tires, he stands for the tops."

When you're eligible for new tires treat yourself to Fishs. You'll find there is no better, safer tire built today than those identified by America's best loved trademark.

But eligible or not, the Fisk Boy is ready to help you. These are days when every tire must be made to deliver the last possible mile of service. Have your tires checked regularly by the friendly, experienced dealer identified by the Fisk Boy. Helping get most miles from your tires—that's his business.

And he's good at it.

Division of United States Rubber Company CHICOPEE FALLS, MASSACHUSETTS

Makers of the famous Safety Stripe tread



BARBASOL FACES COMPETE FOR HER ATTENTION

YES, GIRLS everywhere can see how wonderfully true this is: more men with handsome Barbasol Faces compete for their attention, for the simple reason that more men shave with Barbasol than any other brand. Because Barbasol is the genuine thing - the brushless shaving cream supreme for softening whiskers and soothing skin.





ITS POPULARITY is global! That's Barbasol's reputation with men who face every kind of weather from the hottest to the coldest in the world. Barbasol is more than a faster, finer, cleaner shave, it is truly skin-protective. Try Barbasol and see. In tubes and jars. Large size 25¢, giant size 50¢, family size 75¢.

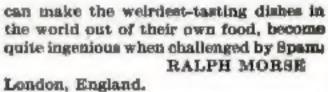


PICTURES TO THE EDITORS

SPAMOUFLAGE

Sirs:

Like all of London's homeless war correspondents I have found that no matter what I order in a restaurant I always get camouflaged Spam. I offer these juicy close-ups to prove that the British, who





Spam à la Grecque is mixed with garlie, bread crumbs and herbs, then fried in oil.



Spam Chop Suey is fried and added to mixed vegetables, cooked five minutes.



Vol an Vent, pseudo-French, is a pastry filled with Spam and smeared with sauce.



Spam in the Hole is British recipe: fill big potato dumpling with sliced Spam.



American Schnitzel Garni recipe: mix in bread crumbs, bind with egg, fry in oil.



Spam Réformé is sliced and served in Algerian wine sauce with green vegetables.



Chaudiroid de Volaille Yorkaise is Spam ambushed in a potato salad and greens.



Plain Spam is served at Francati's restaurant. It is bolstered with bit of jelly.

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Tense Moment at Barranca



1 "At Barrancabermeja, 'way up Colombia's Magdalena River," writes an oil-man friend of Canadian Club, "I was warned by my boss about the not-always-friendly blowgun Indians.



2 "But with the planes of Avianca, Colombian associate of Pan American Airways landing here on a regular schedule, Barranca seemed as civilized as the province of British Columbia. And it was easy to forget danger, for—



3 "This new field fairly bubbles with oil (you'll hear plenty about it when the war's all over!). In all the excitement of discovery, I put the Indian blowgunners and their poisoned darts completely out of my mind. Until one day...





6 "And a rare celebration it was...
a toast to my luck in Canadian Club,
from a bottle flown down to the boss from
the precious wartime supply at Bogotá."
Once the war is over, it will be even
easier than now to travel to Latin America. There you will find Canadian Club
once more available for toasting
the "good neighbors" you will meet.

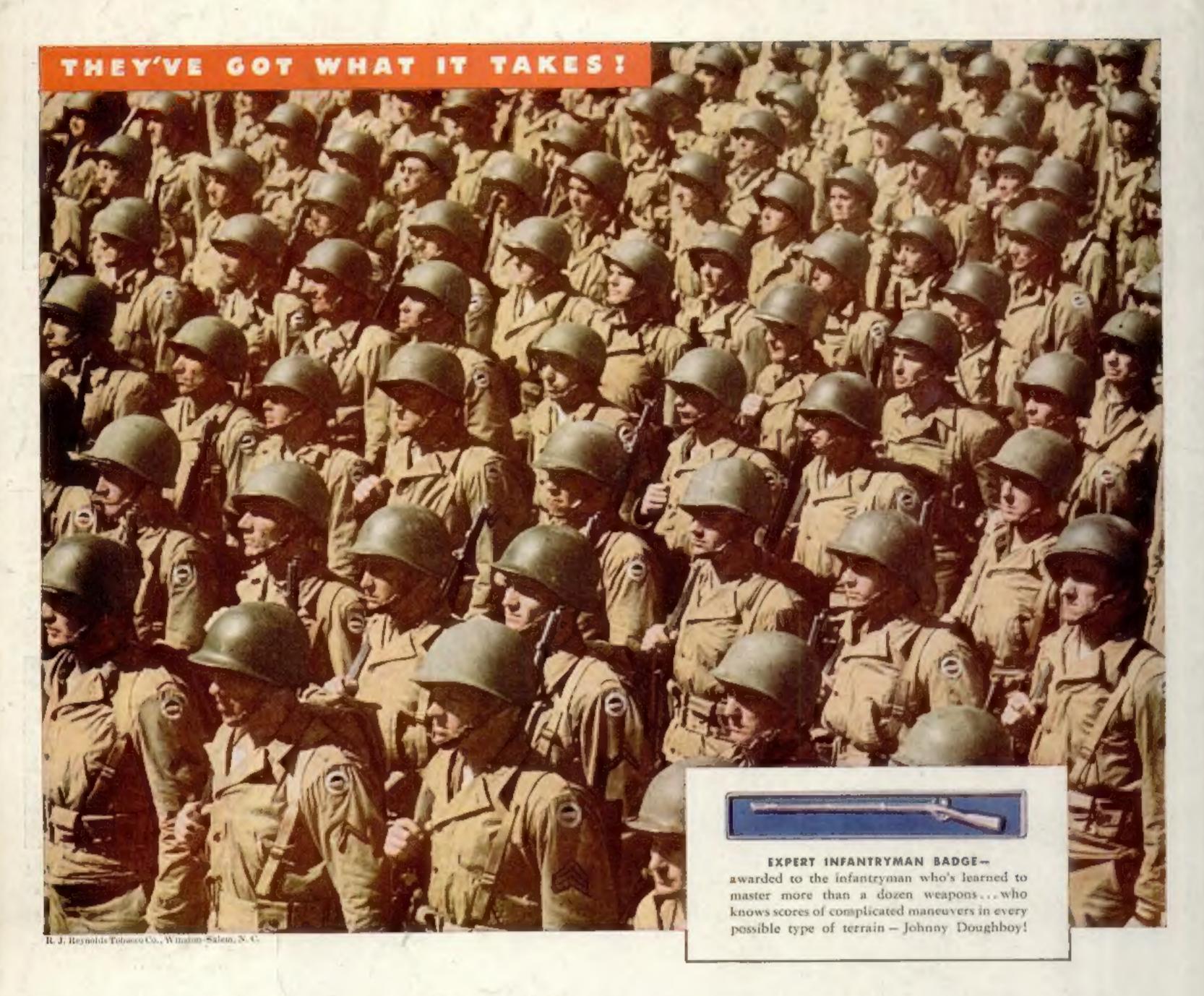
Right now, the distillery is concentrating on war alcohol; so Canadian Club is scarce on occasion.

- Also, railways must give war materials and food the right of way, and you may sometimes find your dealer out of stock.
- Many fans are voluntarily "rationing themselves" by making two bottles go the length of three.

IN 87 LANDS NO OTHER WHISKY TASTES LIKE



Distilled and bottled at Wolferville, Canada. Imported by Hirom Walker & Sons Inc., Peoria, III. Elended Canadian Whisky. 90.4 proof



Meet Johnny Doughboy_EXPERT INFANTRYMAN!



H... he's trained as a specialist in dozens of jobs...

And as Johnny Doughboy marches along, you can see by the look in his eye, the set of his chin, that he's plenty proud to be part of Uncle Sam's mightiest fighting team-the U.S. Infantry! Mostly, he's thinking about the job ahead ... but sometimes, perhaps during a halt when eigarettes are lighted, he'll be thinking those long, pleasant thoughts of home... for as Johnny Doughboy tells it, those Camels he carries with him are "just like a taste of home."

Yes, Johnny's favorite is Camel, the mild, cool-smoking cigarette with that famous "I'd walk a mile" flavor.

The favorite cigarette with men in the Army, Navy, Marines, and Coast Guard is Camel. (Based on actual sales records.)